CARBON COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

CARBON COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		<u>PAGE</u>
<u>OPINION</u>	Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
MD&A	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-11
BASIC FINAN	NCIAL STATEMENTS	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
EXHIBIT 1	Statement of Net Position	12-13
EXHIBIT 2	Statement of Activities	14
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
ЕХНІВІТ 3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
EXHIBIT 4	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	16
EXHIBIT 5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17
EXHIBIT 6	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
	Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
EXHIBIT 7	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	19
EXHIBIT 8	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	20
EXHIBIT 9	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	21
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
EXHIBIT 10	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	22
	Component Unit Fund Financial Statements:	
EXHIBIT 11	Statement of Net Position - Component Units	23
EXHIBIT 12	Statement of Activities - Component Units	24
	Notes to the Financial Statements	25-60

CARBON COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		<u>PAGE</u>
REQUIRED SI	UPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
EXHIBIT 13	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	61-65
EXHIBIT 14	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Southeastern Utah District Health Department	66
EXHIBIT 15	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Municipal Services Fund	67
EXHIBIT 16	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Municipal Building Authority	68
SUPPLEMENT	TARY INFORMATION	
	Combining Fund Statements and Schedules:	
SCHEDULE 1	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	69
SCHEDULE 2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	70
SCHEDULE 3	Combining Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	71
SCHEDULE 4	Schedule of Current Taxes Levied, Collected and Treasurer's Relief	72
SCHEDULE 5	Schedule of Contract Revenues/Expenditures - Southeastern Utah District Health Department	73-78
SUPPLEMENT	TAL STATE COMPLIANCE	
	Auditors' Report on State Compliance for State Grants	79-81
SCHEDULE 6	Schedule of Expenditures of State Grants	82
SCHEDULE 7	Schedule of Transient Room Tax Expenditures	83

CARBON COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		PAGE
	EPORTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES ACCORDING TO ACT AND GOVERNMENT AUDIT STANDARDS	
	Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control	
	Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of	
	Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
	Government Auditing Standards	84-85
	Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal	
	Control Over Compliance in Accordance with	
	OMB Circular A-133	86-88
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	89-91
SCHEDULE 7	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	92-95
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	96
	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	97

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County, Utah as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carbon County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Scofield Reservoir Special Service District, which represents .51 percent of the assets, net position and revenues of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activity. Those statements were unaudited and their reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Scofield Reservoir Special Service District, is based solely on the report provided. We conducted our audit, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to Carbon County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of American require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 12 and pages 64 through 71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Carbon County's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 15, 2014, on our consideration of Carbon County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Carbon County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING
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Price, Utah

August 15, 2014

CARBON COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

This discussion of Carbon County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ending December 31, 2013. This report is in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

The purpose of the County is to provide general services to its residents, which includes general government, public safety, public health, highways and public improvements, park and recreation, and economic development. Additional services provided to residents in the unincorporated areas include road maintenance and fire control.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Carbon County exceeded its liabilities as of December 31, 2013 by \$140,862,792 (net position), compared to \$136,484,989 as of December 31, 2012, an increase of \$4,377,803. Of this amount, \$9,825,418 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the governments' ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Current year net position increase by \$6,225,074.
- The government's total net position increased by \$6,225,074. Net position increased by \$2,490,214 in the prior year. The major difference between the two years was an increase in funding for capital projects and an increase in capital projects expenditures in 2013.
- At the close of the current year, the Carbon County governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$19,273,756, a decrease of \$186,869 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 23 percent of this total amount, \$4,436,915 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,436,915, or approximately 89.3 percent of total balance in the General Fund.
- Carbon County's total debt decreased \$786,556 during the current year, because new loan proceeds of \$130,116 were less than the payments of \$916,672.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. Government-wide financial statements consist of the following: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Fund financial statements, for governmental activities, tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. This report also contains notes and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Carbon County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of Carbon County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Carbon County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing revenues and expenditures of the County and how the government's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Carbon County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of Carbon County include general government, public safety, public health, highways and public improvements, parks and recreation, and economic development. The business-type activities of Carbon County are the County Court Complex.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Carbon County itself (known as the primary government), but also two legally separate special service districts, the Scofield Special Service District and the Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District, for which Carbon County is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Carbon County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Carbon County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

• Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Fund financial statements (Continued)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Carbon County maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, municipal services fund, Southeastern Utah District Health, Building Authority, and capital projects all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Carbon County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

- Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Carbon County uses an enterprise fund to account for its County Court Complex operations.
- Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Carbon County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.
- The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are part of the basic financial statements.
- Other information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Carbon County. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide financial analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Carbon County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$140,862,792 at December 31, 2013.

By far the largest portion of Carbon County's net position (86.8 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Carbon County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Carbon County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1
Net Position

									Total					
	 Government	al A	ctivities		Business-T	pe A	ctivities	Primary Government						
	2012		2013		2012		2013		2012		2013			
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 21,037,259 131,519,859	\$	21,837,903 137,119,789	\$	1,075,601 865,636	\$	1,139,532 862,285	\$	22,112,860 132,385,495	\$	22,977,435 137,982,074			
Total assets	\$ 152,557,118	\$	158,957,692	\$	1,941,237	\$	2,001,817	\$	154,498,355	\$	160,959,509			
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 15,422,694 2,496,706 17,919,400	\$ _\$	14,617,418 3,477,482 18,094,900	<u>\$</u>	93,966 93,966	<u>\$</u>	96,473 96,473	\$	15,422,694 2,590,672 18,013,366	\$	14,617,418 3,573,955 18,191,373			
Net position: Investment in capital assets, net of debt Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	\$ 115,896,279 7,786,356 10,955,083	\$	122,282,765 8,754,609 9,825,418	\$	865,636 981,635	\$	862,285 1,043,059	\$	116,761,915 8,767,991 10,955,083	\$	123,145,050 9,797,668 9,825,418			
Total net position	\$ 134,637,718	_\$	140,862,792	_\$	1,847,271	\$ 1,905,344		<u>\$</u>	136,484,989	\$	142,768,136			

A portion of Carbon County's net assets (6.2 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$9,825,418 may be used to meet the government's on-going obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the year, Carbon County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Government-wide financial analysis (Continued)

Governmental activities increased Carbon County's net position by \$6,225,074. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Table 2
Change in Net Position

