CARBON COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

CARBON COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

		<u>PAGE</u>
OPINION	Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
MD&A	Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-11
BASIC FINA	NCIAL STATEMENTS	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
EXHIBIT I	Statement of Net Assets	12-13
EXHIBIT 2	Statement of Activities	14
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
EXHIBIT 3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
EXHIBIT 4	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	16
EXHIBIT 5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17
EXHIBIT 6	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
EXHIBIT 7	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	19-23
EXHIBIT 8	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Southeastern Utah District Health Department	24
EXHIBIT 9	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Municipal Services Fund	25

CARBON COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

		<u>PAGE</u>
BASIC FINAN	CIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)	
	Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
EXHIBIT 10	Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	26
EXHIBIT 11	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	27
EXHIBIT 12	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	28-29
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
EXHIBIT 13	Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	30
	Component Unit Fund Financial Statements:	
EXHIBIT 14	Statement of Net Assets - Component Units	31
EXHIBIT 15	Statement of Activities - Component Units	32
	Notes to the Financial Statements	33-66
SUPPLEMENT	TARY INFORMATION	
• . •	Combining Fund Statements and Schedules:	
SCHEDULE 1	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	67
SCHEDULE 2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	68
SCHEDULE 3	Combining Statement of Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	69
SCHEDULE 4	Schedule of Current Taxes Levied, Collected and Treasurer's Relief	70
SCHEDULE 5	Schedule of Contract Revenues/Expenditures - Southeastern Utah District Health Department	71-75

CARBON COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

		PAGE
SUPPLEMENT	AL STATE COMPLIANCE	
	Auditors' Report on State Compliance for State Grants	76-78
SCHEDULE 6	Schedule of Transient Room Tax Expenditures	79
	EPORTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES ACCORDING TO T ACT AND GOVERNMENT AUDIT STANDARDS	
	Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	÷
	Government Auditing Standards	80-81
	Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with	
	OMB Circular A-133	82-83
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	84-88
SCHEDULE 7	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	89-92
,	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	93
	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	94

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SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
294 East 100 South
Price, Utah 84501
Phone (435) 637-1203 • FAX (435) 637-8708

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County, as of December 31, 2008, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statement as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Carbon County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County as of December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Southeastern Utah District Health Department Fund, and Municipal Services Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 18, 2009 on our consideration of Carbon County's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 10 are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedules and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. These financial statements and schedules are also the responsibility of the management of the County. Such additional information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING MUIN, Rich & MARSING

Price, Utah

July 18, 2009

CARBON COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

This discussion of Carbon County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ending December 31, 2008. This report is in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

The purpose of the County is to provide general services to its residents, which includes general government, public safety, public health, highways and public improvements, park and recreation, and economic development. Additional services provided to residents in the unincorporated areas include road maintenance and fire control.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Carbon County exceeded its liabilities as of December 31, 2008 by \$105,795,079 (net assets). Of this amount, \$12,221,517 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the governments' ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$9,709,278. The expenditures were less than the adopted budgeted amounts and the revenues were more than the budgeted amounts.
- At the close of the current year, the Carbon County governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,973,066, an increase of \$4,267,883 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 86 percent of this total amount, \$12,818,398 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$9,726,207, or approximately 93.9 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- Carbon County's total debt increased significantly during the current year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. Government-wide financial statements consist of the following: the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Fund financial statements, for governmental activities, tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. This report also contains notes and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Carbon County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of Carbon County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Carbon County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing revenues and expenditures of the County and how the government's net assets changed during the most recent year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Carbon County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of Carbon County include general government, public safety, public health, highways and public improvements, parks and recreation, and economic development. The business-type activities of Carbon County are the Carbon County Municipal Building Authority and the County Court Complex.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Carbon County itself (known as the primary government), but also two legally separate special service districts, the Scofield Special Service District and the Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District, for which Carbon County is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Carbon County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Carbon County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Fund financial statements (Continued)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Carbon County maintains fifteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, municipal services fund, Southeastern Utah District Health, tax stability - permanent fund, and capital projects all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other ten governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Carbon County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

- Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Carbon County uses an enterprise fund to account for its County Court Complex and Municipal Building Authority operations.
- Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Carbon County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.
- The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are part of the basic financial statements.
- Other information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this
 report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Carbon County. The
 combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds is
 presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide financial analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Carbon County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$105,794,079 at December 31, 2008.

By far the largest portion of Carbon County's net assets (86.4 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Carbon County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Carbon County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1 Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2008	Business-Type Activities 2007	Business-Type Activities 2008	Total Primary Government 2007	Total Primary Government 2008
Current and other assets	\$ 12,714,411	\$ 16,333,407	\$ 44,399	\$ 593,406	\$ 12,758,810	\$ 16,926,813
Capital assets	69,741,943	69,789,823	\$ 32,095,147	\$ 39,098,534	\$ 114,595,900	108,294,951 \$ 125,221,764
Total assets	\$ 82,456,354	\$ 86,123,230	\$ 32,139,340	\$ 39,096,334	3 114,393,900	\$ 125,221,704
Long-term debt outstanding	\$ 729,039	\$ 739,028	\$ 14,485,947	\$ 15,167,527	\$ 15,214,986	\$ 15,906,555
Other liabilities	2,032,366	1,384,413	1,262,748	2,135,717	3,295,114	3,520,130
Total liabilities	\$ 2,761,405	\$ 2,123,441	\$ 15,748,695	\$ 17,303,244	\$ 18,510,100	\$ 19,426,685
Net assets:						
Investment in capital assets,	· ·		1,		•	
net of debt	\$ 69,610,730	\$ 69,026,723	\$ 16,909,911	\$ 22,391,171	\$ 86,520,641	\$ 91,417,894
Restricted	3,364,494	2,154,668			3,364,494	2,154,668
Unrestricted (Deficit)	6,719,725	12,818,398	(519,060)	(596,881)	6,200,665	12,221,517
Total net assets	\$ 79,694,949	\$ 83,999,789	\$ 16,390,851	\$ 21,794,290	\$ 96,085,800	\$ 105,794,079

A portion of Carbon County's net assets (2.03 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets \$12,221,517 may be used to meet the government's on going obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the year, Carbon County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Government-wide financial analysis (Continued)

Governmental activities increased Carbon County's net assets by \$4,954,212. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Table 2
Change in Net Assets

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities		otal overnment
	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008
Revenues	2007					
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 7,242,926	\$ 7,583,503	\$ 398,785	\$ 903,089	\$ 7,641,711	\$ 8,486,592
Operating grants and cont.	3,883,154	4,057,146	•	•	3,883,154	4,057,146
Capital grants and cont.	2,858,793	2,080,222	4,615,774	4,842,074	7,474,567	6,922,296
General Revenues:	,					
Property taxes	6,286,522	6,708,635			6,286,522	6,708,635
Sales taxes	2,324,945	2,210,640			2,324,945	2,210,640
Other general revenues	6,168,533	7,635,824	231,349	107,280	6,399,882	7,743,104
Total revenues	\$ 28,764,873	\$ 30,275,970	\$ 5,245,908	\$ 5,852,443	\$ 34,010,781	\$ 36,128,413
10 Th						
Program expenses						
General government	\$ 4,779,018	\$ 5,278,929			\$ 4,779,018	\$ 5,278,929
Public safety	5,920,672	6,900,043			5,920,672	6,900,043
Public health	4,232,955	4,278,032			4,232,955	4,278,032
Highways and public improve.	7,488,902	6,878,982			7,488,902	6,878,982
Parks and recreation	483,140	1,295,724			483,140	1,295,724
Conservation & Econ. Dev.	984,515	584,557			984,515	584,557
Contributions and Misc.	130,549	.105,491	\$ 87,839	· ···	218,388	105,491
MBA			525,801	\$ 987,298	525,801	987,298
County Court Complex			88,315	110,079	88,315	110,079
Total expenses	\$ 24,019,751	\$ 25,321,758	\$ 701,955	\$ 1,097,377	\$ 24,721,706	\$ 26,419,135
Excess (deficiency) before transfers Transfers	\$ 4,745,122	\$ 4,954,212	\$ 4,543,953	\$ 4,755,066	\$ 9,289,075	\$ 9,709,278
Change in net assets	\$ 4,745,122	\$ 4,954,212	\$ 4,543,953	\$ 4,755,066	\$ 9,289,075	\$ 9,709,278
Net assets - beginning Prior period adjustment	\$ 74,949,827	\$ 79,694,949 (649,373)	\$ 11,846,898	\$ 16,390,851 649,373	\$ 86,796,725	\$ 96,085,800
Net assets - ending	79,694,949	83,999,788	16,390,851	21,145,917	96,085,800	105,795,078
Change in net assets	\$ 4,745,122	\$ 4,304,839	\$ 4,543,953	\$ 4,755,066	\$ 9,289,075	\$ 9,709,278

Government-wide financial analysis (Continued)

For 2008 Carbon County experienced negative growth totaling \$172,429,912 as reported to the State Tax Commission on form TC 714. This decrease in growth is due to the value of centrally assessed property falling from \$1,496,247,404 in 2007 to \$1,296,683,410 in 2008. This represents a \$172,497,912 drop in property values by the largest value property holders in Carbon County. Certified tax rates had to increase to offset this decrease in centrally assessed values, which would yield General Fund property tax revenues constant for the County in 2009 as compared to 2008.

Business-type activities increased Carbon County's net assets by \$4,755,066. Key elements of this increase are shown in Table 2 Change in Net Assets.

As noted earlier, Carbon County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds -The focus of Carbon County's governmental funds is to provide
information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such
information is useful in assessing Carbon County's financing requirements. In particular
unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available
for spending at the end of the year.

At the end of the year, Carbon County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,973,066, which is an increase of \$4,267,883 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately, 85 percent or \$12,818,398 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The general fund is the chief operating fund of Carbon County. At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$9,726,207.

• Proprietary funds - Carbon County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total unrestricted net assets of the proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to \$(596,881) deficit.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Changes from the original budget to the final are outlined below:

			Change
<u>Function</u>	Original	Final	Inc. (Dec.)
General Government	\$ 5,298,651	\$ 5,698,851	\$ 400,200
Public Safety	2,858,562	3,093,562	235,000
Public Health	232,290	234,290	2,000
Highway and Public Improvements	1,322,907	1,342,907	20,000
Parks, recreation and public property	265,532	275,532	10,000
Conservation and Economic Development	246,825	246,825	
Contributions and miscellaneous	288,987	288,987	
Net	•		\$ 667,200
·			

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Carbon County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2008, amounts to \$69,789,823 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, rights of way, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, and infrastructure, which includes roads, highways, and bridges. The total increase in Carbon County's capital assets for the current year was \$47,880.

Table 3
Capital Assets at Year-end
(Net of Depreciation)

					To	otal
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Primary G	overnment
	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008
Right of ways	\$ 1,361,829	\$ 1,361,829			\$ 1,361,829	\$ 1,361,829
Land	1,290,228	1,290,228	\$ 367,492	\$ 367,492	1,657,720	1,657,720
Buildings	1,680,490	1,726,789	25,708,445	28,220,144	27,388,935	29,946,933
Improvements other						
than buildings	6,990,864	9,531,835			6,990,864	9,531,835
Machinery and equipment	6,685,001	6,905,920	810,886	745,170	7,495,887	7,651,090
Infrastructure	51,587,531	48,827,222	5,208,324	9,172,323	56,795,855	57,999,545
Water stock	146,000	146,000			. 146,000	146,000
				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	\$ 69,741,943	\$ 69,789,823	\$ 32,095,147	\$ 38,505,129	\$ 101,837,090	\$ 108,294,952

Additional information on Carbon County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term debt

As presented in the schedule below, the total long-term debt of Carbon County was \$16,835,005, which included revenue bonds, capital leases and compensated absences.

Additional information on Carbon County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt at Year-End

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-Ty	pe Activities		overnment
	************	2007		2008	2007	2008	2007	2008
Revenue Bonds					\$ 15,185,236	\$ 16,071,905	\$ 15,185,236	\$ 16,071,905
Capital Leases	\$	123,138	\$	108,075			123,138	108,075
Compensated Absences		620,964		655,025		***************************************	620,964	655,025
	\$	744,102	\$	- 763,100	\$ 15,185,236	\$ 16,071,905	\$ 15,929,338	\$ 16,835,005

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate for Carbon County in 2008 was 4.3%, and increase of 0.5% from 2007. This is higher than the state's average unemployment rate of 3.4% but lower than the national average of 7.2%. Employment in Carbon County has risen from 9,532 jobs in January 2008 to 9,659 jobs in May 2009. Population in Carbon County hit a low point in 2005 of 19,205 and has shown a slight increase every year closing in 2007 at 19,634. Population in Carbon County dropped slightly for 2008 closing in at 19,549.

The value of new construction decreased from \$19,634,990 in 2007 to \$16,550,971 in 2008. This represents a 15.7% decrease from the previous year. This decrease is largely due to a slump in residential and commercial construction. The completion of the Carbon County Salt and Equipment buildings, the Carbon County Search and Rescue building, the Carbon County Expo Center and the Carbon County Public Safety Annex were responsible for over 50% of the \$16,550,997.

The value of centrally assessed property in Carbon County decreased nearly \$200 million in 2008. This was almost totally responsible for the negative New Growth of \$172,429,912.

Coal mining and oil and gas production remained relatively constant for 2008 and helped hold the negative growth figure to the \$172 million. All of these factors were considered in preparing Carbon County's budget for the 2009 year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Carbon County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Carbon County Clerk-Auditor, 120 East Main, Price, Utah, 84501.