		Governmen	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities									nment
		2012		2013		2012		2013		2012		2013
Revenues												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	7,633,840	\$	7,056,496	\$	184,928	\$	170,898	\$	7,818,768	\$	7,227,394
Operating grants and cont.		4,900,457		4,681,337						4,900,457		4,681,337
Capital grants and cont.		6,201,513		10,104,316						6,201,513		10,104,316
General Revenues:												
Property taxes		6,766,294		7,095,699						6,766,294		7,095,699
Sales taxes		1,971,556		1,954,979						1,971,556		1,954,979
Other general revenues		3,831,558		4,801,479			-			3,831,558		4,801,479
Total revenues	\$	31,305,218	\$	35,694,306	\$	184,928	\$	170,898	\$	31,490,146	\$	35,865,204
Program expenses												
General government	\$	6,081,262	s	6,043,704					\$	6,081,262	\$	6.042.704
Public safety	J	7,597,494	J	7,301,562					Ф	7,597,494	4	6,043,704 7,301,562
Public health		4,529,832		4,305,759						4,529,832		4,305,759
Highways and public improve.		7,038,357		8,121,144						7,038,357		8,121,144
Parks and recreation		2,518,669		2,638,281						2,518,669		2,638,281
Conservation & Econ. Dev.		482,147		544,668						482,147		544,668
Contributions and Misc.		103,530		514,114						103,530		514,114
Capital outlay		103,330		314,114						103,550		314,114
Interest on long-term liab.		738,522								738,522		
County Court Complex		750,522			\$	121,204	\$	112,825		121,204		112,825
county court complex	_		_		-	121,201		112,023		121,201		112,023
Total expenses	_\$_	29,089,813	_\$_	29,469,232	_\$_	121,204		112,825	\$	29,211,017	_\$_	29,582,057
Excess (deficiency) before												
transfers	\$	2,215,405	\$	6,225,074	\$	63,724	\$	58,073	\$	2,279,129	\$	6,283,147
				· · · ·		<u> </u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Change in net position	\$	2,215,405	\$	6,225,074	_\$_	63,724	_\$_	58,073	\$	2,279,129	_\$_	6,283,147
Net assets - beginning	\$	132,211,228	\$	134,637,718	\$	1,783,547	\$	1,847,271	\$	133,994,775	\$	136,484,989
Prior period adjustment		211,085										
Net assets - ending		134,637,718		140,862,792		1,847,271		1,905,344		136,273,904		142,768,136
Change in net position	\$	2,215,405	\$	6,225,074	\$	63,724	\$	58,073	\$	2,279,129	\$	6,283,147

Government-wide financial analysis (Continued)

For 2013 Carbon County experienced a decrease in growth totaling \$35,716,611 as reported to the State Tax Commission. This decrease in growth is due primarily to the value of centrally assessed property, which decreased \$22,842,686. Certified tax rates automatically adjust for the changes in centrally assessed property values.

Business-type activities increased Carbon County's net position by \$58,073. Key elements of this increase are shown in Table 2 Change in Net Position.

As noted earlier, Carbon County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds -The focus of Carbon County's governmental funds is to provide information
on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in
assessing Carbon County's financing requirements. In particular unreserved fund balance may
serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the
year.

At the end of the year, Carbon County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$19,273,756, which is a decrease of \$186,869 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately, 23.02 percent or \$4,436,915 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The general fund is the chief operating fund of Carbon County. At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$4,436,915.

• Proprietary funds - Carbon County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at year end amounted to \$1,043,059.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Changes from the original budget to the final are outlined below:

<u>Function</u>	 Original	 Final	 Inc. (Dec.)
General Government	\$ 6,153,852	\$ 6,200,492	\$ 46,640
Public Safety	3,269,400	3,440,860	171,460
Public Health	365,200	367,700	2,500
Highway and Public Improvements	1,353,200	1,358,700	5,500
Parks, recreation and public property	1,378,159	303,400	(1,074,759)
Conservation and Economic Development	60,544	60,544	
Contributions and miscellaneous	191,130	472,664	281,534
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,005,563)	 (2,839,832)	 (1,834,269)
Net		 	\$ (1,267,144)

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Carbon County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2013, amounts to \$137,119,790 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, rights of way, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, and infrastructure, which includes roads, highways, and bridges. The total increases in Carbon County's governmental activities capital assets for the current year was \$5,599,931.

Carbon County's investment in capital assets for its business-type activities as of December 31,2013, amounts to \$862,285 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and buildings. The total amount represents a decrease in Carbon County's business-type activities capital assets for the current year of \$3,351.

Table 3
Capital Assets at Year-end
(Net of Depreciation)

		Governmen	ctivities		Business-ty	pe Ac	tivities	Total Primary Government				
	2012			2013		2012		2013		2012	2013	
Right of ways	\$	1,401,918	\$	1,401,918					\$	1,401,918	\$	1,401,918
Land		1,867,894		1,867,894	\$	198,000	\$	198,000		2,065,894		2,065,894
Buildings		32,572,929		31,879,014		667,636		664,285		33,240,565		32,543,299
Improvements other												
than buildings		11,476,583		11,400,525						11,476,583		11,400,525
Machinery and equipment		7,489,776		6,652,364						7,489,776		6,652,364
Infrastructure		76,009,257		73,556,492						76,009,257		73,556,492
Water stock		146,000		146,000						146,000		146,000
Work in progress	n progress 555,502 10,215,58		10,215,583						555,502		10,215,583	
	\$	131,519,859	\$	137,119,790	\$	865,636	_\$_	862,285	\$	132,385,495	\$	137,982,075

Additional information on Carbon County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term debt

As presented in the schedule below, the total long-term debt of Carbon County as of December 31, 2013 was \$15,530,754, which included revenue bonds, capital leases and compensated absences.

Additional information on Carbon County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities	Total Primary Government					
	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013				
Revenue Bonds Compensated Absences	\$ 15,623,580 719,186	\$ 14,837,024 693,730			\$ 15,623,580 719,186	\$ 14,837,024 693,730				
	\$ 16,342,766	\$ 15,530,754	\$	\$	\$ 16,342,766	\$ 15,530,754				

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate for Carbon County in 2013 was 5.91%, a decrease of 1.29% from 2012. This is higher than the state's average unemployment rate of 4.43%, but lower than the national average of 7.4%. Population in Carbon County hit a low point in 2005 of 19,205 and has shown a slight increase in the following years. Population in Carbon County was approximately 21,233 in 2013.

Coal mining and oil and gas production have struggled due to poor prices and regulation. The County is actively encouraging development throughout the County to improve the economy in 2014.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Carbon County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Carbon County Clerk-Auditor, 120 East Main, Price, Utah, 84501.

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

		PRII						
		GOVERN- MENTAL ACTIVITIES		USINESS- TYPE CTIVITIES		TOTAL		OMPONENT UNITS
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,714,247	\$	1,139,532	\$	12,853,779	\$	1,293,673
Restricted - Cash and cash equivalents		3,909,631				3,909,631		10,143,331
Due from other governments		5,188,142				5,188,142		687,893
Taxes receivable		1,021,416						
Inventory of supplies		4,467				4,467		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):								
Land		1,867,894		198,000		2,065,894		1,681,614
Rights-of-way		1,401,918				1,401,918		41,550
Water stock		146,000				146,000		110,000
Works of art								11,500
Buildings		31,879,014		664,285		32,543,299		7,006,644
Improvements other than buildings		11,400,525				11,400,525		2,097,167
Fixtures and equipment		6,652,364				6,652,364		432,538
Work in progress		10,215,582				10,215,582		501,362
Infrastructure		73,556,492				73,556,492		
Total assets	_\$_	158,957,692	_\$_	2,001,817	_\$_	159,938,093	_\$_	24,007,272
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	1,656,104	\$	3,524	\$	1,659,628	\$	442,150
Accrued payroll		252,565		- 7-		252,565	-	
Accrued liabilities		535,058				535,058		6,537
Due to other governments		120,419				120,419		1,735,838
Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year		913,336				913,336		140,000
Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year		13,923,688				13,923,688		3,780,000
Compensated absences		693,730				693,730		2,758
Total liabilities	_\$_	18,094,900	_\$_	3,524	_\$_	18,098,424	_\$_	6,107,283
Deferred inflow of resources			_\$_	92,949	_\$_	92,949	_\$_	
Total liabilities and inflow of resources	\$	18,094,900	\$	96,473	\$_	18,191,373	\$	6,107,283