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

•	***************************************	PRIM	<i>M</i> ARY	GOVERNA	ŒNT			
		GOVERN- MENTAL CTIVITIES		JSINESS- TYPE CTIVITIES		TOTAL	CC	OMPONENT UNITS
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,363,479	\$	485,330	\$	9,848,809	\$	8,703,496
Restricted - Cash and cash equivalents		3,600,034				3,600,034		3,595,559
Taxes receivable		334,549				334,549		
Other receivables		1,316,583		108,076		1,424,659		2,033,873
Due from other funds		1,333,622				1,333,622		
Inventory of supplies		7,257				7,257		
Prepaid expenses		377,883				377,883		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):								•
Land		1,290,228		367,492		1,657,720		1,421,614
Rights-of-way		1,361,829				1,361,829		
Water stock		146,000				146,000		110,000
Buildings		1,726,789	:	28,220,144		29,946,933		95,713
Improvements other than buildings		9,531,835				9,531,835		1,341,838
Fixtures and equipment		6,905,920		745,170		7,651,090		388,989
Infrastructure		48,827,222		9,172,322		57,999,544	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total assets	\$	86,123,230	\$	39,098,534	_\$_	125,221,764	\$	17,691,082
LIABILITIES								
			4.		•			
Accounts payable	\$	633,711	\$	16,183	\$	649,894		
Accrued payroll		258,926	•			258,926	ds	(2)
Accrued liabilities		215,601				215,601	\$	620
Deferred revenue		5,760				5,760		
Due to other funds		246,343		1,087,279		1,333,622		
Cash deficit				86,825		86,825		** # C C
Bond interest payable				41,052		41,052		57,765
Capital leases payable - Due within one year		24,072				24,072		
Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year				904,378		904,378		1,060,232
Capital leases payable - Due in more than one year		84,003				84,003		0.000.100
Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year				15,167,527		15,167,527		2,582,625
Compensated absences		655,025		······································		655,025		
Total liabilities	\$	2,123,441	\$	17,303,244	\$	19,426,685	\$	3,701,242

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	 PRII	MARY GOVERNM	IENT		
	GOVERN- MENTAL CTIVITIES	BUSINESS- TYPE ACTIVITIES	***************************************	TOTAL	 OMPONENT UNITS
<u>NET ASSETS</u>					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 69,026,723	\$ 22,433,223	\$	91,459,946	\$ 3,310,856
Restricted for:					
Economic development	781,306			781,306	
Municipal services	1,461,283			1,461,283	
Health care	481,808			481,808	
Landfill	26,618			26,618	
Capital projects	(596,347)			(596,347)	3,084,798
Debt service					3,595,559
Unrestricted	 12,818,398	(637,933)		12,180,465	 3,998,627
Total net assets	\$ 83,999,789	\$ 21,795,290	\$	105,795,079	\$ 13,989,840

The second secon

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

			PROGRAM REVENUES	NUES		NET (F	XPENSE	REVENUE & C	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE & CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	r ASSE7	ZS.
			OPERATING	CAPITAL		a.	RIMARY	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			
		CHARGES	GRANTS	GRANTS	1	GOVERNMENTAL	BB	BUSINESS-TYPE		, ,	COMPONENTS
Function/Programs	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS	1	ACTIVITIES	- 1	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL		UNITS
Primary government: Governmental activities:									e.		
General government	\$ 5,278,929	\$ 249,606	\$ 18,523		S	(5,010,800)	2.5		\$ (5,010,800)	~ ~	
Public satety Hohwavs and public improvements	6,878,982	4 147 073	1.014.396	\$ 2.08	2,080,222	362,709	÷ ~		362,709	_	,
Public health	4,278,032	945,275	2,495,799			(836,958)	≈		(836,958)	_	
Parks and recreation	1,295,724	287,714	;			(1,008,010)	e :		(1,008,010)	~ .	
Conservation and economic development Contributions and miscellaneous	105,491		54,987		1	(105,491)	 	***************************************	(105,491)	~ ~l	
Total governmental activities	\$ 25,321,758	\$ 7,583,503	\$ 4,057,146	\$ 2,08	2,080,222 S	(11,600,887)	s 7		\$ (11,600,887)	~ 1	
Business-type activities: Municipal Building Authority County Court Complex	\$ 906,245	\$ 723,315		\$ 4,84	4,842,074		W	4,659,144	\$ 4,659,144	· .	
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,016,324	\$ 903,089	\$	\$ 4,84	4,842,074 \$	ryper en	8	4,728,839	\$ 4,728,839	i	
Total primary government	\$ 26,338,082	\$ 8,486,592	\$ 4,057,146	\$ 6,92	6,922,296 \$	(11,600,887)	s (4,728,839	\$ (6,872,048)	~1	
Component Units: Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District Scoffeld Reservoir Special Service District					•					s,	3,068,346
Total component units	\$	s	\$	8	» 		ا ا		; es	ام ا	3,052,792
	General revenues										
	Property taxes				S	6,708,635	ю.		\$ 6,708,635		
	Federal PIL1 Sales taxes					2,210,640	• 0		2,210,640		
	Miscellaneous taxes	taxes				345,264	4		345,264		
	Grants and con	tributions not re	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific program	ram		490,681		000 501	490,681		
	Unrestricted in Royalties	Unrestricted investment earnings Rovalties	£.			185,435	,	007,101	185,435		
	Gain/(Loss) on	Gain/(Loss) on sale of fixed assets	ets			(218,783)	8		(218,783)	~	
•	Miscellaneous Mineral recents monies	ao incom a				285,003	w t-		285,003		
	Interest expense	e illomos			1		.	(81,053)	(81,053)		
	Total general	Total general revonues and transfers	ansfers		S	16,555,099	8	26,227	\$ 16,581,326	\$>	***************************************
	Change in net assets	net assets			φ,	4,954,212	2 S	4,755,066	\$ 9,709,278	S	3,052,792
	Net assets - beginning Prior period adjustment	nning ustment				79,694,949	ه چ	16,390,851 649,373	96,085,800	_	10,898,738
	Net assets - ending	80			\ \sigma	83	\$ 8	21,795,290	\$ 105,795,078	69	13,989,840

"The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		9,363,479 3,600,034	334,549	1,333,622 7,257 377,883	16,333,407		633,711	215,601	246,343 5,760	1,360,341		<u>.</u> ~	781,306 26,618	481,808	9,726,207	2,056,205	14,973,066	\$ 16,333,407
١		64			۰ <u>۰</u>		49		1	69	4	A				. !	φş	S
OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		1,052,627	33,949		1,086,576		. 19,567	51,023	***************************************	50,590					1.035.986	NA-WARRAN WARRANT ST. ST. ST. ST. ST. ST. ST. ST. ST. ST	1,035,986	1,086,576
<u>ق</u>		69		***************************************	<u>ا</u> م		so '			57					6 4	·	69	S.
CAPITAL			86,790	***************************************	86,790		436,794		246,343	683,137		(596,347)					(596,347)	86,790
C #4			6/3]	S		S			65		G,					S	8
TAX		\$ 2,056,205		İ	\$ 2,056,205				***************************************							\$ 2,056,205	\$ 2,056,205	\$ 2,056,205
MUNICIPAL		1,285,800	24,472		\$ 1,562,030		3 27,156	67,831	5,760	100,747		1,461,283					1,461,283	\$ 1,562,030
·-		en '		. 1			69			60	,	А		-		- I	امه ا د	
SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH		\$. 261,428	369,327	7,257	\$ 638,012		\$ 113,677	42,527		\$ 156,204				\$ 481,808			\$ 481,808	\$ 638,012
AL.			2 8	2 2	11			5 25		1			90		7.	ì		
GENERAL		\$ 4,707,419 3,600,034	310,077 574,759	1,333,622	\$ 10,903,794		\$ 36,517	105,243	and the second	\$ 369,663			\$ 781,306	•	9,726,207		\$ 10,534,131	\$ 10,903,794
			•			ANCES				4								
	ASSETS	Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net)	Taxes	Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid expenses	Total assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	Liabilities: Accòunts payable	Accrued payron Accrued liabilities	Due to other funds Deferred revenue	Total fiabilities	Fund balances: Reserved for:	Municipal services Capital projects	Economic development	Health care	Unreserved, reported in: General fund Snocial revenue funds	Permanent funds	Total fund balances	Total liabilities and fund balances

"The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

\$ 83,999,789

CARBON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Total fund balances - governmental fund types:			\$ 14,973,066
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Land	\$	1,290,228	
Rights of Way		1,361,829	
Water stock		146,000	
Buildings		1,726,789	
Improvements other than buildings		9,531,835	
Fixtures and equipment		6,905,920	
Infrastructure		48,827,222	
Total			69,789,823
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Capital leases payable - Due within one year	\$	(24,072)	
Capital leases payable - Due in more than one year		(84,003)	
Compensated absenses	,	(655,025)	
Total			 (763,100)

Net assets of government activities

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

TAL .	9,258,088 104,833 15,368,806 2,505,470 347,480 233,483 1,448,136 1,253,356	30,519,652	5,663,794 6,948,676 4,733,113 1,753,911 667,394 105,491	26,251,769	4,267,883	1,931,575		4,267,883	10,705,183	14,973,066
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 9,22 16,36 15,36 2,57 2,57 14,4	\$ 30,51	\$ 5,66 6,99 4,77 1,72 66 2,00 2,00	\$ 26,2	\$ 4,20	s 1,93	8	\$ 4,24	7,01	\$ 14,9
OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	236,623 419,860 428,720 1,500 228,634	1,315,337	189,994 1,085,077 1,377,664 458,704	3,081,439	(1,766,102)	1,831,575	1,831,575	65,473	970,513	1,035,986
8	us.	so.	vs.	S	¢A.	69	s.	64		s
CAPITAL	\$ 1,013,181	\$ 2,080,222	\$ 41,938	\$ 2,102,649	\$ (22,427)			\$ (22,427)	(573,920)	\$ (596,347)
TAX	62,190	62,190			62,190	100,000	100,000	162,190	1,894,015	\$ 2,056,205
1	ب	8]	8	8	ا م ا م	8	8		8
MUNICIPAL	\$ 1,228,963 66,191 6,051,720 168,117 379,595	\$ 7,909,019	\$ 412,866 3,715,088 3,412,941 77,727	\$ 7,618,602	\$ 290,417	\$ (1,700,000)	\$ (1,700,000)	\$ (1,409,583)	2,870,866	\$ 1,461,283
SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH	2,254,223 750,474 8,553 13,491	3,026,741	3,085,975	3,085,975	(59,234)		***************************************	(59,234)	541,042	481,808
nos	٠,	s	w	s	S		S	643		S
GENERAL	\$ 7,792,502 38,642 5,629,822 1,158,159 347,480 162,740	\$ 16,126,143	\$ 5,250,928 3,043,614 1,320,172 237,627 256,582 148,690	\$ 10,363,104	\$ 5,763,039	\$ 1,700,000 (1,931,575)	\$ (231,575)	\$ 5,531,464	5,002,667	\$ 10,534,131
	REVENUES: Taxes Licenses and permits litergovernmental revenues Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Interest income Commibutions Miscellaneous	Total revenues	EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and public improvements Public health Parks, recreation, and public property Conservation and economic development Capital outlay Contributions and miscellaneous	Total expenditures	Excess revenues over (under) cxpenditures	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	Total other financing sources (uses)	Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	FUND BALANCES - beginning of year	FUND BALANCES - end of year

"The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CHANGES RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 4,267,883

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

General government	\$ 506,852
Public safety	360,874
Public health	130,864
Highways	2,082,728
Parks and recreation	1,314,029
Conservation	32,187
Total assets shown as expenditures	\$ 4,427,534
Less: depreciation	(3,511,354)
Difference between expenditure and depreciation	916,180
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets	
(i.e., sales, trade ins, and donation) is to decrease net assets.	(218,928)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provide current financial	
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of	
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.	
Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the	
net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	23,138
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of	
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in	
governmental funds. (Compensated absences).	(34,061)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 4,954,212

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	BUDGET AMOUNTS						VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
		RIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL MOUNTS		VORABLE AVORABLE)	
REVENUES				•				•	
Taxes:									
General property taxes - current year	\$	4,615,000	\$	4,615,000	\$	4,692,551	\$	77,551	
General property taxes - assessing & collecting		855,000		855,000		847,162		(7,838)	
Prior year taxes - delinquent		80,000		80,000		141,665		61,665	
General sales and use taxes		950,000		950,000		1,054,636		104,636	
Fees in lieu of taxes		475,000		475,000		717,676		242,676	
Franchise taxes		35,000		35,000		24,353		(10,647)	
Restaurant tax		210,000		210,000		313,974		103,974	
Miscellaneous taxes		3,000		3,000		485	viiineen maarin	(2,515)	
Total taxes	\$	7,223,000	\$	7,223,000		7,792,502	\$	569,502	
Licenses and Permits:		. 4							
Business licenses and permits	\$	39,000	\$	39,000	\$	36,411	\$	(2,589)	
Non-business licenses and permits		3,000		3,000		2,231		(769)	
Total licenses and permits	\$	42,000	\$	42,000	\$_	38,642	\$	(3,358)	
Intergovernmental Revenues:									
Federal sources -									
Children's Justice	\$.	318,000	\$	318,000	\$	55,435	\$	(262,565)	
Victim's Rights		41,000		41,000		30,970		(10,030)	
Forest Reserve				<u> </u>		7,006		7,006	
Total federal sources	_\$_	359,000	\$	359,000		93,411	\$	(265,589)	
State sources -									
Payment in lieu of tax	\$	95,000	\$	95,000	\$	6,451	\$	(88,549)	
Jail reimbursements		120,000		120,000		154,650		34,650	
EMS Grant		40,000		40,000		50,080		10,080	
Mineral reserve funds		5,000		5,000		5,306,707		5,301,707	
Miscellaneous		32,327		32,327		18,523		(13,804)	
Total state sources	\$	292,327	\$	292,327	\$	5,536,411	\$	5,244,084	
Total intergovernmental revenues	_\$_	651,327	\$	651,327	\$	5,629,822	\$	4,978,495	

CARBON COUNTY GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
		BUDGET	AMO	UNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE		
	_ 0	RIGINAL		FINAL		MOUNTS		AVORABLE)	
Charges for Services:									
General government -									
Recorder fees	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	111,394	\$	11,394	
Auditor fees	•	16,000	•	16,000		13,387		(2,613)	
Miscellaneous		8,500		8,500		3,207		(5,293)	
***************************************						·····			
Total general government	\$	124,500	\$	124,500		127,988	\$	3,488	
Public safety -							_		
Jail fees	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	16,485	\$	12,485	
Court costs and fees	anure tatanna	78,000		78,000		75,712		(2,288)	
Total public safety		82,000	\$	82,000		92,197	\$	10,197	
Other charges for services -									
Parks and public property	\$	22,000	\$	22,000	\$	17,329	\$	(4,671)	
Ambulance fees		710,000		710,000		919,986		209,986	
G.I.S. fees		1,000		1,000		659		(341)	
Total other charges for services	\$	733,000	\$	733,000		937,974	\$	204,974	
Total charges for services		939,500	\$	939,500	\$	1,158,159	\$	218,659	
Fines and Forfeitures:								,	
Fines	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$	347,480	\$	(2,520)	
	Ф.	250.000	•	250,000	σ	247 400	\$	(2.520)	
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	350,000		350,000	\$	347,480	<u> </u>	(2,520)	
Miscellaneous Revenues:							_		
Interest '	\$	170,000	\$	170,000	\$	162,740	\$	(7,260)	
Rents and concessions		49,110		49,110		49,830		720	
Royalties		120,000		120,000		185,435		65,435	
Sale of fixed assets		10,000		10,000		145		(9,855)	
Airport fees and fuel sales		273,800		273,800		308,821		35,021	
Tippage fees - ECDC		25,000		25,000		84,994		59,994	
Sale of materials and supplies	•	7,000		7,000		13,701		6,701	
CJC network		17,000		17,000		184,107		167,107	
Miscéllaneous	***********	50,000		50,000		169,765		119,765	
Total miscellaneous revenues		721,910	\$	721,910		1,159,538	\$	437,628	
Total Revenues	\$	9,927,737	\$	9,927,737	\$	16,126,143	\$	6,198,406	

CARBON COUNTY GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	BUDGET AMOUNTS						VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS		FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government:									
Commission	\$	295,320	\$	305,320	\$	281,756	\$	23,564	
Justice court		302,350		302,350		290,548		11,802	
District court		7,000		7,000		1,866		5,134	
Public defender		244,000		314,000		301,054		12,946	
Personel		164,890		174,890		161,579		13,311	
Clerk/Auditor		278,835		278,835		268,387		10,448	
Treasurer		133,825		133,825		126,668		7,157	
Recorder		224,610		234,610		224,148		10,462	
Attorney		587,290		587,290		559,932		27,358	
Assessor		390,370		390,370		377,488		12,882	
Non-Departmental		580,000		580,000		537,950		42,050	
Data processing		694,560		694,560		598,240		96,320	
Law library		2,000		2,200		2,238		(38)	
Central purchasing		10,000		20,000		2,268		17,732	
Micro filming		18,925		18,925		163		18,762	
Central mailing		32,000		32,000		26,583		5,417	
Communications		144,740		149,740		138,082		11,658	
Attorney - Childrens Justice		328,056		328,056		312,290		15,766	
Building and grounds		137,800		387,800		371,872		15,928	
Engineering		281,085		281,085		253,246	•	27,839	
Safety		92,150		92,150		83,144		9,006	
Elections		67,000		67,000		29,334		37,666	
Graphical information service		198,840		223,840		215,718		8,122	
Industrial park		83,005		93,005	*********	86,374		6,631	
Total general government	\$	5,298,651	\$	5,698,851		5,250,928	\$	447,923	
Public Safety:						•			
Victims rights	\$	41,622	\$	21,622	\$	6,489	\$	15,133	
Dispatch		175,000		210,000		206,300		3,700	
Ambulance service		829,785		1,029,785		1,028,061		1,724	
Jail complex		1,812,155		1,832,155		1,802,764		29,391 ·	
Total public safety	\$	2,858,562	\$	3,093,562	\$	3,043,614	\$	49,948	

CARBON COUNTY GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

•	BUDGET AMOUNTS				IANCE WITH AL BUDGET			
		ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL MOUNTS	FA	VORABLE FAVORABLE)
Public Health:								
Indigent	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$	6,000	\$	500
Public health		124,660		126,660		126,268		392
Mental health		101,130		101,130		105,359		(4,229)
Total public health	\$	232,290	\$	234,290	\$	237,627	\$	(3,337)
Highways and Public Improvements:								
Landfill	\$	458,455	\$	458,455	\$	391,545	\$	66,910
Maintenance and abatement		464,745		484,745		483,739		1,006
Airport		399,707		399,707		444,888		(45,181)
Total highways and public improvements	\$	1,322,907	\$	1,342,907	\$	1,320,172	\$	22,735
Parks, Recreation and Public Property	.,,			y en se				
Recreation - Television	.\$	151,320	\$	161,320	\$	161,270	\$	50
Library		114,212		114,212		95,312		18,900
Total parks, recreation and public property	\$	265,532	\$	275,532	\$	256,582	\$	18,950
Conservation and Economic Development:		•						
Agriculture and extension services	\$	61,825	\$	61,825	\$	57,380	\$	4,445
Water development		50,000		50,000		58,753		(8,753)
Economic development - restaurant tax		135,000		135,000		32,557	-	102,443
Total conservation and economic development	\$	246,825	\$	246,825		148,690	\$	98,135
Contributions and Miscellaneous:	•	÷						
Contributions to other governmental agencies	\$	244,542	\$	244,542	\$	60,886	\$	183,656
Miscellaneous		44,445		44,445		44,605		(160)
Total contributions and miscellaneous	\$	288,987	\$	288,987	\$	105,491	\$	183,496
Total expenditures	\$	10,513,754	\$	11,180,954	\$	10,363,104	\$	817,850
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(586,017)	\$	(1,253,217)	\$	5,763,039	\$	5,380,556
·	-							

CARBON COUNTY GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	BUDGET AMOUNTS							IANCE WITH AL BUDGET	
		ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	1,700,000	\$	1,700,000	\$	1,700,000			
Prior year surplus		817,592		•					
Transfers out		(1,931,575)		(1,931,575)		(1,931,575)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	586,017	\$	(231,575)	_\$	(231,575)	\$	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses					\$	5,531,464	\$	5,531,464	
Fund balance - beginning of year					********	5,002,667		5,002,667	
Fund balance - end of year	\$		\$		\$	10,534,131	\$	10,534,131	

CARBON COUNTY SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH DEPARTMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	BUDGET A	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental				
Federal, State and Local funds	\$ 3,103,408	\$ 3,103,408	\$ 2,254,223	\$ (849,185)
Total Intergovernmental	\$ 3,103,408	\$ 3,103,408	\$ 2,254,223	\$ (849,185)
Charges for services				
Charges for services	\$ 755,875	\$ 755,875	\$ 750,474	\$ (5,401)
Total Charges for services	\$ 755,875	\$ 755,875	\$ 750,474	\$ (5,401)
Miscellaneous			:	
Miscellaneous	\$ 9,500	\$ 9,500	\$ 13,491	\$ 3,991
Investment earnings	***************************************		8,553	8,553
Total miscellaneous	\$ 9,500	\$ 9,500	\$ 22,044	\$ 12,544
Total Revenues	\$ 3,868,783	\$ 3,868,783	\$ 3,026,741	\$ (842,042)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:			A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	ф дра 000
Public health	\$ 3,868,783	\$ 3,868,783	\$ 3,085,975	\$ 782,808
Total public health	\$ 3,868,783	\$ 3,868,783	\$ 3,085,975	\$ 782,808
Total expenditures	\$ 3,868,783	\$ 3,868,783	\$ 3,085,975	\$ 782,808
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	:		\$ (59,234)	\$ (59,234)
Fund balance - beginning of year	***************************************		541,042	541,042
Fund balance - end of year	\$	\$	\$ 481,808	\$ 481,808

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY MUNICIPAL SERVICES FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	MONANTANA	BUDGET A	MO	UNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE		
		RIGINAL		FINAL	AMOUNTS		(UNFAVORABLE)		
REVENUES:		•		·					
Taxes	\$	1,188,500	\$	1,188,500	\$	1,228,963	\$	40,463	
Licenses and permits	-	102,000	-	102,000	·	66,191		(35,809)	
Intergovernmental		5,717,500		5,717,500		6,051,720		334,220	
Charges for services		144,000		144,000		168,117		24,117	
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,000		14,433		2,433	
Contributions other agencies						379,595		379,595	
Contributions - surplus		1,158,728		2,240,728				(2,240,728)	
Total Revenues	\$	8,322,728	\$	9,404,728	_\$	7,909,019	\$	(1,495,709)	
EXPENDITURES:									
General government	\$	309,115	. \$	416,115	\$	412,866	\$	3,249	
Public safety		3,676,738		4,046,738		3,715,068		331,670	
Parks, recreation and public property		96,195		96,195		77,727		18,468	
Highways and public improvements		2,540,680		3,145,680		3,412,941	-,,	(267,261)	
Total expenditures	\$	6,622,728	_\$_	7,704,728	\$	7,618,602	\$	86,126	
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	\$	1,700,000		1,700,000	\$	290,417	\$	(1,409,583)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Operating transfers out	_\$	(1,700,000)	\$	(1,700,000)	\$	(1,700,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(1,700,000)	\$	(1,700,000)	\$	(1,700,000)	\$	***	
Excess of revenue and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses					\$	(1,409,583)	\$	(1,409,583)	
Fund balance - beginning of year			\$	991,325		2,870,866	***************************************	1,879,541	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	•••	\$	991,325	\$	1,461,283	\$	469,958	

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -

		· E	ENTE	RPRISE FUNDS	S	
	N	IUNICIPAL	(COUNTY		
	1	BUILDING		COURT		TOTAL
	A	UTHORITY	C	OMPLEX		BTAs
ASSETS	•					
Current assets:						40 % 000
Cash			\$	485,330	\$	485,330
Receivables - net	_					
Miscellaneous		108,076	***********			108,076
Total current assets		108,076	\$	485,330	_\$	593,406
Noncurrent assets:						
Land	\$	169,492	\$	198,000	\$	367,492
Roads		9,383,845				9,383,845
Buildings		30,299,198		1,576,152		31,875,350
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		952,214		255,558		1,207,772
Less: accumulated depreciation		(3,355,512)	***************************************	(973,819)		(4,329,331)
Total noncurrent assets	\$	37,449,237	\$	1,055,891	\$	38,505,128
Total assets	\$	37,557,313	\$	1,541,221	\$	39,098,534

LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						•
Accounts payable	\$	16,167	\$	16	\$	16,183
Deferred rents				86,825		86,825
Due to other funds		1,087,279				1,087,279
Accrued interest payable		41,052				41,052
Total current liabilities	\$	1,144,498	\$	86,841	\$	1,231,339
Noncurrent liabilities:				•	•	
Revenue bonds payable	\$	16,071,905			<u>\$</u>	16,071,905
Total noncurrent liabilities		16,071,905		1.45	\$	16,071,905
Total liabilities	\$	17,216,403	\$	86,841	\$	17,303,244
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	21,336,280	\$	1,055,891	\$	22,392,171
Unrestricted (Deficit)	•	(995,390)		398,489		(596,901)
Total net assets	\$	20,340,890	\$	1,454,380	\$	21,795,270
			***********	·····		

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS

		. E	NTER	PRISE FUND	S	
	M	UNICIPAL	(COUNTY	,	
	F	BUILDING		COURT		TOTAL
		UTHORITY		OMPLEX		BTAs
						~~~~
Operating revenues:						
Rental income	\$	723,315	\$	179,774	\$	903,089
					<del></del>	
Total operating revenues	\$	723,315	\$	179,774	\$	903,089
total operating for ottage	- 4/	720,010	Ψ	********		700,007
Operating expenses:						٠
Utilities			\$	33,332	\$	33,332
Repairs and maintenance			Ψ	23,329	Φ	23,329
· ·	٠	006.245				
Depreciation	\$	906,245		53,418		959,663
Total anapating aynonges	\$	006 245	\$	110.070	\$	1.016.224
Total operating expenses		906,245	<u> </u>	110,079	<u> </u>	1,016,324
Operating income (loss)	\$	(182,930)	\$	69,695	\$	(112 225)
Operating income (loss)	<u></u>	(162,930)	Ф	09,093	ф_	(113,235)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Interest revenue	\$	107,280			\$	107,280
	Ψ				ψ	
Interest expense		(81,053)				(81,053)
Contributions from other agencies		2,369,410				2,369,410
Grants	·	2,472,664				2,472,664
	ds.	. 0 . 0 . 0 . 1	•	-		100000
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		4,868,301	\$		\$	4,868,301
Income (loss) before contributions	•			60.60#	٨	1 MM M 0 C C
and transfers	\$	4,685,371	\$	69,695	\$	4,755,066
Transfers:						
Transfers in (out)						
Total tuonofono in (out)	\$		\$		\$	
Total transfers in (out)	<u> </u>	* * *	Þ	* * *	3	* * *
Chairea la natacasta	\$	4,685,371	\$	69,695	\$	4,755,066
Change in net assets	Þ	4,063,371	Φ	09,093	3	4,733,000
Total net assets - beginning	•	15,006,166		1,384,685		16,390,851
				1,504,005		
Prior period adjustment		649,373	***************************************			649,373
Total net assets - ending	\$	20,340,910	\$	1,454,380	\$	21,795,290
Total net assets - ording	ψ	20,270,210	<b>υ</b>		Ψ.	21917J947V

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

### CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -**

·	ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	, MUNICIPAL BUILDING		C	OUNTY		
			COURT COMPLEX			TOTAL
		UTHORITY			BTA's	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		•	•			
Receipts from customers	\$	746,452	\$	179,774	\$	926,226
Payments to suppliers				(56,644)		(56,644)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		746,452	\$	123,130	\$	869,582
Cash Flows From Capital and Related						
Financing Activities:						
Purchase of capital assets	\$	(7,136,916)			\$	(7,136,916)
Principal paid on capital debt		(1,146,331)				(1,146,331)
Interest paid on capital debt		(83,824)				(83,824)
Contributions from other agencies		2,369,410				2,369,410
Proceeds from bonds issued		2,033,000				2,033,000
Grants		2,472,664				2,472,664
Loans from other funds		1,087,279				1,087,279
Net cash provided (used) by capital and						
related financing activities	\$	(404,718)	\$	***	\$	(404,718)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:						
Interest and dividends received	\$	107,280				107,280
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$	107,280	\$	* * *	\$	107,280
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	449,014	\$	123,130	\$	572,144
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	***************************************	(449,014)	****	362,200		(86,814)
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	_\$_	***	\$	485,330	\$	485,330

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

### CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -**

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
•	MUNICIPAL		С	OUNTY		
	BUILDING		COURT		TOTAL	
	AUTHORITY		COMPLEX		BTA's	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(182,930)	\$	69,695	\$	(113,235)
Adjustments to reconcile operating						
income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by						
operating activities:						
Depreciation expense	\$	906,245	\$	53,418	\$	959,663
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable				17		17
Increase (Decrease in accounts receivable		23,137	······		-	23,137
m e to the end	ф	000 202	er er	E2 42E	e.	000 017
Total adjustments	\$	929,382	\$	53,435	\$	982,817
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	746,452	\$	123,130	\$	869,582

# CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

		 AGENCY FUNDS	
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash		\$ 2,427,326	
Receivables (net):			
Taxes		46,514	
Miscellaneous		 22,619	
Total assets		\$ 2,496,459	
LIABILITIES			
Precinct fees, bail and bonds payable		\$ 55,916	
Accounts payable	•	787	
Due to other governments and agencies		330,296	
Due taxing units		2,087,728	
Alimony support and miscellaneous		 1,732	
Total liabilities		\$ 2,476,459	

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

### CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS COMPONENT UNITS DECEMBER 31, 2008

		SCOFIELD RESERVIOR SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT	REC TRAN SPEC	CARBON COUNTY RECREATION & TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT		TOTAL	
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted - Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	\$	252,655	\$	8,450,841 3,595,559 2,033,873	\$	8,703,496 3,595,559 2,033,873	
Land Buildings		16,128		1,405,486 95,713 388,989		1,421,614 95,713 388,989	
Equipment Sewer systems and improvements Water stock		650,249	***************************************	691,589 110,000		1,341,838	
Total assets	. \$	919,032	\$	16,772,050	\$	17,691,082	
LIABILITIES							
Accrued liabilites Bond interest payable Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year	\$	334 9,673 37,625	\$	620 57,431 1,050,559 2,545,000	\$	620 57,765 1,060,232 2,582,625	
Total liabilities	_\$_	47,632	\$	3,653,610		3,701,242	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Capital projects Debt Service	\$	619,079	\$	2,691,777 3,084,798 3,595,559	\$	3,310,856 3,084,798 3,595,559	
Unrestricted		252,321		3,746,306		3,998,627	
Total net assets	\$	871,400	\$	13,118,440	\$	13,989,840	

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

### CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE &

			CHANGES IN NET ASSETS			
		PROGRAM SCOFIELD		CARBON COUNTY		
		REVENUES RESERVOIR		RECREATION &		
		CHARGES SPECIAL		TRANSPORTATION		
	FOR		SERVICE	SERVICE SPECIAL SERVICE		
Function/Programs	EXPENSES SERVICES		DISTRICT	DISTRICT	TOTAL	
Governmental activities:  Carbon County Recreation & Transportation  Special Service District						
Highways and public improvements Parks, recreation and public improvements Intergovernmental Interest on long term liabilities	\$ 3,593,922 919,078 3,808,423 146,584	\$ 578,613		\$ (3,015,309) (919,078) (3,808,423) (146,584)	\$ (3,015,309) (919,078) (3,808,423) (146,584)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 8,468,007	\$ 578,613	\$	\$ (7,889,394)	\$ (7,889,394)	
Business-type activities: Scofield Reservoir Special Service District	water the same of		\$ (15,554)		\$ (15,554)	
Total business-type activities	\$	\$	\$ (15,554)	\$	\$ (15,554)	
Total component units	\$ 8,468,007	\$ 578,613	\$ (15,554)	\$ (7,889,394)	\$ (7,904,948)	
General revenues: Mineral lease revenue Investment earnings State PILT Other revenue and lossess	·			\$ 10,527,825 340,767 94,923 (5,775)	\$ 10,527,825 340,767 94,923 (5,775)	
Total general revenues and transfers			\$	\$ 10,957,740	\$ 10,957,740	
	Change in ne	t assets	\$ (15,554)	\$ 3,068,346	\$ 3,052,792	
	Net assets - beginn Prior period adju		886,954	10,011,784 38,310	10,898,738 38,310	
	Net assets - ending		\$ 871,400	\$ 13,118,440	\$ 13,989,840	

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

# CARBON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of Carbon County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. Certain significant changes in the Statement include the following:

• The financial statements include:

A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) providing an analysis of the County's overall financial position and results of operations.

Financial statements prepared using full-accrual accounting for all the County's activities.

• A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including the notes to financial statements).

## A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Carbon County has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards and commissions. The County has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on the County.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units. The component units are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County. Complete financial statements of the individual component units, which issued separate financial statements, as noted below, can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

The following County districts had separately issued financial statements and were audited or had financial statements compiled or reviewed by other independent auditors:

# A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

<u>Price River Water Improvement District and Carbon Water Conservancy District</u> - The water conservancy districts were created for the conservation and development of the water and land resources of Utah and for the greatest beneficial use of water within the state. Water conservancy districts are created under the "Water Conservancy Act". The Districts' were audited or had financial statements compiled or reviewed by other independent auditors and issued under separate cover.

# **Blended Component Units**

These component units are entities, which are legally separate from the County, but are so intertwined with the County that they are, in substance, the same as the County. They are reported as part of the County and blended into the appropriate funds.