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

		PRIM	MARY	GOVERNM	1ENT		
		GOVERN- MENTAL CTIVITIES		USINESS- TYPE CTIVITIES		TOTAL	 OMPONENT UNITS
NET POSITION							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	122,282,765	\$	862,285	\$	123,145,050	\$ 7,962,375
Nonspendable:							
Inventory		4,467				4,467	
Restricted:							
Class "B" roads		2,948,763				2,948,763	
Economic development		517,304				517,304	
Municipal services		2,993,911				2,993,911	
Health care		357,586				357,586	
Capital projects		1,728,786				1,728,786	4,641,050
Landfill		97,580				97,580	
Debt service		995,629				995,629	186,670
Unrestricted		8,936,001		1,043,059		9,979,060	 5,109,894
Total net position	\$	140,862,792	\$	1,905,344	\$	142,768,136	\$ 17,899,989

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		PROGRAM REVENUES						NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE & CHANGES IN NET POSITION							
			OPI	ERATING	(CAPITAL		PRIN							
Function/Programs	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES		RANTS AND RIBUTIONS		GRANTS AND TRIBUTIONS		VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			TOTAL	co	MPONENTS UNITS	
Primary government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Highways and public improvements Public health Parks and recreation Conservation and economic development Contributions and miscellaneous Intergovernmental Interest on long-term liabilities	\$ 6,043,704 7,301,562 8,121,144 4,305,759 2,638,281 544,668 514,114	\$ 226,236 1,779,187 3,881,541 850,258 319,274	\$	527,763 1,126,077 2,685,884 310,413 31,200	\$	171,399 9,932,917	\$	(5,817,468) (4,823,213) 6,819,391 (769,617) (2,008,594) (513,468) (514,114)			\$	(5,817,468) (4,823,213) 6,819,391 (769,617) (2,008,594) (513,468) (514,114)	\$	(4,247,473) (3,653,314) (650,419) (6,773)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 29,469,232	\$ 7,056,496	\$	4,681,337	\$	10,104,316	s	(7,627,083)	\$		\$	(7,627,083)	<u>s</u>	(8,557,979)	
Business-type activities: County Court Complex	\$ 112,825	\$ 170,898							\$	58,073	<u>s</u>	58,073			
Total business-type activities	\$ 112,825	\$ 170,898	\$		_\$		_\$		\$	58,073	\$	58,073			
Total primary government	\$ 29,582,057	\$ 7,227,394	\$	4,681,337	<u>\$</u>	10,104,316	\$	(7,627,083)		58,073	\$	(7,569,010)			
Component Units: Scofield Reservoir Special Service District													_\$	(25,153)	
Total component units	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>s</u>		\$		<u> </u>		\$_			(25,153)	
	General revenues Property taxes State PILT Federal PILT Sales taxes Miscellaneous						\$	7,095,699 126,870 1,049,658 1,954,979 262,209			\$	7,095,699 126,870 1,049,658 1,954,979 262,209	\$	120,419	
	Unrestricted in Royalties and r	vestment earning	-					53,928 2,331,285 (41,435)				53,928 2,331,285 (41,435)		72,620 (32,554)	
	Miscellaneous Mineral reserve		icis					515,810 503,154				515,810 503,154		5,636,675	
	Total general	l revenues and tra	ansfers				\$	13,852,157	\$		\$	13,852,157	s	5,797,160	
	Change in	net position					\$	6,225,074	\$	58,073	\$	6,283,147	\$	(2,785,972)	
	Net position - be	ginning						134,637,718		1,847,271		136,484,989		20,685,961	
	Net position - en	ding					<u>s</u>	140,862,792	<u>s</u>	1,905,344	<u>\$</u>	142,768,136	\$	17,899,989	

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

SOUTHEASTERN

<u>ASSETS</u>	GENERAL FUND	D	THEASTERN UTAH ISTRICT IEALTH		IUNICIPAL SERVICES		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		BUILDING UTHORITY	GOV	OTHER ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GO'	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net):	\$ 4,376,778	s	600,011	\$	2,725,951	\$	1,177,553 205,794	\$	1,738,322 729,697	\$	1,695,642 2,374,129	\$	11,714,246 3,909,631
Taxes	973,330				48.086								1,021,416
Other	500,684		157,375		1,337,994		671,243		923,125		105,874		3,696,295
Due from other government agencies					1,491,847				,		,		1,491,847
Inventories			4,467			_							4,467
Total assets	\$ 5,850,792	\$	761,853		5,603,878	<u>\$</u>	2,054,590	_\$_	3,391,144		4,175,645	\$	21,837,902
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable	\$ 383,826	\$	55,365	\$	240,595	\$	325,804	\$	559,597	s	90,917	\$	1,656,104
Accrued payroll	129,558	Ψ	41,176	•	81,831	•	323,004	•	337,371	•	70,717	•	252,565
Accrued liabilities	248,264		37,327		145,121						104,346		535,058
Due to other governments	120,419												120,419
Total liabilities	\$ 882,067	s	133,868	\$	467,547	\$	325,804	\$	559,597	\$	195,263	\$	2,564,146
Fund balances:													
Nonspendable: Inventory		\$	1 167									•	4.467
Restricted:		3	4,467									\$	4,467
Class "B" Road				•	2,948,763								2,948,763
Debt service reserve				•	2,948,703			s	729,697				2,948,763 729,697
Permanent funds								3	129,091	\$	2,375,006		
Committed:										3	2,373,000		2,375,006
Landfill	\$ 97,580												97,580
Municipal services	J 71,500				2,187,568								2,187,568
Building Authority					2,107,500				2,101,850				2,101,850
RDA Development									2,101,030		519,035		519,035
Assigned:											317,033		317,033
Economic Development - restaurant tax	517,304										446,533		963,837
Economic Development - other	,										23,365		23,365
Health Care			357,586										357,586
Debt service			265,932										265,932
Capital projects			,			\$	1,728,786						1,728,786
Parks and recreation						-	-,,				513,183		513,183
Emergency services											19,143		19,143
Aging programs											84,117		84,117
Unassigned:											•		,
General	4,353,841					_		_					4,353,841
Total fund balances	\$ 4,968,725	<u>\$</u>	627,985	_\$_	5,136,331	_\$_	1,728,786		2,831,547		3,980,382	_\$	19,273,756
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,850,792	<u>s</u>	761,853	\$	5,603,878		2,054,590	\$	3,391,144	<u>\$</u>	4,175,645	<u>\$</u>	21,837,902

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

Total fund balances - governmental fund types:

\$ 19,273,756

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land	\$ 1,867,894
Rights of Way	1,401,918
Water stock	146,000
Buildings	31,879,014
Improvements other than buildings	11,400,525
Fixtures and equipment	6,652,364
Work in progress	10,215,583
Infrastructure	 73,556,492

Total 137,119,790

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year	\$ (913,336)
Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year	(13,923,688)
Compensated absenses	(693,730)

Total (15,530,754)

Net position of government activities \$140,862,792

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

SOUTHEASTERN

Page		GENERAL FUND		UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH	MUNICIPAL SERVICES	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		BUILDING UTHORITY	GOV	OTHER /ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
Part	REVENUES:											
Interpovermmental revenues	Taxes	\$ 7,736,498			\$ 1,332,680				\$	243,709	\$	9,312,887
Charge for services 1,340,235 667,705 116,952	Licenses and permits	44,694			50,923							95,617
Part	Intergovernmental revenues	1,165,389	\$	2,438,196	6,049,475	\$ 5,301,657	\$	2,815,517		585,651		18,355,885
Mirecest income 33,279 1,257 8,455 1,000,000 314,000 3,650 2,161,014 Miscellaneous 212,405 1,000,000 631,899 314,000 3,650 2,297,138 111,922 111,922 111,922 111,922 111,922 111,922 111,922 111,922 111,923 1	Charges for services	1,340,235		667,705	116,952					585,518		2,710,410
Contributions Contribution	Fines and forfeitures	231,804										231,804
No.	Interest income	33,279		1,257	8,455					10,937		53,928
Total revenues \$\frac{\$\frac{\$1}{3},\frac{5}{1},\frac{5}{2}}{2}\$	Contributions	212,405			1,000,000	631,859		314,000		3,650		2,161,914
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government	Miscellaneous	2,751,518		19,693	111,932		_	47,599		26,396		2,957,138
Current: General government	Total revenues	\$ 13,515,822	\$	3,126,851	\$ 8,670,417	\$ 5,933,516		3,177,116	\$	1,455,861	\$	35,879,583
Second government	EXPENDITURES:											
Public safety	Current:											
Highways and public improvements	General government	\$ 5,702,258			\$ 93,217						\$	5,795,475
Public health 254,515 \$ 3,045,414 935,580 4,235,599 Parks, recreation, and public property 226,318 226,318 3,045,414 1,862,730 2,089,048 2,089,0	Public safety	3,357,414			3,601,187				\$	221,547		7,180,148
Parks, recreation, and public property Contributions and economic development Capital outlay S 6,900,285 S 3,467,396 S 10,367,681 S 14,114 Principal retirement S 11,346,436 S 3,071,086 S 6,895,164 S 6,900,285 S 4,358,396 S 3,495,085 S 36,066,452 S 1,775,253 S (966,769) S (1,181,280) S (2,039,224) S (186,869) S 17 ansfers out S (2,036,696) S 1,775,253 S (966,769) S (1,181,280) S 2,136,696 S 1,366,696 S 1,366,696 S 1,775,253 S (966,769) S (1,181,280) S (2,036,696) S 1,366,696 S 1,366,696 S 1,775,253 S (966,769) S (1,181,280) S (2,036,696) S 1,366,696 S 1	Highways and public improvements	1,231,439			3,200,760							4,432,199
Conservation and economic development 60,378	Public health	254,515	\$	3,045,414						935,580		4,235,509
Capital outlay Contributions and miscellaneous Principal retirement 514,114 Principal retirement \$ 6,900,285 Principal	Parks, recreation, and public property	226,318								1,862,730		2,089,048
Contributions and miscellaneous 514,114 25,672 891,000 916,672	Conservation and economic development	60,378								475,228		535,606
Principal retirement 25,672 891,000 916,672 Total expenditures \$11,346,436 \$ 3,071,086 \$ 6,895,164 \$ 6,900,285 \$ 4,358,396 \$ 3,495,085 \$ 36,066,452 Excess revenues over (under) expenditures \$2,169,386 \$ 55,765 \$ 1,775,253 \$ (966,769) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,039,224) \$ (186,869) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out \$ (2,036,696) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,136,696 \$ 2,136,696 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (2,036,696) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,036,696 \$ Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses \$ 132,690 \$ 55,765 \$ 1,775,253 \$ (966,769) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,528) \$ (186,869) FUND BALANCES - beginning of year \$ 4,836,035 \$ 572,220 \$ 3,361,078 \$ 2,695,555 \$ 4,012,827 \$ 3,982,910 \$ 19,460,625	•					\$ 6,900,285	\$	3,467,396				10,367,681
Total expenditures \$11,346,436 \$ 3,071,086 \$ 6,895,164 \$ 6,900,285 \$ 4,358,396 \$ 3,495,085 \$ 36,066,452 Excess revenues over (under) expenditures \$2,169,386 \$ 55,765 \$ 1,775,253 \$ (966,769) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,039,224) \$ (186,869) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	Contributions and miscellaneous	514,114										514,114
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 2,169,386 \$ 55,765 \$ 1,775,253 \$ (966,769) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,039,224) \$ (186,869) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,039,224) \$ (186,869) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,039,224) \$ (186,869) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,136,696) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,136,696) \$ (2,136,696) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,136,696) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,136,696) \$ (2,	Principal retirement			25,672				891,000				916,672
expenditures \$ 2,169,386 \$ 55,765 \$ 1,775,253 \$ (966,769) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,039,224) \$ (186,869) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out \$ (2,036,696) <td< td=""><td>Total expenditures</td><td>\$ 11,346,436</td><td>_\$</td><td>3,071,086</td><td>\$ 6,895,164</td><td>\$ 6,900,285</td><td>_\$_</td><td>4,358,396</td><td>\$</td><td>3,495,085</td><td>\$</td><td>36,066,452</td></td<>	Total expenditures	\$ 11,346,436	_\$	3,071,086	\$ 6,895,164	\$ 6,900,285	_\$_	4,358,396	\$	3,495,085	\$	36,066,452
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out \$ (2,036,696) \$ 2,136,696 (100,000) \$ (2,136,696) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (2,036,696) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,036,696 \$ Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses \$ 132,690 \$ 55,765 \$ 1,775,253 \$ (966,769) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,528) \$ (186,869) FUND BALANCES - beginning of year 4,836,035 572,220 3,361,078 2,695,555 4,012,827 3,982,910 19,460,625												
Transfers in Transfers out \$ (2,036,696)	expenditures	\$ 2,169,386	_\$	55,765	\$ 1,775,253	\$ (966,769)		(1,181,280)	-\$	(2,039,224)	_\$	(186,869)
Transfers out \$ (2,036,696) (100,000) (2,136,696) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (2,036,696) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,036,696 \$ Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses \$ 132,690 \$ 55,765 \$ 1,775,253 \$ (966,769) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,528) \$ (186,869) FUND BALANCES - beginning of year 4,836,035 572,220 3,361,078 2,695,555 4,012,827 3,982,910 19,460,625												
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (2,036,696) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,036,696 \$ Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses \$ 132,690 \$ 55,765 \$ 1,775,253 \$ (966,769) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,528) \$ (186,869) FUND BALANCES - beginning of year 4,836,035 572,220 3,361,078 2,695,555 4,012,827 3,982,910 19,460,625	Transfers in								\$	2,136,696	\$	2,136,696
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses \$ 132,690 \$ 55,765 \$ 1,775,253 \$ (966,769) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,528) \$ (186,869) \$ FUND BALANCES - beginning of year 4,836,035 572,220 3,361,078 2,695,555 4,012,827 3,982,910 19,460,625	Transfers out	\$ (2,036,696)								(100,000)		(2,136,696)
over (under) expenditures and other uses \$ 132,690 \$ 55,765 \$ 1,775,253 \$ (966,769) \$ (1,181,280) \$ (2,528) \$ (186,869) FUND BALANCES - beginning of year 4,836,035 572,220 3,361,078 2,695,555 4,012,827 3,982,910 19,460,625	Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (2,036,696)	\$	***	<u> </u>	<u>s</u>			\$	2,036,696	_\$	···
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year 4,836,035 572,220 3,361,078 2,695,555 4,012,827 3,982,910 19,460,625	Excess of revenues and other sources											
	over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ 132,690	\$	55,765	\$ 1,775,253	\$ (966,769)	\$	(1,181,280)	\$	(2,528)	\$	(186,869)
FUND BALANCES - end of year \$ 4,968,725 \$ 627,985 \$ 5,136,331 \$ 1,728,786 \$ 2,831,547 \$ 3,980,382 \$ 19,273,756	FUND BALANCES - beginning of year	4,836,035		572,220	3,361,078	2,695,555		4,012,827		3,982,910		19,460,625
	FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$ 4,968,725	<u>\$</u>	627,985	\$ 5,136,331	\$ 1,728,786	\$	2,831,547	\$	3,980,382	\$	19,273,756