<u>Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County</u> - The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County was created by the County Commission as a body politic and corporate for the purpose of financing, owning, leasing, or operating facilities to meet the needs of the County government. It is comprised of a governing body that has been appointed by the County Commission and may be removed and replaced at any time by its discretion.

Southeastern Utah District Health - State law allows the creation of multi-county health departments. Local health departments are responsible within their boundaries for providing, directly or indirectly, basic public health services. The County Commissioner within the boundaries of the health district appoints the health district board.

## **Discrete Component Units**

These component units are entities which are legally separate from the County, but are financially accountable to the County, or whose relationships with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Component Units columns of the combined financial statements include the financial data of these entities.

## Scofield Reservoir Special Service District

The District was created by the Carbon County Commission under state statute. It has a seven-member board. It's primary purpose and function is to provide a waste disposal system for the residence in and around Scofield Reservoir.

## Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District

The District was created by the adoption of a resolution establishing a service district. The District has been established as a separate body politic and corporate. The County appointed the District's governing board. The District was created for the purpose of providing services for recreation, transportation, garbage, fire protection, dispatch and animal control, within the District's boundaries. The District was audited and their report has been issued under separate cover.

# B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Accounting

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Direct expenses can include certain indirect costs (administrative overhead charges) that are automatically allocated to the various functions. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, component funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The remaining governmental and enterprise funds are combined into a single column and reported as other (non-major) funds.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental-wide Financial Statements -The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider has been met. The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statement, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt of the County are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than an expenditure in the government-wide financial statements.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means that amounts can be reasonably determined within the current period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Exceptions to this general rule include accumulated unpaid compensated absences and principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund The General Fund accounts for all activities not accounted for by other funds of the County. The principal source of revenue for this fund is property taxes.
- Southeastern Utah District Health Fund The Southeastern Utah District Health Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures used to provide basic public health services.
- Municipal Services Fund The Municipal Services Fund accounts for monies received by the County for the purpose of providing municipal type services for the unincorporated areas of the County.
- Tax Stability Fund This fund accounts for the monies, which are transferred from other funds to be used for emergency situations.
- Capital Projects Fund The Capital Projects fund accounts for funds received from contributions, transfers and debt proceeds. These funds are then used for capital expenditures on the County.

The County's non-major governmental funds include other special revenue funds. The non-major special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures, for specified purposes.

<u>Proprietary Fund Financial Statements</u> – The financial statements of the proprietary funds are reported similar to the government-wide financial statements in that they both use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing goods and services relating to the primary operations of the proprietary fund. Other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

# C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The county reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Municipal Building Authority The Municipal Building Authority Fund accounts for the resource for the financing, owning, leasing and operating of facilities to meet the needs of the County government.
- County Court Complex This fund accounts for the activity of owning and renting the court building to the State of Utah.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other organizations or individuals. These statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Agency Funds – Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an
agent for other governments, private organizations, or individuals. Agency Funds are
custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of
operations.

Private-Sector Standards of Accounting and Financial Reporting – Relative to both the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, the County applies all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989, to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The County has elected not to follow private-sector guidance subsequent to that date.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – Interfund transactions represent transactions between different funds within the County. In general, interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in an effort to minimize the doubling-up of revenues and expenditures resulting from such transactions. Interfund services provided and used between different functional categories, however, have not been eliminated from the government-wide financial statement so as not to distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the various functions concerned.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities are reported at the net amount in the government-wide statement of activities. Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the government-wide statement of net assets.

# C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

<u>Program Revenues/Operating Revenues and Expenses From Non-Operating Items</u> — Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for fees, rental, material, supplies, or services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

# D. Budgetary Data

Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for all governmental funds and on the accrual basis for proprietary funds. Budgets are not adopted for the agency fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. A formal budget is adopted for all funds, which require a budget: all general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, permanent funds and enterprise funds. The budget is a complete financial plan, which identifies all estimated revenues and all appropriations for expenditure for the year. The budget must balance, that is estimated revenues and other financing sources must equal appropriated expenditures.
- 2. By November 1, the County Auditor submits to the Board of County Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year for all funds beginning January 1.
- 3. The Board of County Commissioners discusses and approves the budget and sets a date for a public hearing on the proposed budget.
- 4. A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments and the budget is adopted.
- 5. The Commission can transfer budgeted amounts between line items or departments by resolution, but any action that increases the total general fund budget must be approved by resolution only after a public hearing. (The budgets of other funds may be increased after giving public notice).

## E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and investment management in the County is administered by the County Treasurer in accordance with the Utah Money Management Act, Section 51-7 of the Utah code. The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, including investments in the Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF).

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Statements of cash flow are presented for proprietary funds under the direct method.

# F. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are accounted for under the consumption method where inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

# G. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, but unused, vacation and sick pay benefits. An estimate of sick leave liability and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds and reported as a liability.

Employees can carry over up to 192 hours of unused vacation from one year to the next. Hours that exceed the 192 hours are lost if unused. Employees can carry over unlimited hours of unused sick leave from one year to the next. Employees will only be paid for unused sick leave upon termination or retirement, at a rate of 4 to 1.

Accrued unpaid vacation pay and other employee benefit amounts, which vest to the employee in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities total \$655,025.

# H. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

## I. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, rights of ways, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure (roads and bridges). These assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements in the relevant column on the Statement of Net Assets under governmental or business activities. Proprietary fund capital assets are also reported in the appropriate fund statements. Capital assets acquired by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. The capitalization threshold for personal property is defined to be assets with a useful life of at least one year and costing at least \$5,000. Assets purchased or constructed are generally recorded at cost. If precise cost is not available (as was the case with certain infrastructure), the asset is recorded at estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

When constructing capital assets, interest expense incurred relating to governmental or proprietary activities is not capitalized.

# I. <u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations for proprietary funds and is charged to the various functional expenses or business-type activities in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund and government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful live are as follows:

Buildings	20-50 years
Improvements	15-40 years
Equipment	5-10 years
Infrastructure, (bridges)	20-50 years

# J. Net Assets/Fund Balances

The difference between assets and liabilities is "Net Assets" on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and "Fund Balance" on the governmental fund financial statements. Net assets are divided into invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted, and unrestricted. Net assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed upon them by external parties or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as reserved, unreserved designated, or unreserved undesignated. Reserves represent those portions of fund balance not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

# 2. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2008 was as follows:

Primary Government Governmental activities:	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Rights of Way Water stock	\$ 1,290,228 1,361,829 146,000	,		\$ 1,290,228 1,361,829 146,000
Total capital assets not not being depreciated	\$ 2,798,057	\$	\$	\$ 2,798,057
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure (Roads & Bridges)	\$ 4,067,456 12,135,201 14,368,406 122,358,380	\$ 132,080 2,929,259 1,366,195	\$ (10,000) (65,036) (345,957) (834,661)	\$ 4,189,536 14,999,424 15,388,644 121,523,719
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$152,929,443	\$ 4,427,534	\$(1,255,654)	\$156,101,323
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure (Roads & Bridges)	\$ 2,386,966 5,144,337 7,683,405 70,770,849	\$ 85,781 388,288 1,111,637 1,925,648	\$ (10,000) (65,036) (312,318)	\$ 2,462,747 5,467,589 8,482,724 72,696,497
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 85,985,557	\$ 3,511,354	\$ (387,354)	\$ 89,109,557
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 66,943,886	\$ 916,180	\$ (868,300)	\$ 66,991,766
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 69,741,943	\$ 916,180	\$ (868,300)	\$ 69,789,823

# 2. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	BEGINNING BALANCE \$ 367,492	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUST.	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE \$ 367,492
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 367,492	\$	\$	\$	\$ 367,492
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Roads Machinery and equipment	\$ 28,623,228 5,260,933 1,209,324	654,762	\$ 3,252,122 3,468,150	\$ (1,552)	\$ 31,875,350 9,383,845 1,207,772
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 35,093,485	\$ 654,762	\$ 6,720,272	\$ (1,552)	\$ 42,466,967
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Roads Machinery and equipment	\$ 2,914,782 52,609 398,439	\$ (74) 5,917 (454)	\$ 740,497 152,996 66,170	\$ (1,551)	\$ 3,655,205 211,522 462,604
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,365,830	\$ 5,389	\$ 959,663	\$ (1,551)	\$ 4,329,331
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 31,727,655	\$ 649,373	\$ 5,760,609	<u>\$</u>	\$ 38,137,636
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 32,095,147	\$ 649,373	\$ 5,760,609	\$	\$ 38,505,128
Depreciation expense was charged to functions Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public Health Highways and public improvements Parks and recreation Conservation and economic development	s/programs of the p	orimary governme	ent as follows:	\$ 116,682 302,779 73,171 2,804,321 207,340 7,061	
Total depreciation expense - government	al activities	•	and the figure of	\$ 3,511,354	
Business-type activities: County Court Complex Municipal building authority  Total depreciation expense - Business-T	ype Activities			\$ 53,418 906,245 \$ 959,663	
Total depreciation expense	•	·		\$ 4,471,017	

# 2. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Component units:	EGINNING ALANCE	INC	CREASES	DEC	CREASES		ENDING ALANCE
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Water stock	\$ 1,421,614 110,000					\$	1,421,614 110,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,531,614	\$	•••	_\$_	***	\$	1,531,614
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 141,618 2,591,671 580,239	\$	30,000 101,410	\$	(12,700)	\$	141,618 2,621,671 668,949
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 3,313,528	\$	131,410	\$	(12,700)	\$	3,432,238
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 42,364 1,201,142 233,359	\$	3,541 78,691 50,588	\$	(3,987)	\$	45,905 1,279,833 279,960
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,476,865	\$	132,820	_\$_	(3,987)	_\$_	1,605,698
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 1,836,663	_\$_	(1,410)	\$	(8,713)	\$	1,826,540
Component units capital assets, net	\$ 3,368,277	\$_	(1,410)	\$	(8,713)	\$	3,358,154

Depreciation expense was recorded as an expense for the following component units:

Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District	\$. •	100,320
Scofield Reservoir Special Service District	4	32,500
Total depreciation expense	\$	132,820

## 3. LONG-TERM DEBT

# **Primary Government**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		<u>Gove</u>	rnme	ental Act	d Activities Business-type Activit			<u>ivities</u>	
December 31,	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>Ir</u>	nterest		<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$	24,072	\$	3,783	\$	27,855	879,497	74,335	953,832
2009	Φ	25,005	Φ	2,940	Ψ	27,945	956,708	68,292	1,025,000
2011		28,992		2,065		31,057	936,927	60,185	997,112
2012		30,006		1,050		31,056	944,150	52,742	996,892
2013							950,379	45,053	995,432
2014-2018							4,488,054	113,344	4,601,398
2019-2023							3,579,000		3,579,000
2024-2028							2,732,190		2,732,190
2029-2034							405,000		405,000
2035-2039							200,000		200,000
	\$	108,075	\$	9,838	\$	117,913	\$16,071,905	\$ 413,951	\$16,485,856

**Revenue Bonds** – Revenue Bonds payable at December 31, 2008, with their outstanding balances are comprised of the following individual issues:

# **Business-type Activities:**

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY, UTAH LEASE REVENUE BOND - SERIES 1990 INTEREST RATE 3.5% PER ANNUM

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County, Utah sold \$400,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the sale were used to purchase and renovate a commercial building in Price. Southeastern Utah District Health Department has entered into a capital lease on the building. The payments will be used to retire the revenue bond.

DATE	INTEREST		INTEREST PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-10 01-01-11	\$	1,820 910	\$	26,000 27,000	.\$	27,820 27,910
	\$	2,730	\$	53,000	\$	55,730

# LEASE REVENUE BONDS - SERIES 1992A AND 1992B

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County, Utah sold \$2,600,000 and \$1,250,000 in revenue bonds during 1992. The bond proceeds will be used to purchase land and build a new public safety building and related facility. Upon completion, the entire project will be leased to Carbon County. The rental income will be used to retire the bonds.

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH LEASE REVENUE BOND - SERIES 1992A INTEREST RATE 3.5% PER ANNUM

DATE	INTEREST		PR	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
07-01-09	\$	45,885	\$	112,000	\$	157,885	
07-01-10		41,965		116,000		157,965	
07-01-11		37,905		120,000		157,905	
07-01-12	33,705			124,000		157,705	
07-01-13	29,365			128,000		157,365	
2014-2018	76,335		711,000			787,335	
	\$ 265,160		\$	1,311,000	\$	1,576,160	

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH LEASE REVENUE BOND - SERIES 1992B INTEREST RATE 3.5% PER ANNUM

DATE	INTEREST		PRINCIPAL		 TOTAL	
07-01-09	\$	22,120	\$	54,000	\$ 76,120	
07-01-10		20,230		56,000	76,230	
07-01-11		18,270		58,000	76,270	
07-01-12		16,240		60,000	76,240	
07-01-13		14,140		62,000	76,140	
2014-2018		36,715		342,000	 378,715	
	\$	127,715	\$	632,000	\$ 759,715	

# MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY, UTAH, - LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 1997 INTEREST RATE 3.0% PER ANNUM

In July 1997 the Municipal Building Authority issued Series 1997 Lease Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$425,000.00. The proceeds to be used for the restoration and renovation of the County's Senior Citizen Center referred to as the Project. The Project will be leased back to Carbon County, and the lease revenue will be used to retire the debt.

DATE	IN	INTEREST		INCIPAL	TOTAL		
02-01-09	\$	4,920	\$	31,000	\$	35,920	
02-01-10		3,990		32,000		35,990	
02-01-11		3,030		33,000		36,030	
02-01-12		2,040		34,000		36,040	
02-01-13	W. d. de la constitución de la c	1,020		34,000		35,020	
	\$	15,000	\$	164,000	\$	179,000	

# MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 1998 – INTEREST RATE 2.5% PER ANNUM

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$122,750.00 in revenue bonds in 1999. The proceeds will be used to make airport improvements. The improvements will be leased to Carbon County and the rental income will be used to retire the debt.

DATE	INTEREST		PRINCIPAL		T	TOTAL	
07-01-09	\$	1,410	\$	8,497	\$	9,907	
07-01-10		1,197		8,709		9,906	
07-01-11		980		8,927		9,907	
07-01-12	44.4	757		9,150		9,907	
07-01-13		528		9,378		9,906	
2014-2017		294		10,054		10,348	
		5,166	\$	54,715	\$	59,881	

# CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2001A (ACTIVE RE-ENTRY BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$400,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct an office building. The building will be leased to Active Re-Entry, a non-profit corporation.

DATE	INT	EREST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL		
09-01-09			\$	16,000	\$	16,000	
09-01-10				16,000		16,000	
09-01-11				16,000		16,000	
09-01-12				16,000		16,000	
09-01-13				16,000		16,000	
2014-2018		•		80,000		80,000	
2019-2023				80,000		80,000	
2024-2028				47,190		47,190	
	\$	***	\$	287,190	\$	287,190	

# <u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2001B</u> (FAIRGROUNDS BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$120,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing. The proceeds will be used to construct buildings at the Carbon County Fairgrounds. The buildings will be leased to Carbon County.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	TOTAL
09-01-09		\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
09-01-10		6,000	6,000
09-01-11		6,000	6,000
09-01-12		6,000	6,000
09-01-13		6,000	6,000
2014-2018		30,000	30,000
2019-2023		24,000	24,000
	<u> </u>	\$ 84,000	\$ 84,000

# CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006A (EMERGENCY SERVICES BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$275,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a building to house the County's emergency service agencies.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-09		\$	14,000	\$	14,000
01-01-09		Ψ	14,000	Ψ	14,000
01-01-11			14,000		14,000
01-01-12			14,000		14,000
01-01-13			14,000		14,000
2014-2018			70,000		70,000
2019-2023			70,000		70,000
2024-2028			37,000		37,000
		•			
	<u>\$</u>	\$	247,000	\$	247,000

# <u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006B</u> (<u>EMERGENCY SERVICES BUILDING</u>)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$2,166,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a building to house the County's emergency service agencies.