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

\$ 6,225,074

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CHANGES RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Change in net position of governmental activities

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (186,869)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
General government	\$ 294,761	
Public safety	234,085	
Public health	42,988	
Highways	387,298	
Parks and recreation	48,692	
Conservation and economic development	10,034,393	
Total assets shown as expenditures	\$ 11,042,217	
Less: depreciation	(5,387,125)	
Difference between expenditure and depreciation		5,655,092
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e., sales, trade ins, and donation) is to increase net position.		(55,160)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provide current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of		
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.		
Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the		
net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		786,556
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.	-	25,455
		h (00 * 0 = :

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUND COUNTY COURT COMPLEX			
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,139,532		
Total current assets	_\$	1,139,532		
Noncurrent assets:				
Land	\$	198,000		
Buildings	·	1,576,152		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		326,762		
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,238,629)		
Total noncurrent assets	\$	862,285		
Total assets	\$	2,001,817		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	3,524		
Total current liabilities	\$	3,524		
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$			
Total liabilities	\$	3,524		
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$</u>	92,949		
Total liabilities and inflows of resources	\$	96,473		
Net Position:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	\$	862,285 1,043,059		
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	1,905,344		

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	AC ENTER	INESS-TYPE TIVITIES - EPRISE FUNDS COUNTY COURT OMPLEX
Operating revenues:		
Rental income	\$	170,898
Total operating revenues	\$	170,898
Operating expenses:		
Utilities	\$	41,657
Repairs and maintenance		17,967
Depreciation	440	53,201
Total operating expenses	\$	112,825
Operating income (loss)	\$	58,073
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	 .	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	
Income (loss) before contributions		
and transfers	_\$	58,073
Change in net position	\$	58,073
Total net position - beginning	***************************************	1,847,271
Total net position - ending	\$	1,905,344

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
	COUNTY COURT COMPLEX				
		OWITELA			
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Receipts from customers	\$	170,898			
Payments to suppliers		(57,117)			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	113,781			
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets	\$	(49,850)			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related					
financing activities	\$	(49,850)			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	63,931			
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1		1,075,601			
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$	1,139,532			
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	58,073			
Adjustments to reconcile operating					
income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by					
operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	\$	53,201			
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable		2,507			
Total adjustments	\$	55,708			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	113,781			

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

		AGENCY FUNDS		
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	4,939,532 115,732		
Total assets	\$	5,055,264		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts payable Precinct fees, bail and bonds payable Due taxing units Miscellaneous reimbursements Due to other governments and agencies	\$	2,395 55,111 3,575,140 69,801 1,352,817		
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	5,055,264		

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	SCOFIELD RESERVIOR SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT		REC TRAN SPEC	BON COUNTY CREATION & NSPORTATION CIAL SERVICE DISTRICT	TOTAL		
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted - Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$	225,352 7,033	\$	1,068,321 10,143,331 680,860	\$	1,293,673 10,143,331 7,033 680,860	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Rights-of-way Buildings Equipment		16,128		1,665,486 41,550 7,006,644 432,538		1,681,614 41,550 7,006,644 432,538	
Sewer systems and improvements Improvements other than buildings Works of art Water stock Work in progress		487,750		1,609,417 11,500 110,000 501,362		487,750 1,609,417 11,500 110,000 501,362	
Total assets	\$	736,263	\$	23,271,009	\$	24,007,272	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts payable Accrued liabilites Due to other governments Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year Cmpensated absences	\$	6,205	\$	435,945 6,537 1,735,838 140,000 3,780,000 2,758	\$	442,150 6,537 1,735,838 140,000 3,780,000 2,758	
Total liabilities	\$	6,205	\$	6,101,078	\$	6,107,283	
NET POSITION							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Debt service	\$	503,878	\$	7,458,497 186,670	\$	7,962,375 186,670	
Capital projects Unrestricted		226,180		4,641,050 4,883,714		4,641,050 5,109,894	
						_	
Total net position	\$	730,058	\$	17,169,931		17,899,989	

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE &

				CHANGES IN NET ASSETS						
			PROGRAM REVENUES			PR	IMARY G	OVERNMENT		
Function/Programs	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES		AL GRANTS AND RIBUTIONS		ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES		NESS-TYPE TIVITIES		TOTAL
Governmental activities: Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District Highways and public improvements Parks, recreation and public improvements	\$ 4,659,165 3,821,501	\$ 411,692 140,000		28,187	\$	(4,247,473) (3,653,314)			\$	(4,247,473) (3,653,314)
Intergovernmental Interest on long term liabilities	650,419 6,773		-			(650,419) (6,773)				(650,419) (6,773)
Total governmental activities	\$ 9,137,858	\$ 551,692	<u> </u>	28,187	_\$	(8,557,979)	\$		_\$_	(8,557,979)
Business-type activities: Scofield Reservoir Special Service District	\$ 76,648	\$ 51,495	<u> </u>				\$	(25,153)	_\$	(25,153)
Total business-type activities	\$ 76,648	\$ 51,495	\$		\$		\$	(25,153)	\$	(25,153)
Total component units	\$ 9,214,506	\$ 603,187	<u> </u>	28,187	\$	(8,557,979)	\$	(25,153)	\$	(8,583,132)
	General revenues: Mineral lease rev State PILT Gain (loss) on as Investment earni	set disposal			\$	5,636,675 120,419 (32,554) 71,394	\$	1,226	\$	5,636,675 120,419 (32,554) 72,620
	Total general r	evenues and transi	ers		\$	5,795,934	\$	1,226	\$	5,797,160
	Change in ne	t assets			\$	(2,762,045)	\$	(23,927)	\$	(2,785,972)
	Net positon - begir	nning				19,931,976		753,985		20,685,961
	Net position - endi	ng			\$	17,169,931	\$	730,058	<u>\$</u>	17,899,989

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of Carbon County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. Certain significant changes in the Statement include the following:

• The financial statements include:

A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) providing an analysis of the County's overall financial position and results of operations.

Financial statements prepared using full-accrual accounting for all the County's activities.