DATE	INTEREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-09		\$	108,000	\$	108,000	
01-01-10			108,000		108,000	
01-01-11			108,000		108,000	
01-01-12			108,000		108,000	
01-01-13			108,000		108,000	
2014-2018			540,000		540,000	
2019-2023			540,000		540,000	
2024-2028			330,000		330,000	
	\$	\$	1,950,000	\$	1,950,000	

# CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006C (ROAD AND MAINTENANCE BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$1,525,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a new road and maintenance building to house the County's road shop and abatement functions.

DATE	INTEREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL
	100	. *	Programme Programme		
01-01-09		\$	61,000	\$	61,000
01-01-10			61,000		61,000
01-01-11			61,000		61,000
01-01-12			61,000		61,000
01-01-13			61,000		61,000
2014-2018			305,000		305,000
2019-2023			305,000		305,000
2024-2028			305,000		305,000
2029-2031	<u> </u>		183,000		183,000
	\$	\$	1,403,000	\$	1,403,000

# <u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006D</u> (NORTH SPRINGS SHOOTING RANGE)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$1,290,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a new outdoor shooting range.

DATE	INTEREST PRINC		RINCIPAL	TOTAL	
01-01-09		\$	65,000	\$	65,000
01-01-10			65,000		65,000
01-01-11			65,000		65,000
01-01-12			65,000		65,000
01-01-13			65,000		65,000
2014-2018	•		325,000		325,000
2019-2023			325,000		325,000
2024-2028		-	185,000		185,000
	\$	\$	1,160,000	\$	1,160,000

# <u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006E</u> (FAIRGROUNDS EXPO BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$998,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to expand the exhibition building at the County's fairgrounds.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	TOTAL	
	8 - 18 M - 1	the second second	10 miles (10 miles 10	
01-01-09		\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	
01-01-10	, 4 · · · · · · · · · ·	50,000	50,000	
01-01-11		50,000	50,000	
01-01-12		50,000	50,000	
01-01-13		50,000	50,000	
2014-2018		250,000	250,000	
2019-2023		250,000	250,000	
2024-2026		148,000	148,000	
	\$	\$ 898,000	\$ 898,000	

# MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2006F (DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$3,100,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to construct a commercial building. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INTEREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
04-01-09		\$	155,000	\$	155,000	
04-01-10			155,000		155,000	
04-01-11			155,000		155,000	
04-01-12			155,000		155,000	
04-01-13			155,000		155,000	
2014-2018			775,000		775,000	
2019-2023			775,000		775,000	
2024-2028			620,000		620,000	
	\$	\$	2,945,000	\$	2,945,000	

# MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2007 (CONSUMER WASH ROAD)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$3,000,000 in non-interest bearing revenue bonds. The proceeds will be used to purchase and reconstruct 8.75 miles of the Consumer Wash Road.

DATE	INT	EREST	PI	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-10			\$	150,000	\$	150,000	
01-01-11				150,000	•	150,000	
01-01-12				150,000		150,000	
01-01-13				150,000		150,000	
01-01-14				150,000		150,000	
2015-2019				750,000		750,000	
2020-2024				750,000		750,000	
2025-2029				600,000		600,000	
	\$		\$	2,850,000	\$	2,850,000	

# MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2008B (PUBLIC SERVICE ANNEX BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$573,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to construct a commercial building. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
04-01-10		\$	29,000	\$	29,000
04-01-11			29,000		29,000
04-01-12			29,000		29,000
04-01-13			29,000		29,000
04-01-14			29,000		29,000
2015-2019			145,000		145,000
2020-2024			145,000		145,000
2025-2029			138,000		138,000
	\$	\$	573,000	\$	573,000

# MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2008C (EQUIPMENT STORAGE SHOP)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$460,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to construct a commercial building. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
10-01-09		\$	23,000	\$	23,000
10-01-10			23,000		23,000
10-01-11			23,000		23,000
10-01-12	•		23,000		23,000
10-01-13			23,000		23,000
2014-2018			115,000		115,000
2019-2023			115,000		115,000
2024-2028	<u></u>		115,000		115,000
	\$	\$ -	460,000	\$	.460,000

# MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2008 (CARBONVILLE ROAD PROJECT)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$1,000,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to make major road improvements. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INTER	EST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-10			\$	40,000	\$	40,000
01-01-11				40,000		40,000
01-01-12				40,000		40,000
01-01-13				40,000		40,000
01-01-14				40,000		40,000
2015-2019				200,000		200,000
2020-2024				200,000		200,000
2025-2029				200,000		200,000
2030-2034				200,000		200,000
	\$		\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000

## **Governmental Activities:**

# SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH - BUILDING CAPITAL LEASE INTEREST RATE 7.0% PER ANNUM

Southeastern Utah District Health entered into a capital lease with Carbon County Building Authority for the purchase of land, building and improvements.

DATE	INT	EREST	EREST PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-09	\$	3,783	\$	24,072	\$	27,855
01-01-10		2,940		25,005		27,945
01-01-11		2,065		28,992		31,057
12-15-11		1,050		30,006		31,056
	\$	9,838	\$	108,075	\$	117,913

# SUMMARY OF NET CHANGES - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
<u>Description</u>	01-01-08	Retired	Issued	12-31-08	One Year
Business-type Activities					
MBA Lease Revenue 1997	\$ 194,000	\$ (30,000)		\$ 164,000	\$ 31,000
Lease Series 1990	78,000	(25,000)		53,000	26,000
Lease Revenue 1992A	1,419,000	(108,000)		1,311,000	128,000
Lease Revenue 1992B	684,000	(52,000)		632,000	62,000
MBA Lease Revenue 1998	63,047	(8,332)		54,715	9,378
Lease Revenue 2001A	303,189	(15,999)		287,190	16,000
Lease Revenue 2001B	90,000	(6,000)		84,000	6,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006A	275,000	(28,000)		247,000	14,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006B	2,166,000	(216,000)		1,950,000	108,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006C	1,525,000	(122,000)		1,403,000	61,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006D	1,290,000	(130,000)		1,160,000	65,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006E	998,000	(100,000)		898,000	50,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006F	3,100,000	(155,000)		2,945,000	155,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2007	3,000,000	(150,000)		2,850,000	150,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2008B		•	\$ 573,000	573,000	•
MBA Lease Revenue 2008C			460,000	460,000	23,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2008		•	1,000,000	1,000,000	
•		*			
	\$ 15,185,236	\$(1,146,331)	\$ 2,033,000	\$ 16,071,905	\$ 904,378
Governmental Activities					
Lease Series 1988					
SEUDH Capital Lease	\$ 131,213	\$ (23,138)	\$	\$ 108,075	\$ 24,072

# **COMPONENT UNITS**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds are as follows:

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31,	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2009	\$ 1,060,232	\$ 149,939	\$ 1,210,171
2010	606,914	110,957	717,871
2011	632,162	85,111	717,273
2012	659,416	58,044	717,460
2013	684,133	29,664	713,797
	\$ 3,642,857	\$ 433,715	\$ 4,076,572

Community Impact Bonus Loan Payable – Scofield Reservoir Special Service District secured a Community Impact Board Bonus Loan dated May 16, 1989, in the District's name for \$200,000. It bears an interest rate of 2.5% per annum, with final payment due September 30, 2013. Annual payments of \$10,855 including interest are required to be paid until the debt is paid in full.

DATE	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST		TOTAL	
2009	\$	9,673	\$	1,182	\$	10,855
2010		9,914		941		10,855
2011		10,162		693		10,855.
2012		10,416		439		10,855
2013		7,133	<u> </u>	178		7,311
	_\$	47,298	\$	3,433.	\$	50,731

Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District issued \$2,500,000 in Road Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 1994. The bonds carry an interest rate of 3.0% per annum with interest and principal payments commencing August 1, 2005 and on each August 1st thereafter until maturity. The bonds mature on August 1, 2009. The repayment schedule is as follows:

DATE PAYMENT DUE	PRINCIPAL DUE		TEREST IARGES	TOTAL		
2009	\$	478,559	\$ 14,357	\$	492,916	
Total	\$	478,559	\$ 14,357	\$	492,916	

During 1998, Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District issued \$3,005,000 of Highway Revenue Bonds for the "C" Canyon Toll Road Project. The bonds carry an interest rate ranging from 6.1% to 6.4% per annum and are payable semi-annually each April 1st and October 1st, commencing April 1, 1999. Principal payments on this bond issue began on October 1, 1999 and continue through October 1, 2013. The repayment schedule is as follows:

DATE PAYMENT	PI	RINCIPAL		ITEREST	TO TO A F
DUE		DUE	<u> </u>	HARGES	 TOTAL
April 1, 2009			\$	40,230	\$ 40,230
October 1, 2009	\$	233,000		40,230	273,230
April 1, 2010				33,123	 33,123
October 1, 2010		248,000		33,123	281,123
April 1, 2011				25,559	25,559
October 1, 2011		263,000		25,559	288,559
April 1, 2012				17,538	17,538
October 1, 2012		279,000		17,537	296,537
April 1, 2013				9,028	9,028
October 1, 2013		296,000		9,028	 305,028
	\$	1,319,000	\$	250,955	\$ 1,569,955

During 1998, Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District issued \$3,300,000 of Highway Revenue Bonds for the Dugout Canyon Toll Road Project. The bonds carry an annual interest rate of 3.0%. The District is required to make principal and interest payments each July 1st until the bonds mature on July 1, 2013. The repayment schedule is as follows:

DATE PAYMENT DUE	PRINCIPAL DUE		INTEREST CHARGES		TOTAL		
2009	\$	339,000	\$ 53,940	\$	392,940		
2010		349,000	43,770		392,770		
2011		359,000	33,300		392,300		
2012		370,000	22,530		392,530		
2013		381,000	 11,430		392,430		
	\$	1,798,000	\$ 164,970	\$	1,962,970		

# SUMMARY OF NET CHANGES - COMPONENT UNITS

Description	Balance .01-01-08	Retired	Issued	Balance 12-31-08	Due Within One Year
Scofield Reservoir SSD					
Impact Bonus Loan	\$ 56,735	\$ (9,437)		\$ 47,298	\$ 9,673
C.C. Roads SSD Revenue	•				
Refunding Series 1994	943,559	(465,000)		478,559	478,559
C.C. Recreation & Transportation	•	•			
SSD Highway Revenue Bond					222 222
Series 1998	1,538,000	(219,000)		1,319,000	233,000
C.C. Recreation & Transportation	• '		• • •		
SSD Toll Road Revenue Bond	0.000.000	(020,000)		1 700 000	220.000
Series 1998	2,030,000	(232,000)		1,798,000	339,000
	\$ 4,568,294	\$ (925,437)	\$	\$ 3,642,857	\$ 1,060,232

# 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

It is the County's policy to follow the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated 1953, Section 51, Chapter 7) (the Act) in handling its depository and investment transactions. The Act creates the Utah Money Management Council (the "Council"), a five-member body, appointed by the Governor of the State, which exercises oversight of public deposits and investments.

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is used by all funds. Each major fund's portion of this pool, and the aggregate portion of the pool relating to non-major funds, is displayed on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds and the Statement of Net Assets for proprietary funds, respectively, as "cash and investments." Total non-fiduciary cash and investments are also reflected on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. The fiduciary fund's portion is found on the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities. Income from the investment of the pooled cash is allocated based on each fund's balance in the pool. In addition, cash is separately held by several funds.

# Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

The Act requires the depositing of public funds only in a "qualified depository" or a "permitted depository". A "qualified depository" is a Utah depository institution, which complies with capital ratios and public deposit limits established by rule of the Council and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions for deposit of public funds. A "permitted depository" is an out-of-state financial institution that meets quality criteria established by rule of the Council. The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be recovered.

The County's deposits are insured up to \$250,000, per account by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Uninsured deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by State statute. At December 31, 2008, the bank balance of the County's deposits was \$2,373,732.

### Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value or at cost where there is no material difference from fair value based upon quoted market prices as of December 31, 2008, with the difference between the purchase price and market price being recorded as interest income.

The Act also defines the types of securities allowed as appropriate investments for the County and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions are to be conducted through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with the issuer of the securities.

Allowable investments under the Act include:

- Negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted depositories.
- Repurchase agreements with qualified depositories or government security dealers certified by the director of the State Division of Securities as meeting quality criteria established by the State Money Management Council.

# 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Allowable investments under the Act include (Continued):

- Commercial paper, which has a remaining term of 270 days or less, which is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Service or Standard and Poor's.
- Bankers' acceptances that are eligible for discount at a Federal reserve bank and which have a remaining term of 270 days or less.
- Obligations of the United States Treasury, including bills, notes, and bonds.
- Obligations other than mortgage pools and other mortgage derivative products issued by or fully
  guaranteed as to principal and interest by the following agencies or instrumentalities of the
  United States in which a market is made by a primary reporting government securities dealer:
  Federal Farm Credit banks, Federal Home Loan banks, Federal National Mortgage Association,
  Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Student Loan Marketing Association, Federal
  Agriculture Mortgage Corporation, and Tennessee Valley Authority.
- Corporate obligations maturing in two years or less, which are rated "A" or higher by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Service or Standard and Poor's.
- Shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund that comply with Rule 2a-7 of the Securities Exchange Commission.
- Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund.

The carrying amount and fair value of the County's investments at December 31, 2008 is as follows:

		Carrying	Investment Maturities (in years)						
		mount and Fair Value	Less Than 1		1-5	(	5-10	Mo Than	
Investment Type				***************************************		***************************************			
Debt Securities:							•		
Repurchase Agreements		6,302,990	\$ 6,302,990				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>
	\$	6,302,990	\$ 6,302,990	\$		\$	***	\$	• • •
Other Investments: Utah Public Treas. Invest. Fund	***************************************	8,145,269				٠			
Total investments	\$	14,448,259	•				· ·		

# 4. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

The Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund ("the Pool") is a voluntary external Local Government Investment Pool managed by the Utah State Treasurer to improve investment efficiency and yield. These monies are invested in securities permitted by the Act and contain no withdrawal restrictions other than timely notice of intent to withdraw an amount greater than \$2,000,000. Investment activity of the State Treasurer in the management of the Pool is reviewed monthly by the Council and is audited by the Utah State Auditor. Monies invested in this fund are not insured and are subject to the same market risks as any similar investment in money market funds.

Government and agency securities consist of U.S. Treasury bonds, notes and bills, Federal Home notes and government mutual funds with underlying securities that are U.S. Treasury bonds, notes and bills.

### Interest Rate Risk-Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The County's policy for managing interest rate risk is to comply with the Utah Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 270 days or less and to 365 days or less for fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

## Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County and Component Units follows the Utah Money Management Act as previously discussed as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk.

The County's rated debt investments as of December 31, 2008 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent nationally recognized statistical rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

	Carrying Amount and Fair Value	Quality Rating
<u>Debt Securities</u>	Tan value	TVIIII (S)
Repurchase Agreements	\$ 6,302,990	Not Rated

# 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Custodial Credit Risk-Investment

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the County will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County complies with the custody requirements of the Utah Money Management Act and Rules of the Money Management Council. All investment securities are required to be held by the public treasurer, in safekeeping by a bank or trust company, or in a book-entry-only record maintained by a securities depository, in the Federal Book Entry system or in the book-entry records of the issuer of the security in the name of the public entity. All investment securities are held in a qualified depository certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council or in the book entry records of the issuer of the security.

The County's investments at December 31, 2008 were held by the County or in the County's name by the County's custodial banks except for repurchase agreements with qualified depositories totaling \$6,302,990 where the underlying securities were uninsured and held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the County.

# Concentration of Credit Risk-Investment

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5% and 10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the United States government and its agencies. The County complies with the concentration limits of Rule 17 of the Utah Money Management Act.