• A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including the notes to financial statements).

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Carbon County has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards and commissions. The County has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on the County.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units. The component units are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County. Complete financial statements of the individual component units, which issued separate financial statements, as noted below, can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

The following County Districts had separately issued financial statements and were audited or had financial statements compiled or reviewed by other independent auditors:

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Price River Water Improvement District and Carbon Water Conservancy District - The water conservancy districts were created for the conservation and development of the water and land resources of Utah and for the greatest beneficial use of water within the state. Water conservancy districts are created under the "Water Conservancy Act". The Districts' were audited or had financial statements compiled or reviewed by other independent auditors and issued under separate cover.

Blended Component Units

These component units are entities, which are legally separate from the County, but are so intertwined with the County that they are, in substance, the same as the County. They are reported as part of the County and blended into the appropriate funds.

<u>Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County</u> - The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County was created by the County Commission as a body politic and corporate for the purpose of financing, owning, leasing, or operating facilities to meet the needs of the County government. It is comprised of a governing body that has been appointed by the County Commission and may be removed and replaced at any time by its discretion.

Southeastern Utah District Health - State law allows the creation of multi-county health departments. Local health departments are responsible within their boundaries for providing, directly or indirectly, basic public health services. The County Commissioner within the boundaries of the health district appoints the health district board.

Discrete Component Units

These component units are entities which are legally separate from the County, but are financially accountable to the County, or whose relationships with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Component Units columns of the combined financial statements include the financial data of these entities.

Scofield Reservoir Special Service District

The District was created by the Carbon County Commission under state statute. They have a seven-member board. There primary purpose and function is to provide a waste disposal system for the residence in and around Scofield Reservoir. The District's review report can be obtained at 65 S 100 E, Price Utah 84501

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District

The District was created by the adoption of a resolution establishing a service district. The District has been established as a separate body politic and corporate. The County appointed the District's governing board. The District was created for the purpose of providing services for recreation, transportation, garbage, fire protection, dispatch and animal control, within the District's boundaries. The District was audited and their report has been issued under separate cover from Carbon County Rec/Trans SS District, located at 65 S 100 E, Price Utah 84501

Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District LBA

The District's Local Building Authority was created by the CCR & TSSD Board as a body politic for the purpose of financing, owning, leasing, or operating facilities to meet the needs of the District. It is comprised of a governing body that has been appointed by the District Board and may be removed and replaced at any time by its discretion. The District was audited and their report can be reviewed at 65 S 100 E, Price Utah 84501

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Accounting

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Direct expenses can include certain indirect costs (administrative overhead charges) that are automatically allocated to the various functions. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, component funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The remaining governmental and enterprise funds are combined into a single column and reported as other (non-major) funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar, items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statement, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt of the County are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than an expenditure in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means that amounts can be reasonably determined within the current period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Exceptions to this general rule include accumulated unpaid compensated absences and principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund The General Fund accounts for all activities not accounted for by other funds of the County. The principal source of revenue for this fund is property taxes.
- Southeastern Utah District Health Fund The Southeastern Utah District Health Fund is
 used to account for revenues and expenditures used to provide basic public health
 services.
- Local Building Authority The Local Building Authority activities encompasses
 various real estate properties which have been constructed and leased to other county
 operations and outside entities. The Authority is also involved with several road and
 infrastructure projects.
- Municipal Service Fund This fund is used to account the various activities of the County including; protective services, highway and roads, etc. Major revenue sources are taxes, charges for services, state allotments, and operating grants.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

 Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects fund accounts for funds received from contributions, transfers and debt proceeds. These funds are then used for capital expenditures on the County.

The County's non-major governmental funds include other special revenue funds. The non-major special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures, for specified purposes.

<u>Proprietary Fund Financial Statements</u> – The financial statements of the proprietary funds are reported similar to the government-wide financial statements in that they both use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing goods and services relating to the primary operations of the proprietary fund. Other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other organizations or individuals. These statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Agency Funds – Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an
agent for other governments, private organizations, or individuals. Agency Funds are
custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of
operations.

Interfund Transactions – Interfund transactions represent transactions between different funds within the County. In general, interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in an effort to minimize the doubling-up of revenues and expenditures resulting from such transactions. Interfund services provided and used between different functional categories, however, have not been eliminated from the government-wide financial statement so as not to distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the various functions concerned.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities are reported at the net amount in the government-wide statement of activities. Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the government-wide statement of net assets.

<u>Program Revenues/Operating Revenues and Expenses From Non-Operating Items</u> — Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for fees, rental, material, supplies, or services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all property taxes.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

D. Budgetary Data

Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for all governmental funds and on the accrual basis for proprietary funds. Budgets are not adopted for the agency fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. A formal budget is adopted for all funds, which require a budget: all general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, permanent funds and enterprise funds. The budget is a complete financial plan, which identifies all estimated revenues and all appropriations for expenditure for the year. The budget must balance, that is estimated revenues and other financing sources must equal appropriated expenditures.
- 2. By November 1, the County Auditor submits to the Board of County Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year for all funds beginning January 1.
- 3. The Board of County Commissioners discusses and approves the budget and sets a date for a public hearing on the proposed budget.
- 4. A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments and the budget is adopted.
- 5. The Commission can transfer budgeted amounts between line items or departments by resolution, but any action that increases the total general fund budget must be approved by resolution only after a public hearing. (The budgets of other funds may be increased after giving public notice).

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and investment management in the County is administered by the County Treasurer in accordance with the Utah Money Management Act, Section 51-7 of the Utah code. The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, including investments in the Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF).

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Statements of cash flow are presented for proprietary funds under the direct method.

F. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are accounted for under the consumption method where inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

G. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, but unused, vacation and sick pay benefits. An estimate of sick leave liability and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds and reported as a liability.

Employees can carry over up to 192 hours of unused vacation from one year to the next. Hours that exceed the 192 hours are lost if unused. Employees can carry over unlimited hours of unused sick leave from one year to the next. However, employees will only be paid for unused sick leave upon termination or retirement, at a rate of 4 to 1 or one month's base salary at their then current rate of pay, whichever is less.

Accrued unpaid vacation pay and other employee benefit amounts, which vest to the employee in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities total \$693,730.

H. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, rights of ways, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure (roads and bridges). These assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements in the relevant column on the Statement of Net Assets under governmental or business activities. Proprietary fund capital assets are also reported in the appropriate fund statements. Capital assets acquired by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. The capitalization threshold for personal property is defined to be assets with a useful life of at least one year and costing at least \$5,000. Assets purchased or constructed are generally recorded at cost. If precise cost is not available (as was the case with certain infrastructure), the asset is recorded at estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

When constructing capital assets, interest expense incurred relating to governmental or proprietary activities is not capitalized.

I. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations for proprietary funds and is charged to the various functional expenses or business-type activities in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund and government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful live are as follows:

Buildings	20-50 years
Improvements	15-40 years
Equipment	5-10 years
Infrastructure, (bridges)	20-50 years

J. Net Position/Fund Balances

The difference between assets and liabilities is "Net Position" on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and "Fund Balance" on the governmental fund financial statements. Net position is divided into invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted, and unrestricted. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are placed upon them by external parties or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as reserved, unreserved designated, or unreserved undesignated. Reserves represent those portions of fund balance not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

2. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

Primary Government	BEGINNING			ENDING
Governmental activities:	BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	BALANCE
Control control and being demanded.				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1.867.894			\$ 1.867.894
Rights of Way	-,,			+ 1,007,07
Water stock	1,401,918 146,000			1,401,918 146,000
Construction in progress	555,502	\$ 9,660,081		10,215,583
Construction in progress		\$ 9,000,081		10,213,363
Total capital assets not				
not being depreciated	\$ 3,971,314	\$ 9,660,081	\$	\$ 13,631,395
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 41,787,340	\$ 333,530		\$ 42,120,870
Improvements other than buildings	18,760,691	410,003		19,170,694
Machinery and equipment	20,293,506	638,604	\$ (456,289)	20,475,821
Infrastructure (Roads & Bridges)	157,367,458	,	(100,200)	157,367,458
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Total capital assets				
being depreciated	\$238,208,995	\$ 1,382,137	\$ (456,289)	\$239,134,843
Loop and an addition from				
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	\$ 9.214.411	¢ 1.027.445		£ 10.241.057
Improvements other than buildings	\$ 9,214,411 7,284,108	\$ 1,027,445 486,061		\$ 10,241,856 7,770,169
Machinery and equipment	12,803,731	1,420,855	\$ (401,129)	13,823,457
Infrastructure (Roads & Bridges)	81,358,202	2,452,764	φ (401,129)	83,810,966
imastructure (Roads & Bridges)	61,556,202	2,432,704		83,810,900
Total accumulated depreciation	\$110,660,452	\$ 5,387,125	\$ (401,129)	\$115,646,448
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	\$127,548,543	\$ (4,004,988)	\$ (55,160)	\$123,488,395
being depreciated, net	φ127,340,343	ψ (4,004,700)	a (33,100)	ψ123,400,393
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$131,519,857	\$ 5,655,093	\$ (55,160)	\$137,119,790

2. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	В	EGINNING]	ENDING
Business-type activities:	B	ALANCE	INC	REASES	DE	CREASES	B	ALANCE
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	198,000						198,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	198,000	\$		_\$_		\$	198,000
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	1,576,152					\$	1,576,152
Machinery and equipment		277,182	\$	49,850				327,032
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	1,853,334	\$	49,850	\$		\$	1,903,184
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	1,043,086	\$	39,404			\$	1,082,490
Machinery and equipment		142,342		13,797				156,139
Total accumulated depreciation	_\$_	1,185,428	\$	53,201	\$	•••	\$	1,238,629
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		667,906	\$	(3,351)	\$		\$	664,555
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	865,906	\$	(3,351)	_\$_		\$	862,555
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/p	rogram	s of the primary	govern	nment as foll	ows:			
Governmental activities:								
General government					\$	552,432		
Public safety						371,513		
Public Health						87,566		
Highways and public improvements						4,101,915		
Parks and recreation						264,637		
Conservation and economic development						9,062		
Total depreciation expense - governmental	activitie	es			\$	5,387,125		
Business-type activities:								
County Court Complex					\$	53,201		
Total depreciation expense - Business-Type	e Activi	ties			\$	53,201		
Total depreciation expense					\$	5,440,326		

2. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Component units:	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and rights of way	\$ 1,723,164		\$ 1,723,164	
Water stock	110,000		110,000	
Works of art	11,500		11,500	
Work in progress	357,736	\$ 143,626	501,362	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 2,202,400	\$ 143,626 \$	\$ 2,346,026	
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 7,648,130		\$ 7,648,130	
Improvements other than buildings	3,844,967	\$ 89,445	3,934,412	
Machinery and equipment	871,856	66,236 \$ (135,100)	802,992	
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 12,364,953	\$ 155,681 \$ (135,100)	\$ 12,385,534	
		₩		
Less accumulated depreciation for:	450.00 2	4 101 202	6 (41.40)	
Buildings	\$ 450,283	\$ 191,203	\$ 641,486	
Improvements other than buildings	1,692,370	144,874	1,837,244	
Machinery and equipment	417,689	55,312 \$ (102,547)	370,454	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,560,342	\$ 391,389 \$ (102,547)	\$ 2,849,184	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 9,804,611	\$ (235,708) \$ (32,553)	\$ 9,536,350	
Component units capital assets, net	\$ 12,007,011	\$ (92,082) \$ (32,553)	\$ 11,882,376	

Depreciation expense was recorded as an expense for the following component units:

Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District	\$	358,889
Scofield Reservoir Special Service District		32,500
Total depreciation expense	_\$_	391,389

3. **LONG-TERM DEBT**

Primary Government

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	 Gove	ernment	al Activ	vities			Bu	siness-t	ype Activ	ities	
December 31,	 Principal	Inte	rest		Total	Pri	ncipal	In	terest	T	otal
2014	\$ 913,336			\$	913,336						
2015	913,336				913,336						
2016	913,336				913,336						
2017	913,336				913,336						
2018	910,000				910,000						
2019-2023	4,545,000				4,545,000						
2024-2028	3,773,695				3,773,695						
2029-2033	1,023,000				1,023,000						
2034-2038	595,000				595,000						
2039-2041	 336,985				336,985						
	\$ 14,837,024	\$	<u></u>	\$	14,837,024	\$	144	\$	***	\$	***

Revenue Bonds – Revenue Bonds payable at December 31, 2013, with their outstanding balances are comprised of the following individual issues:

CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2001A (ACTIVE RE-ENTRY BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$400,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct an office building. The building will be leased to Active Re-Entry, a non-profit corporation.

DATE	INT	EREST	PRINCIPAL		 TOTAL
09-01-14			\$	16,000	\$ 16,000
09-01-15				16,000	16,000
09-01-16				16,000	16,000
09-01-17				16,000	16,000
09-01-18				16,000	16,000
2019-2023				80,000	80,000
2024-2026				47,190	 47,190
	\$		\$	207,190	 207,190

<u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2001B</u> (FAIRGROUNDS BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$120,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing. The proceeds will be used to construct buildings at the Carbon County Fairgrounds. The buildings will be leased to Carbon County.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
09-01-14		\$	6,000	\$	6,000
09-01-15			6,000		6,000
09-01-16			6,000		6,000
09-01-17			6,000		6,000
09-01-18			6,000		6,000
2019-2022			24,000		24,000
	<u>\$</u>	\$	54,000	\$	54,000

<u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006A</u> (<u>EMERGENCY SERVICES BUILDING</u>)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$275,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a building to house the County's emergency service agencies.

DATE	INTEREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-14		\$	14,000	\$	14,000	
01-01-15			14,000		14,000	
01-01-16			14,000		14,000	
01-01-17			14,000		14,000	
01-01-18			14,000		14,000	
2019-2023			70,000		70,000	
2024-2027			51,000		51,000	
	\$		191,000	\$	191,000	

CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006B (EMERGENCY SERVICES BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$2,166,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a building to house the County's emergency service agencies.

DATE	INTEREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-14		\$	108,000	\$	108,000	
01-01-15			108,000		108,000	
01-01-16			108,000		108,000	
01-01-17			108,000		108,000	
01-01-18			108,000		108,000	
2019-2023			540,000		540,000	
2024-2027			438,000		438,000	
	\$	\$	1,518,000	\$	1,518,000	

<u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006C</u> (ROAD AND MAINTENANCE BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$1,525,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a new road and maintenance building to house the County's road shop and abatement functions.