# Total Reconciliation

Description	Primary Government	Component Units	Fiduciary Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,848,809 3,600,034	\$ 8,703,496 3,595,559	\$ 2,427,326
Cash deficit	(86,825)		
	\$ 13,362,018	\$ 12,299,055	\$ 2,427,326
Deposits Investments (includes PTIF and Sweep accts.)	\$ 1,636,819 11,725,199	\$ 799,521 11,499,534	\$ 1,981,477 445,849
	\$ 13,362,018	\$ 12,299,055	\$ 2,427,326

# 5. RETIREMENT PLAN - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

### CARBON COUNTY

Plan Description. Carbon County contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System and Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage, administered by the Utah Retirement Systems. Utah Retirement Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, and Public Safety Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

Funding Policy: Plan members in the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System are required to contribute 6.00% of their annual covered salary (all or part may be paid by the employer for the employee) and Carbon County is required to contribute 7.61% of their annual covered salary. In the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System Carbon County is required to contribute 11.62% of their annual covered salary. In the Public Safety Retirement System, Carbon County is required to contribute 22.61 of their annual covered salary for members in the noncontributory division. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

Carbon County contributions to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System for the years ending December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$23,090.88, \$22,100.17 and \$19,804.31 respectively and for the Noncontributory Retirement System the contributions for December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$478,185.52, \$436,665.90 and \$397,144.82 respectively and for the Public Safety Retirement System the contributions for December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$354,769.43, \$344,947.71 and \$296,043.79 respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

# SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH

Plan Description. Southeastern Utah District Health contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System. Utah Retirement Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

# 5. RETIREMENT PLAN - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

Funding Policy. Plan members in the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System are required to contribute 6.00% of their annual covered salary (all or part may be paid by the employer for the employee) and Southeastern Utah District Health is required to contribute 7.61% of their annual covered salary. In the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Southeastern Utah District Health is required to contribute 11.62% of their annual covered salary. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

Southeastern Utah District Health contributions to Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System for the years ending December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$9,933.58, \$9,611.00 and \$9,237.14 respectively and for the Noncontributory Retirement System the contributions for December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$154,067.10, \$150,942.18 and \$143,311.44 respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

# 6. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County and certain of its officials are defendants in a variety of legal actions involving matters of contract, property, tort, taxation and civil rights. The resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material effect on the County's financial position and have not been provided for the accompanying financial statements.

## 7. PROPERTY TAXES

The County adopts, by June 22, the proposed tax rates as part of its budget for the current year, which began January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable on or before November 30.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes levied by the County and other taxing entities within the County (such as the school district). These tax collections are accounted for in the Treasurer's Tax Collection Trust. The Treasurer apportions and remits collected taxes to the Funds of the County and to other taxing entities periodically.

### 8. OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

Carbon County, the Primary Government, and its Component Units have many bank accounts with various banking institutions. Some of the bank account balances are substantially over \$250,000. By maintaining several accounts with the same bank with balances exceeding \$250,000, the County has amounts that exceed the FDIC insurance limitation. Consequently, there is a potential loss to the extent that amounts are not insured.

# 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In 1992, the County joined together with other counties in the State to form the Utah Association of Counties (UAC), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member Counties. The County pays an annual premium to UAC for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the UAC provides that UAC will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for workers compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past two years.

# 10. MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILLS

Carbon County has a landfill that operates within the County. The County has filed with the State for operating permits for the landfill and has received a written approval.

Carbon County has obtained information necessary to determine the nature and source of landfill closure and postclosure care requirements. An amount of liability for closure and postclosure care costs, estimated total current cost of closure and postclosure care remaining to be recognized, percentage of landfill capacity used to date and the nature of the estimates and the potential for changes due to inflation or deflation, technology, or applicable laws or regulations has been calculated by the County and the engineers. The County has set aside an amount of \$26,618 to be put into an account held by the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Pool.

# 11. RECONCILIATION OF INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following table provides a reconciliation of all interfund transfers:

	Transfers	Transfers
Fund	In	Out
General	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 1,931,575
Municipal Services		1,700,000
Tax Stability	100,000	
Other Governmental	1,831,575	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	\$ 3,631,575	\$ 3,631,575

# 12. BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

Unfavorable budget variances were incurred in the following funds:

GENERAL FUND -		* +
Mental Health	\$	229
Airport	\$	45,181
Water development	. \$	8,753
Law Library	\$	38
and the state of t		
MUNICIPAL SERVICES FUND -		
Highways and public improvements	\$	267,261

# 13. JOINT VENTURE

The County is a member of a joint venture known as Four Corners Community Mental Health Center.

Under Utah State Code Sections 17A-3-600 and 17A-3-700, the State has given substance abuse and mental health authorities to counties to provide mental health and substance abuse services to persons living within their boundaries. To comply with Utah State Code, Carbon, Emery and Grand counties have joined together and created Four Corners Community Mental Health Center. The Center is the entity created by the counties to hold the mental health and substance abuse authorities and provide services required by the State of Utah. The Center has been organized as a non-profit corporation and the governing boards of three counties appointed the original board of directors. The Center contracts with the counties to provide mental health and substance abuse services to the citizens of the three-county area. As part of this contract, the counties provide funds to the Center by contracting for grants with the State of Utah and passing proceeds through to the Center, and by each county making additional local contributions. Because of these agreements, the three counties have an ongoing financial responsibility.

Four Corners Community Mental Health Center was audited for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, by Wiggins & Company, Ogden, Utah.

# 14. FUND BALANCE RESERVATIONS/NET ASSETS RESTRICTIONS

GENERAL FUND -

\$781,306 is the balance of Restaurant tax collected, to be used for the promotion of tourism and related activity within the county and surrounding area.

\$26,618 is reserved to cover the estimated costs of the landfill closure at some future date.

# 14. FUND BALANCE RESERVATIONS/NET ASSETS RESTRICTIONS (Continued)

# MUNICIPAL SERVICES FUND -

\$1,461,283 is the balance of Municipal Services Fund and has been reserved for the purpose of meeting sinking fund and reserve requirements of bond covenants and because bond funds received are to be held for construction projects such the North Springs Shooting Range.

\$481,808 is the restricted fund balance of Southeastern Utah Health District and represents amounts that are legally restricted for specific purposes by external contracts.

The remaining reserved fund balances simply represents the balance of funds available for expenditures related to the purpose for which the fund was created.

## 15. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The Capital Project fund, non-major, had a deficit fund balance of \$596,347, at December 31, 2008.

# 16. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In the prior year, \$649,373 was record as assets purchased in the Capital Projects Fund and recorded in the General Fixed Assets of the County. These assets were actually purchased in the Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County. Consequently, a prior period adjustment was necessary to present the assets in the proper fund.

# CARBON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	TOTAL NONMAJOR	GOVERNMENTAL			1,052,627	1,086,576		19,567	20,590	1,035,986	1,035,986	1,086,576
	NO	GOVE			S	S		8	6	s,	S	\$
		NOILLEIL			\$ 118,278 10,997	\$ 129,275		\$ 7,071	\$ 14,558	\$ 114,717	\$ 114,717	\$ 129,275
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	COUNCIL	ON			\$141,722	\$145,895		\$ 39 2,616	\$ 2,655	\$143,240	\$143,240	\$145,895
	CASTLE	COUNTRY			**************************************			***************************************		*	i	;
	CAS	COU	5		***************************************	S	·		69		€>	6-3
		RSVD	NO. 4.1.		\$ 50,961	\$ 50,961		\$ 31	\$ 876	\$ 50,085	\$ 50,085	\$ 50,961
	CARBON	COUNTY	3000		55,799	55,799		1,703	1,703	54,096	54,096	55,799
	\   \( \delta \)	8 =			es	69		٠,	€9	6-9	S	6-9
	CARBON	COUNTY	ACA		13,562	13,562			;	13,562	13,562	13,562
	J	ŏ			€4	8			69	es .	64	S
	William of the state of the sta	EMERGENCY TEL EDUCATE	STEKENOWE		163,709	176,348			alimowwoodet.	176,348	176,348	176,348
	,		,		ا د	ا ا		1	ev	60	ا من ا من	إ⇔ المد
	CARBON	LEISURE	SERVICE		\$ 155,985	\$ 155,985		\$ 907	\$ 6,600	\$ 149,385	\$ 149,385	\$ 155,985
		FAIR	GROOMES		.\$ 172,990	\$ 172,990		\$ 4,180	\$ 14,054	\$ 158,936	\$ 158,936	\$ 172,990
	CASTLE COUNTRY		BUKEAU		\$ 179,621	\$ 185,761		7,339	\$ 10,144	\$ 175,617	\$ 175,617	\$ 185,761
	<b>,</b> Σ		•	ASSETS	vables - other	Total assets \$	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	Total liabilities	FUND BALANCES: Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue fund	Total fund balances	Total liabilities and fund equity \$
					Cash Recei	To	VIT	LIAB Accı Accı	To	FUNI Unice Spe	To	T ag .

# CARBON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Ī		· 1	. 1		1	او"			ı		1	الين
	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	236,623 419,860 428,720 1,500	228,634	1,315,337	189,994. 1,377,664 1,055,077 458,704		3,081,439	(1,766,102)	1,831,575	1,831,575	65,473	970,513	1,035,986
	GOV	<del>69</del>	***************************************	co.	<b>⇔</b> 1		8	6-9	69	S	↔		8
	NUTRITION	s 126,203	150,042	\$ 276,245	\$ 653,431		\$ 653,431	\$ (377,186)	\$ 388,170	\$ 388,170	\$ 10,984	103,733	\$ 114,717
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	COUNCIL ON AGING		19,269	\$ 88,520	\$ 296,981	***************************************	\$ 296,981	\$ (208,461)	\$ 224,555	\$ 224,555	\$ 16,094	127,146	\$ 143,240
	CASTLE COUNTRY TRAVEL	]		S			÷	ι 	\$ 25,482	\$ 25,482	\$ 25,482	(25,482)	\$
	R.S.V.P.	\$ 59,833	23,043	\$ 82,876	\$ 104,665		\$ 104,665	\$ (21,789)	\$ 24,600	\$ 24,600	2,811	47,274	\$ 50,085
	CARBON COUNTY FUTURE	\$ 31,200		\$ 31,200	715 98		\$ 86,517	\$ (55,317)	\$ 79,130	\$ 79,130	\$ 23,813	30,283	\$ 54,096
	CARBON COUNTY RDA		***			dissipation of the second seco	;	Minday Market and a second	***************************************			13,562	13,562
	;	35 ·		35 \$	34	-	\$	\$ (65)	 	<b>\$</b>	(6)	97 \$	\$
	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE	158,335		158,335	189,994	***************************************	189,994	(31,659)			(31,659)	208,007	176,348
	1		-	=  	64)		\$1.	\$ (0)	15	\$     \$	55 \$	ا اھ	\$5 \$
	CARBON LEISURE SERVICES	\$ 78,386		\$ 240,901	\$ 474,881		\$ 474,881	\$ (233,980)	\$ 248,645	\$ 248,645	\$ 14,665	134,720	\$ 149,385
	FAIR	\$ 107,870		\$ 109,370	\$ 902,783		\$ 902,783	\$ (793,413)	\$ 841,475	\$ 841,475	\$ 48,062	110,874	\$ 158,936
	CASTLE COUNTRY TRAVEL BUREAU	\$ 236,623 54,987	36,280	\$ 327,890	\$ 277 187		\$ 372,187	\$ (44,297)	25,000	\$ (482)	\$ (44,779)	220,396	\$ 175,617
		ntal vices	Miscellaneous	Total revenues	EXPENDITURES: Public safety Parks, recreation and public property Public health		Total expenditures \$	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	Total other financing sources (uses)	Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	Fund Balances - Beginning of year	Fund Balances - End of year

CARBON COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>DECEMBER 31, 2008</u>

TOTAL ALL FIDUCIARY FUNDS		2,427,326 46,514 2,619	2,476,459		787	55,916	2,087,728	1,732	330,296	2,476,459
盟		649	<u>ه</u>		<b>6∕</b> 9					€
COLLECTION		\$ 2,038,595 46,514 2,619	\$ 2,087,728				\$ 2,087,728		NAMES AND PASSED OF THE PASSED	\$ 2,087,728
CLERK'S TRUST		1,732	1,732					1,732	***************************************	1,732
2 -		€9	8					<del>6/9</del>		8
DISTRICT AND PRECINCT COURT		56,703	56,703		787	55,916			ALL	56,703
ANE		<b>↔</b>	80		6/9					89
FOUR CORNERS COMMUNITY BEHAVIORAL HEALTH		229,237	229,237						229,237	229,237
FOUI COI BEF		€9	69						69	€9
SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH		89,948	89,948						89,948	89,948
SOUT		<b>⇔</b>	89						649	\$
SCOFIELD ASPEN COVE										
		=	=							
HEUGLY AND CARBON COUNTY		11,111	11,111						11,111	11,111
HEU		↔	8						69	89
	ASSETS	Cash and cash equivalents Receivable - taxes Miscellaneous Receivable	Total assets	LIABILITIES	Accounts payable	Precinct fees, bail and bonds payable	Due to taxing units	Alimony, support and miscellaneous	Due to other agencies	Total liabilities

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CARBON COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF CURRENT TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND TREASURER'S RELIEF
DECEMBER 31, 2008

	DELINQUENCIES TAXES PENALTY AND INTEREST	132,905 4,160 16,601	153,666	232,851	18,467 5,359 8,796 3,413 1,496	37,713	16,512	21,113	445,343
SNS	DELIN PEN N	رم د	S	<b>4</b> 9	↔	s	64	8	es
OTHER COLLECTIONS	MISCELLANEOUS	. 48,475 2,148 9,022	59,645	126,668	9,134 4,682 7,159 1,455 1,846 45	24,321	11,000	13,567	224,201
OTH	MISC	69	8	8	es .	S	s	es	\$
The state of the s	FEES IN LIEU	\$ 408,334 18,700 75,739	\$ 502,773	\$ 1,068,584	\$ 104,801 24,943 31,761 18,247 4,945	\$ 184,724	\$ 154,317	\$ 175,905	\$ 1,931,986
	PERCENT	96.33% 97.06% 96.46%		96.35%	93.15% 88.15% 93.17% 91.31% 98.65%		95.68% 96.37%		
	NET TAXES COLLECTED	\$ 4,854,977 285,411 911,306	\$ 6,051,694	\$ 12,727,880	\$ 663,758 105,385 255,147 94,638 173,970 3,600	\$ 1,296,498	\$ 914,198	\$ 1,171,821	\$ 21,247,893
***************************************	TOTAL	\$ 184,858 8,646 33,428	\$ 226,932	\$ 481,833	\$ 48,779 14,171 18,718 9,004 2,372 208	\$ 93,252	\$ 41,249	\$ 50,945	\$ 852,962
TE TE	OTHER	2,483 (1,248) (773)	462	3,787	21,253 5,458 5,080 2,000 (259)	33,534	12,968	12,990	50,773
R'S RE	ADU	S	€9	4	69	643	69	64	s,
TREASURER'S RELIEF	ABATEMENTS	22,533 514 4,226	27,273	59,064	10,024 2,746 3,550 766 362	17,448	7,877	9,072	112,857
***************************************	AB	€?	8	es)	به	s	<b>с</b> ө.	69	S
	UNPAID	\$ 159,842 9,380 29,975	\$ 199,197	\$ 418,982	\$ 17,502 5,967 10,088 6,238 2,269 206	\$ 42,270	\$ 20,404	\$ 28,883	\$ 689,332
	TOTAL TAXES LEVIED	\$ 5,039,835 294,057 944,734	\$ 6,278,626	\$ 13,209,713	\$ 712,537 119,556 273,865 103,642 176,342 3,808	\$ 1,389,750	\$ 955,447 267,319	\$ 1,222,766	\$ 22,100,855
	TAX	0.002149 0.000165 0.000403		0.005633	0.002085 0.001871 0.006165 0.003169 0.0003169	-	0.000805		
	ADJUSTED TAXABLE VALUE	\$2,341,967,526 1,781,939,450 2,341,967,526		2,341,967,526	337,073,511 63,407,130 44,333,182 53,958,254 55,640,770 5,615,239		1,180,591,110		
	. IAX UNITS	COUNTY FUNDS: General fund Municipal services Assessing and collecting	Total County Funds	SCHOOL DISTRICT: Carbon	CITIES AND TOWNS: Price City Helper City East Carbon City Wellington City Sunnyside Scoffeld Town	Total Cities and Towns	OTHER DISTRICTS: Price River Water Improvement Carbon Water Conservancy	Total Other Districts	GRAND TOTAL

	GENERAL HEALTH		UNIZATIONS NON VFC		WIC	 MCH BLOCK	 FLU	ANCER NTROL
Revenues:								
State Reimbursement	\$ 299,445			\$	392,989	\$ 87,610		\$ 20,878
General Health	121,140	\$	88,748		777	5,138	\$ 94,876	461
County	295,067							
School Nurses								
Miscellaneous	19,776		207		2.556	603	203	206
Occupancy allocation	2,432		207		3,556	682		200
Grants and other government resources	MW7000000000000000000000000000000000000		2,175		······································	 21,274	 2,257	 
Total Revenues	\$ 737,859	\$	91,130	\$	397,322	\$ 114,704	\$ 97,335	\$ 21,545
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$ 163,529	\$	14,087	\$	250,444	\$ 54,991	\$ 12,699	\$ 13,868
Fringe Benefits	98,798		5,801		115,215	25,060	5,434	6,974
Consultants	1,342		145		3,330	374	0	87
Contract - MD	3,952		50		720	203	41	54
Contract - Travel					6,091			
Patient care	2,101					6,730	42,857	540
Pharmacy	1,471					4,316		
Supplies - Medical	25	•	67,983		1,347	1,368	4,252	1,289
Travel	22,197		248		7,567	2,137	212	334
Dues - Periodicals	2,337		143		2,305	480	6	112
Education - Training	4,805		26		2,101	86	33	2,202
Capital Purchases	37,599		1		303	2 885	0 187	1 227
Utilities	3,056		229		4,038		324	465
Maintenance - Repairs	6,641		489		8,289	1,795 474	134	176
Insurance	2,215 723		155 1.167		2,869 278	662	3,515	176
Data Processing	2,289		1,107		1,951	423	3,515	102
Postage	1,939		33		257	23	8	5
Printing - Binding Supplies - Office	6,079		161		4,011	847	215	165
Laboratory	9,712		101		4,011	1,774	212	1,00
Telephone	4,504		239		7,751	1,019	212	231
Other	8,950		553		330	58	26	18
Interest	4,592							
Debt payment	23,138							
State match	22,120							
Rent	2,524		206		3,660	729	180	205
Advertising	1,831				467	129		174
Mini Grants				_		 	 	 
Total Expenditures	\$ 416,351		91,823	_\$_	423,322	\$ 104,565	\$ 70,421	\$ 27,240
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$ 321,508	_ \$	(693)	_\$_	(26,000)	\$ 10,139	\$ 26,915	\$ (5,695)

		BACCO VENTION		DOOR LEAN AIR		BACCO LATIONS		RCULOSIS IINATION	)	EARLY INTER- ENTION		NIOR CALTH
Revenues:							_					
State Reimbursement	\$	80,469	\$	2,565			\$	5,755	\$	165,521	\$	797
General Health		325			\$	4,800				159,355		2,458
County												
School Nurses												
Miscellaneous								4.00		0.470		
Occupancy allocation		617		43				109		2,453		25
Grants and other government resources	***************************************				***************************************						***************************************	
Total Revenues	_\$_	81,411	\$	2,608	\$	4,800	\$	5,864	\$	327,329	\$	3,280
Expenditures:												
Salaries	\$	45,106	\$	2,773			\$	7,636	\$	168,783	\$	1,481
Fringe Benefits		26,995		1,082				3,609		89,549		765
Consultants		347		17				54		1,239		1
Contract - MD		1,070		10				29		29,974		118
Contract - Travel						1				7,356		
Patient Care												
Pharmacy								125				
Supplies - Medical							:			69		
Travel		2,964		79				129		12,092		21
Dues - Periodicals		323		17				63,		1,408		6
Education - Training		1,688		4		150		13		5,028		617
Capital Purchases		2		0				0		4,688		1,724
Utilities		652		45				124		2,329		25
Maintenance - Repairs		1,596		92				253		5,135		86
Insurance		450		35				89		2,166		35
Data Processing		50		3				365		487		1
Postage		334		. 22				56		1,217		11
Printing - Binding		13		1				3		533		35
Supplies - Office		635		34		134		92		3,661		19
Laboratory												
Telephone		825		47				128		3,305		22
Other		116		3				9		305		2
Interest												
Debt payment												
State match												
Rent		597		41				112		2,485		23
Advertising		8,024		5				14		296		3
Mini Grants		550	_		***************************************							
Total Expenditures	\$	92,338		4,309	\$	284	\$	12,902	\$	342,105	\$	4,994
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$	(10,927)	\$	(1,701)	\$	4,516	\$	(7,038)	\$	(14,776)	\$	(1,713)

	IMMU	NIZATIONS	BIOTERRORISM			VENTION BLOCK		HIV	ENVIRON- MENTAL HEALTH CHS		EPSDT/ CHEC	
Revenues:												*
State Reimbursement	\$	44,170	\$	233,586	\$	68,490	\$	1,000	\$	12,500	\$	37,119
General Health	-	25,335	•	23	-	47	-	.,		69,820	_	
County		,										
School Nurses												
Miscellaneous												
Occupancy allocation		1,315		894		611		16		2,181		291
Grants and other government resources		48,077										
Total Revenues	\$	118,896	\$	234,503	\$	69,149	_\$_	1,016	\$	84,501	\$	37,410
Expenditures:												
Salaries	\$ '	92,139	\$	64,178	\$	41,098	\$	1,099	\$	151,405	\$	20,573
Fringe Benefits	•	48,436	•	28,363	•	20,336	•	528	-	60,153	-	9,351
Consultants		712		570		424		6		1,079		185
Contract - MD		342		756				4		550		78
Contract - Travel								-				
Patient Care		Ē										
Pharmacy		63		,								
Supplies - Medical		2,517		195				109				1,975
Travel		4,146		24,033		6,462		17		9,587		378
Dues - Periodicals		916		401		500		10		1,357		175
Education - Training		291		25,010		1,339		2		330		34
Capital Purchases		121		60,687		2		0		7		1,248
Utilities		1,486		1,025		654		17		2,449		326
Maintenance - Repairs		2,887		2,088		1,342		36		5,086		685
Insurance		1,081		1,206		464		3		1,928		170
Data Processing		4,205		4,154		46		1		167		668
Postage		685		16,077		319		8		1,127		150
Printing - Binding		241		2,286		16		0		60		8
Supplies - Office		1,225		5,905		588		13		2,621		326
Laboratory				•						·		
Telephone		1,551		5,148		673		20		2,514		356
Other		167		681		46		1		168		23
Interest												
Debt payment												
State match												
Rent		1,374		992		600		15		2,241		295
Advertising		252		104		94		2		316		43
Mini Grants	nervon-ventro-	·				4,595						
Total Expenditures	\$	164,837	\$	243,859	\$	79,598	\$	1,891	\$	243,144	\$_	37,047
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$	(45,941)	\$	(9,356)	\$	(10,449)	<u>\$</u>	(875)	\$	(158,643)	\$	362

*	TOB	ACC	O BUYS	CAR	E-A-VAN	PA	NDEMIC FLU	ALL COUNTIES SCHOOL NURSE			VBORN CARE
Revenues:											
State Reimbursement	\$		11,550			\$	60,467				
General Health	•		150	\$	14,535	-				\$	47,078
County			,50	Ψ	1-1,000					*	***,***
School Nurses								\$	77,554		
Miscellaneous							2,268	Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
			99		734		345		803		378
Occupancy allocation			27		60,819		343		005		570
Grants and other government resources	***************************************		<del></del>		00,619						····
Total Revenues	\$		11,799	\$	76,088	\$	63,080		78,357	\$	47,456
Expenditures:											
Salaries	\$		6,389	\$	50,873	\$	18,013	\$	55,181	\$	24,582
Fringe Benefits			3,501		15,877		7,318		23,481		10,425
Consultants			58		361		2		301		172
Contract - MD			20		224				204		94
Contract - Travel											
Patient Care											
Pharmacy							*.				
Supplies - Medical			2,979								
Travel			840		25,230		11,751		4,088		1,089
Dues - Periodicals			19		391		27		778		198
Education - Training			11		103		14,503		965		31
Capital Purchases			0		2		2,895		3		
Utilities			167		819		287		893		40
Maintenance - Repairs			208		1,603		664		1,888		86
Insurance			192		627		5		613		28
Data Processing			7		54		24		65		23
~			50		378		139		392		179
Postage			2		20		3		24		
Printing - Binding			75 .		1,054		878		827		28
Supplies - Office			13		1,034		970		01		20
Laboratory			113		2 217		318		1,666		41:
Telephone					2,217		20		64		3:
Other			5		553		20		04		3.
Interest											
Debt payment					£ 10-						10.42
State match					6,131				000		10,43
Rent			85		697		242		923		39.
Advertising			14		419		49		107		3
Mini Grants			·····								
Total Expenditures	\$		14,736	\$	107,633	\$	57,140		92,465	<u>\$</u>	50,17
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$		(2,937)	\$	(31,545)	\$	5,940	\$	(14,108)	\$	(2,72

	EPIDEM	IOLOGIST	RE	EDICAL SPONSE CORP		CASE AGEMENT		ONMENTAL	I	MUNITY BASED RVICES	 TOTAL
Revenues:											
State Reimbursement	\$	1,265	\$	10,000	\$	58,025	\$	112,726	\$	96,116	\$ 1,803,043
General Health	•	1,000	•	506	•	,	*	37,348	•		672,920
County											295,067
School Nurses											77,554
Miscellancous											22,044
Occupancy allocation				3		555		1,655		1,098	21,511
Grants and other government resources								-,		.,	134,602
Total Revenues	\$	1,265	\$	10,509	\$	58,580	\$	151,730	\$	97,214	\$ 3,026,741
Total Revenues		1,200	•	10,505	Ψ.	20,200	<u> </u>	131,750		271224	 0,020,141
Expenditures:											
Salaries			\$	47	\$	37,226	\$	119,482	\$	84,729	\$ 1,502,410
Fringe Benefits				81		12,417		56,105		33,062	708,716
Consultants				4		360		886		468	12,524
Contract - MD				6,047		132		429		313	45,414
Contract - Travel											13,447
Patient Care						*					52,229
Pharmacy											5,975
Supplies - Medical											84,109
Travel				2,114		1,027		8,349		1,316	148,407
Dues - Periodicals				11		307		918		592	13,802
Education - Training				1		67		195		127	59,766
Capital Purchases				2,235		1,249		. 4		550	113,326
Utilities				5		596		1,859		1,364	24,146
Maintenance - Repairs				13		1,382		3,732		2,729	50,375
Insurance				0		468		1,346		846	18,033
Data Processing						84		124		95	17,190
Postage				208		282		862		659	28,114
Printing - Binding				425		14		44		83	6,086
Supplies - Office				373		428		1,409		1,242	33,304
Laboratory								1,725			13,211
Telephone				29		626		2,567		1,440	37,932
Other				58		161		129		726	13,204
Interest											4,592
Debt payment											23,138
State match								•			16,564
Rent				4		551		1,580		1,222	21,976
Advertising				0.37		69.44		210		176	12,838
Mini Grants	***************************************						····				 5,145
Total Expenditures	\$		\$	11,656	\$	57,445	\$	201,954	<u>\$</u>	131,740	 3,085,975
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$	1,265	\$	(1,147)	\$	1,135	\$	(50,224)	\$	(34,526)	\$ (59,234)

#### SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS** 294 East 100 South Price, Utah 84501 Phone (435) 637-1203 • FAX (435) 637-8708

CRAIG G. SMUIN, C.P.A. R. KIRT RICH, C.P.A. GREG MARSING, C.P.A. DOUGLAS RASMUSSEN, C.P.A.

MEMBERS AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
UTAH ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

> Re: Report on Legal Compliance with Applicable Utah State Laws and Regulations

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County, for the year ended December 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated July 18, 2009. As part of our audit, we have audited Carbon County's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; special tests and provisions applicable to each of it's major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah's Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the year ended December 31, 2008. The County received the following major State assistance programs from the State of Utah:

General Health – Minimum Performance (Department of Health)

B Road Funds (Department of Transportation)

Liquor Allotment (State Tax Commission)

CIB Grant (Department of Community and Economic Development)

CIB Loan (Department of Community and Economic Development)

CRP Grant (Department of Health)

Early Intervention (Department of Health and Human Services)

Children Justice Services (Department of Child and Family Services)

The County also received the following nonmajor grants, which are not required to be audited for specific compliance requirements: (However, these programs were subject to testwork as part of the audit of Carbon County's financial statements.)

Environment Health DEQ (Department of Health and Human Services)

T/B Medication (Department of Health and Human Services)

Cancer Promotion and Control (Department of Health and Human Services)

Indoor Clean Air (Department of Health and Human Services)

PILT State (State Tax Commission)

. . Retired Senior Volunteer Program (Department of Health and Human Services)

Emergency Medical Services (Department of Health and Human Services)

CHEC (Department of Health and Human Services)

HMEP (Department of Health and Human Services)

Tobacco Prevention (Department of Health and Human Services)

Predator Control (Department of Natural Resources)

LHD Environmental Services (Department of Health and Human Services)

Consumer Education and Assistance (Department of Health and Human Services)

Mapping Grant (Department of Community and Economic Development)

State Planning Grant (Department of Community and Economic Development)

Early Intervention (Department of Health and Human Services)
EOC Comp Grant (Department of Community and Economic Development)

Our audit also included testwork on the County's compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the Compliance Manual for Audits of Local Governments in Utah including:

Public Debt
Transient Room Tax
Statement of Taxes Charged,
Collected and Disbursed
Assessing & Collecting of Property Taxes
B & C Road Funds
Uniform Building Code

Liquor Law Enforcement
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
Budgetary Compliance
Justice Courts
Truth in Taxation &
Property Tax Limitations
Other Compliance Requirements

The management of Carbon County is responsible for the County's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with these requirements.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed immaterial instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above, which are described in the accompanying management letter. We considered these instances of noncompliance in forming our opinion on compliance, which is expressed in the following paragraph.

In our opinion, Carbon County, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to each of its major State assistance programs for the year ended December 31, 2008.

The County's written response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying management letter. We did not audit the County's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We have audited the basic financial statements of Carbon County for the year ended December 31, 2008. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements of Carbon County. The accompanying schedule of transient room tax is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of Utah and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of Carbon County. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required information and test of expenditures. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING.
MUIN Rich & MANSING

Price, Utah

July 18, 2009

### CARBON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF TRANSIENT ROOM TAX EXPENDITURE BREAKDOWN AUDIT DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES

#### ESTABLISHING AND PROMOTING:

Tourism		\$	397,669
	·	<b></b>	207.660
Total Transient Room Tax Expenditures		<u> </u>	397,669

#### **SMUIN, RICH & MARSING**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
294 East 100 South
Price, Utah 84501
Phone (435) 637-1203 • FAX (435) 637-8708

MEMBERS

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

UTAH ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CRAIG G. SMUIN, C.P.A. R. KIRT RICH, C.P.A. GREG MARSING, C.P.A. DOUGLAS RASMUSSEN, C.P.A.

> Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

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RE: Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise Carbon County's basis financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 18, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing precedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned function, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting as items 2008-2, 2008-3 and 2008-4.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that none of the significant deficiencies described above is a material weakness.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2008-1 and 2008-2.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County in a separate letter dated August 15, 2009.

Carbon County's response to the findings identified in our audit, are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs or in the management letter. We did not audit the County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

Price, Utah

July 18, 2009

#### **SMUIN, RICH & MARSING**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
294 East 100 South
Price, Utah 84501
Phone (435) 637-1203 • FAX (435) 637-8708

CRAIG G. SMUIN, C.P.A. R. KIRT RICH, C.P.A. GREG MARSING, C.P.A. DOUGLAS RASMUSSEN, C.P.A.

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UTAH ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

> RE: Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Carbon County with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2008.

The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements, laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2008.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of Carbon County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in the County's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, County Commissioners, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

MUIN, RICH & MARSING

Price, Utah

July 18, 2009

## CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of Carbon County.
- 2. There were no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses disclosed in internal control by the audit over the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Carbon County were disclosed by the audit.
- 4. There were no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over major programs disclosed by the audit.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Carbon County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. The audit of Carbon County's major programs disclosed no audit findings relating to major programs that the auditor is required to report.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

Program	CFDA#
WIC Administration and Nutrition/Food Vouchers	10.557
Bioterrorism	93.283
Cancer Promotion and Comprehensive Tobacco	93.283
Bioterrorism	93.889
FAA – Airport Improvements	20.106

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Carbon County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### B. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

#### FINDING 2008-1 EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

#### Statement of Condition:

During the year ended December 31, 2008, the County over spent its adopted budget in the General Fund in the Mental Health department, Airport department, Water Development department, and Law Library department. Municipal Services Fund – in the Highways and Public Improvements department.

#### Criteria:

Governmental compliance requirements state that officers and employees of governmental entities shall not incur expenditures or encumbrances in excess of the total budgeted appropriations. The level of compliance is on the department basis for Counties.

#### Cause of Condition:

During the year the County made expenditures that were not anticipated and did not recognize the additional expenditures would be in excess of the adopted budget. The County failed to recognize that during the course of their public hearing, the budget figures did not reflect all of the possible expenditures that were in the process of occurring before the calendar year end. Although the County is aware that all expenditures need to be budgeted, some of the items were not identified as unbudgeted expenditures.

#### **Effect or Possible Effect of Condition:**

The budget is the legal authorization for the County to spend funds. Citizens of the County could question the allowability of expenditures in excess of the budget, because the public did not authorize or have an opportunity to voice their opinion on the expenditure.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend the County monitor more closely the expenditures as compared to the approved budget to make sure they are in compliance with budgetary requirements.

#### County's Response:

The County is aware of the requirements to stay within their adopted budget and will continue to monitor expenditures as compared to the budget.

#### FINDING 2008-2 DEFICIT FUND BALANCES.

#### **Statement of Condition:**

As of the year ended December 31, 2008, the County had a deficit fund balance in the Capital Projects fund (a nonmajor fund).

#### Criteria:

Governmental compliance requirements state that appropriation in the final budgets may not be made for any fund in excess of the estimated expendable revenues for the budget year. Deficits in any fund are illegal.

#### **Cause of Condition:**

During the year, the County made expenditures in the fund that were anticipated to be covered with additional revenue from other funding sources. In addition to funding the current year expenditures, the County had planned on bringing the deficit fund balance to a positive balance in each of the previous years deficit funds. The County only accomplished this in the Castle county Travel Fund.

#### **Effect or Possible Effect of Condition:**

The availability of expendable revenues in any fund is the legal right of that fund to expend and only those estimated expendable revenues. Overspending of these available funds means that the County has used other funds that have not been designated or budgeted to be spent in other funds. Because the public did not authorize or have an opportunity to voice their opinion on the expenditure, those who are charged with governance could have a legal financial obligation owed to the County.

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend the County review the fund balance deficits and correct the funds in the current calendar year. Current financial information should be reviewed to determine the impact of transactions that have occurred since the audit and ensure that additional funds needed to correct the fund deficit will be sufficient.

#### County's Response:

The County is aware of the requirements to maintain a fund balance that is within the limitations established by State Code. We will try again to correct the fund balance deficits in the current year.

#### FINDING 2008-3 APPLICATION AND PRESENTATION OF GAAP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Statement of Condition:**

Financial statements were not prepared in accordance with General Accepted Accounting Principles.

#### Criteria:

The County is required to prepare annual financial statements according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

#### Cause of Condition:

County personnel were not aware of the impact of not recording certain transactions. Also, the County's internal control did not identify any changes that needed to occur in the financial statements to have them prepared according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

#### **Effect or Possible Effect of Condition:**

The County has not been able to provide financial statements prepared according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and without proper recording of transactions affecting the County, the accounting records could be materially misstated.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend the County record all transactions that are under the legal responsibility of the County. This includes reconciling account classes with supporting documentation or subsidiary ledgers. We recommend that County personnel receive appropriate training to aide them in preparing proper financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### County's Response:

We will review all financial transactions that affect the County and ensure that all transactions are recorded properly. This will bring our financial statements into compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). We will continue to obtain training in association with understanding the criteria for GAAP financial statements. We may continue to use our auditors for help and education as long as it does not impede their ability to maintain their independence.

#### FINDING 2008-4 PROPER REVENUE RECOGNITION AND RECORDING

#### **Statement of Condition:**

The County is not always recording reimbursement for payments that have been originally made by the County as additional revenue. Most of the additional revenue comes from other Government organizations in the form of grants or contributions.

#### Criteria:

The County is required to record all transactions in the financial statements accurately and adhere to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). This requires the revenue to be recorded as an increase in revenue and not as a reduction expenses.

#### **Cause of Condition:**

The County has had a different understanding on how to record some of the transactions that have been initiated at the County. It appears that additional training and a better understanding of the requirements needs to be implemented with County personnel.

#### **Effect or Possible Effect of Condition:**

Without proper revenue recognition the County's financial information is either incomplete or inaccurate. Also, without the proper recording of revenue, expense accounts do not reflect accurate amounts and as auditor adjustments are proposed, the properly reflected expenditure could cause a department or fund to be over budget. Also, the County Commissioner's would be unaware of the need to address a budget change, since the financial information presented for their review would not reflect proper balances.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend the County review their process of properly recording revenue and identify errors in the processing of these transactions. We also recommend the County have a responsible individual review the revenue transactions on a regular basis and propose adjustments (if needed) to the Clerk/Auditor.

#### County's Response:

We will make changes in the recording of revenue to proper accounts and assign a responsible individual to review the transactions. We may continue to use our auditors for training and education in this area, as long as it does not impede their ability to maintain their independence.

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS-MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None

|---| |--|

## CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT DECEMBER 31, 2008				annunga .		8		8
DISBURSEMENTS/ EXPENDITURES	2,500	292,352 100,637 662,677 221,811	37,186	7,006	7,006	30,970 9,677 40,647	1,023,444 9,715 5,488	1,038,647
RECEIPTS OR REVENUE DI RECGNIZED E	2,560 \$	292,352 100,637 662,677 221,811	37,186	7,006 \$	7,006 \$	30,970 \$	1,023,444 \$	1,038,647 \$
CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JANUARY 1, C 2008 R	69		\$	<b>\$</b>	\$	9 9	ω	S
PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	\$ 2,500	406,881 461,007 778,500 778,500 200	75,000			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 2,216,780 14,000 17,000	\$ 2,247,780
GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	ŧ	7 7 7 7 8	N/A	•		98-VOCA-07	3-49-0026-13	
FEDERAL CFDA	. 10.670	10.557 * 10.557 * 10.557 * 10.557 * 10.557 * 10.557 * 10.559	10.550	15.224		16.575	20.106 * 20.600 20.600	
FEDERAL GRANTORPASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE		WIC Administration and Nutrition (Note 2) WIC Administration and Nutrition (Note 2) WIC Food Vouchers (Note 2) WIC Food Vouchers (Note 2) Summer Food	Pass Through Southeastern Utah Association of Governments: USDA Cash in Lieu Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR Direct Program: Noxious Weed Act	Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Direct Program: Victims of Crime National Children's Alliance Total U.S. Department of Justice	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Direct Program: Federal Aviation Administration - Airport Improvements Pass through State Department. Highway Safety Project Highway Safety Project Sernic Byway Grans	Total U.S. Department of Transportation

## CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

EDERAL GRANTORPASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ <u>PROGRAM TITLE</u>	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JANUARY 1, 2008	RECEIPTS OR REVENUE RECOGNIZED	DISBURSEMENTS/.  EXPENDITURES	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT DECEMBER 31,
S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	જ						- -2 -
ass through State Department.	:				9000	007	-
TB Elimination	93.116	7 5	5 5,638 22 835		22.085	22.085	:
Hitinitizatoris	93.50	. T-7	22,835		22,085	22,085	
Cancer Promotion	93,283 *	; ; ;	22,475		10,054	10,054	
Cancer Promotion	93.283	3.	24,975		8,110	8,110	
Bioterrorism	93.283 *	08-0940	264,991		219,087	. 219,087	
Bioterrorism	93,283 *	09-1240	258,955		86,231	86,231	
Comprehensive Tobacco	93.283 *	G-v	33,990		13,262	13,262	
Comprehensive Tobacco	93.283 *	C3-V	33,990		19,787	19,787	
Bioterrorism MRC Development	<b>*</b> 63,889	07-1595	10,000		10,000	10,000	
CHEC	93.778	CI-I	23,612		14,123	14,123	
CHEC	93.778	CI-I	23,612		10,933	10,933	
Cons. Education & Assistance	93.778	CI-II	42,612		20,274	20,274	
Cons. Education & Assistance	93.778	CI-II	43,917		21,218	21,218	
HIV Counseling/Education	93,940	CS-III	1,000		1,000	1,000	
HDSP - CDC Cooperative	93.945	C3-II	50,000		260	260	
Sexually Transmitted Disease	93.977	CS-II	496		496	496	
Title XIX, Early Childhood	93.778	CI-III	34,650		9,183	9,183	
Title XIX, Early Childhood	93.778	CI-III	44,892		16,710	16,710	
Cancer Promotion	93.919	C3-I	3,000		2,088	2,088	
HDSP - Preventative Block Grant	93.991	3-11	23,333		10,560	10,560	
HDSP - Preventative Block Grant	93.991	C3-11	23,333		13,487	13,487	
PBG Injury Prevention	93,991	G-⊞	11,056		7,738	7,738	
PBG Injury Prevention	93,991	C3-III	11,196		3,671	3,671	
MCH Injmy Prevention	93.994	C3-III	31,468		22,024	22,024	
MCH Injury Prevention	93.994	C3-III	31,328		10,449	10,449	
P-5 Home Visitation	93.994	145 145	16,000		12,095	12,095	
P-5 Home Visitation	93.994	C4-I	16,000		4,515	. 4,515	
Community Based Services	93,994	C2-1	100,000		62,525	62,525	
Community Based Services	93.994	2	100,000		33,591	33,591	•
General Health	93.994	2	87,610		43,805	43,805	
General Health	93,994	2	87,610		43,805	43,805	

CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT DECEMBER 31, 2008	\$	· · ·	
DISBURSEMENTS/ EXPENDITURES	\$ 27,545 29,524 38,642 41,135 3,255 2,550 2,900 4,098 4,098 1,900	\$ 49,133	\$ 20,652 36,203 56,885
RECEIPTS OR REVENUE RECOGNIZED	\$ 27,545 \$ 29,524 38,642 41,135 3,255 2,550 2,990 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,098 4,09	\$ 49,133	\$ 20,652 36,203 \$ 56,855
CASHACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JANUARY 1, 2008	69	TO PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF	.:
PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	\$ 52,341 53,953 76,728 82,271 5,467 5,100 5,000 8,195 1,900 8,195 1,900 8,195 1,900	\$ 49,133	\$ 50,367 57,190 \$ 107,557
GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A AOG AOG AOG AOG AOG	440-F062/20	C2-II C2-II
FEDERAL CYDA NUMBER	755 93.044 93.044 93.045 93.045 93.667 93.667 93.667 93.667	94.002	84.181
FEDERAL GRANTORPASS-THROUGH GRANTOR	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Pass Through Southeastem Utah Association of Governments: Special Program of Aging - Support Services Support Services Title III, Nutrition Title III, Nutrition Title III, Nutrition Senior Health Social Services Block Grant - XX	CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL SERVICE Direct Program: Retired Senior Volunteer Program	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Pass through State Department: Early Intervention Early Intervention Total U.S. Department of Education

^{*} Major Programs

# CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT DECEMBER 31, 2008	<b>6</b> -7			67,
DISBURSEMENTS/ - EXPENDITURES	\$ 25,014	\$ 2,500	8 9,100	\$ 3,480,501
RECEIPTS OR REVENUE RECOGNIZED	\$ 25,014	\$ 2,500	\$ 9,100	\$ 3,480,501
CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JANUARY I. 2008	···	i. a managano a managan	8	8
PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	; (c)	- Paris	C. C	\$ 6,713,617
GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER				
FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	83,505	97,021 97,067		
FEDERAL GRANTORPASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ <u>PROGRAM TITLE</u>	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY Pass through State Department. FEMA	U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Direct Program: Hazardous Material Restitution Home Land Security	Total U.S. Departunt of Homeland Security	TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE

### CARBON COUNTY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of program activity of the County's federal award programs and does not necessarily present transactions that would be included in financial statements of the County presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as contemplated by generally accepted accounting principles.

#### 2. FOOD INSTRUMENTS

Amounts shown on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as WIC food vouchers are not direct cash expenditures of Carbon County. The Southeastern Utah Health District operates the Women, Infant and Children program. As part of this program the Health District distributes food instruments provided by the State of Utah that can be redeemed at local stores for food items. The dollar amounts, reported on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are the fair market value of the food instruments.

#### 3. MEDICAID CASE MANAGEMENT

Medicaid Case Management is reimbursed on a fee for service basis. Because of this type of payment, the revenue exceeds the expenses for this program. In order not to have an accrued revenue amount for these programs, additional expenses have been recorded.

#### CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### Finding 2007-1 Expenditures in excess of budget

See current year audit findings. Not corrected

#### Finding 2007-2 Deficit fund balances

See current year audit finding. Not corrected

#### Finding 2007-3 Accounts receivable – internal controls

Action has been taken and correction has been made.

#### SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
294 East 100 South
Price, Utah 84501
Phone (435) 637-1203 • FAX (435) 637-8708

CRAIG G. SMUIN, C.P.A. R. KIRT RICH, C.P.A. GREG MARSING, C.P.A. DOUGLAS RASMUSSEN, C.P.A.

MEMBERS

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

UTAH ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of County Commissioners - Carbon County Southeastern Utah District Health Department Price, Utah 84501

#### Ladies/Gentlemen:

The following comments and recommendations are a result of our review of the accounting procedures and internal controls in connection with our examination of the financial statements of Carbon County for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Since our review was made primarily to determine the scope of our auditing procedures and was not intended as a comprehensive study or evaluation of the systems and procedures, this memorandum should not be considered all inclusive.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss any items mentioned in this memorandum or any other accounting or procedural questions.

#### **CARBON COUNTY**

No further management comments.

#### SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH DEPARTMENT

#### CASH RECEIPT BOOK

While reviewing the cash receipts, we found voided receipts that did not have the original document attached to the copy. While we understand that mistakes are made in the receipting process, internal controls should require the original copy of the receipt to be attached to the voided receipt for supporting documentation.

We recommend the Health Department follow prescribed practices when voiding a receipt. If the original receipt is not available, then someone other than the person who has voided the receipt should write down, verify the reason(s) for the voided receipt and sign the documentation.

#### Clients' Response

The Health Department will continue to make every effort to obtain the original copy of the receipt and attach this to the copy. If the original is not available, we will follow the advice of the auditor and get adequate documentation to support the voided transaction.

#### **SUMMARY**

We feel the accounting procedures and internal control items mentioned above are some areas where Carbon County and Southeastern Utah District Health Department can make changes so as to further improve their internal control structures to safeguard the assets, check the accuracy and reliability of accounting data and promote operating efficiency.

Sincerely,

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING
MUN, Rich & MARSING

Price, Utah

August 15, 2009