DATE	INTEREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL
01-01-14		\$	61,000	\$	61,000
01-01-15			61,000		61,000
01-01-16			61,000		61,000
01-01-17			61,000		61,000
01-01-18			61,000		61,000
2019-2023			305,000		305,000
2024-2028			305,000		305,000
2029-2032			244,000		244,000
	\$	\$	1,159,000	\$	1,159,000

<u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006D</u> (NORTH SPRINGS SHOOTING RANGE)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$1,290,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a new outdoor shooting range.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-14		\$	65,000	\$	65,000
01-01-15			65,000		65,000
01-01-16			65,000		65,000
01-01-17			65,000		65,000
01-01-18			65,000		65,000
2019-2023			325,000		325,000
2024-2027			250,000		250,000
	\$	\$	900,000	\$	900,000
	Ψ	Ψ	700,000	<u> </u>	700,000

<u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006E</u> (<u>FAIRGROUNDS EXPO BUILDING</u>)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$998,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to expand the exhibition building at the County's fairgrounds.

DATE	INTEREST		PRINCIPAL			TOTAL
01-01-14		;	\$	50,000	\$	50,000
01-01-15				50,000		50,000
01-01-16				50,000		50,000
01-01-17				50,000		50,000
01-01-18				50,000		50,000
2019-2023				250,000		250,000
2024-2027				198,000		198,000
	\$		\$	698,000	\$	609 000
	<u> </u>		D	090,000	→	698,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH - TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2006F (DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$3,100,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to construct a commercial building. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INTEREST	PRI	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
04-01-14		\$	155,000	\$	155,000	
04-01-15			155,000		155,000	
04-01-16			155,000		155,000	
04-01-17			155,000		155,000	
04-01-18			155,000		155,000	
2019-2023			775,000		775,000	
2024-2027			477,506		477,506	
	\$	\$ 2	2,027,506	\$	2,027,506	

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2007 (CONSUMER WASH ROAD)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$3,000,000 in non-interest bearing revenue bonds. The proceeds will be used to purchase and reconstruct 8.75 miles of the Consumer Wash Road.

DATE	INTERE	ST	PRINCIPAL			TOTAL
01-01-14			\$	150,000	\$	150,000
01-01-15			Ψ	150,000	•	150,000
01-01-16				150,000		150,000
01-01-17				150,000		150,000
01-01-18				150,000		150,000
2019-2023				750,000		750,000
2024-2028				750,000		750,000
	•					
	\$		\$	2,250,000	\$	2,250,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2008B (PUBLIC SERVICE ANNEX BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$573,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to construct a commercial building. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
04-01-14		\$	29,000	\$	29,000
04-01-15			29,000		29,000
04-01-16			29,000		29,000
04-01-17			29,000		29,000
04-01-18			29,000		29,000
2019-2023			144,000		144,000
22024-2028			140,000		140,000
2029			28,000		28,000
	<u>\$</u>	\$	457,000	_\$_	457,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2008C (EQUIPMENT STORAGE SHOP)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$460,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to construct a commercial building. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INTER	REST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
10-01-14			\$	23,000	\$	23,000
10-01-15				23,000		23,000
10-01-16				23,000		23,000
10-01-17				23,000		23,000
10-01-18				23,000		23,000
2019-2023				115,000		115,000
2024-2028				115,000		115,000
	\$	•••	\$	345,000	\$	345,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2008 (CARBONVILLE ROAD PROJECT)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$1,000,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to make major road improvements. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-14		\$	40,000	\$	40,000
01-01-15		Ψ	40,000	Ψ	40,000
01-01-16			40,000		40,000
01-01-17			40,000		40,000
01-01-18			40,000		40,000
2019-2023			200,000		200,000
2024-2028			200,000		200,000
2029-2033			200,000		200,000
2034			40,000		40,000
	\$	\$	840,000	\$	840,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2010 (CHILDREN'S JUSTICE CENTER BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$427,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to build a Children's Justice Center Building. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INT	EREST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
07-01-14			\$	14,000	\$	14,000
07-01-15				14,000		14,000
07-01-16				14,000		14,000
07-01-17				14,000		14,000
07-01-18				14,000		14,000
2019-2023				70,000		70,000
2024-2028				70,000		70,000
2029-2033				70,000		70,000
2034-2038				75,000		75,000
2039-2040				30,000		30,000
				<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
	\$	•••	\$	385,000	\$	385,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH LEASE REVENUE BOND- SERIES 2011A

The Municipal Building of Carbon County Utah sold \$1,312,000 in revenue bonds during the current year. The proceeds will used to fund projects at the Carbon County Fairgrounds.

DATE	INTE	REST	PI	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL
07-01-14			\$	44,000	\$	44,000
07-01-15				44,000		44,000
07-01-16				44,000		44,000
07-01-17				44,000		44,000
07-01-18				44,000		44,000
2019-2023				220,000		220,000
2024-2028				220,000		220,000
2029-2033				220,000		220,000
2034-2038				215,000		215,000
2039-2041	_			129,000		129,000
	\$		\$	1,224,000	\$	1,224,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH LEASE REVENUE BOND-SERIES 2011B

The Building Authority sold \$1,250,000 in revenue bonds, to fund in part, the 9 Mile Canyon Road Project.

DATE	INTEREST	PF	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
07-01-14		\$	83,000	\$	83,000	
07-01-15			83,000		83,000	
07-01-16			83,000		83,000	
07-01-17			83,000		83,000	
07-01-18			83,000		83,000	
2019-2023			417,000		417,000	
2024-2026			252,000		252,000	
	<u> </u>	\$	1,084,000	\$	1,084,000	

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH LEASE REVENUE BOND - SERIES 2012

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah is in the process of selling revenue bonds in the amount of \$1,000,000. During the year, the MBA had only received \$869,884 of this total amount. The proceeds are being used to construct a new animal shelter.

DATE	INT	EREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL
10-01-14			\$	33,000	\$	33,000
10-01-15				33,000		33,000
10-01-16				33,000		33,000
10-01-17				33,000		33,000
10-01-18				33,000		33,000
2019-2023				165,000		165,000
2024-2028				165,000		165,000
2029-2033				166,000		166,000
2034-2038				170,000		170,000
2039-2042				136,000		136,000
	\$	•••	\$	967,000	\$	967,000

SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH - BUILDING CAPITAL LEASE

Southeastern Utah District Health entered into a capital lease with Grand County Building Authority for the purchase of land, building and improvements.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-14		\$	22,336	\$	22,336
01-01-15			22,336		22,336
01-01-16			22,336		22,336
01-01-17			22,336		22,336
01-01-18			19,000		19,000
2019-2023			95,000		95,000
2024-2028			95,000		95,000
2029-2033			95,000		95,000
2034-2038			95,000		95,000
2039-2040			41,984		41,984
	<u>\$</u>	\$	530,328	\$	530,328

SUMMARY OF NET CHANGES - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

					Due
	Balance			Balance	Within
Description	01-01-13	Retired	Issued	12-31-13	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Lease Revenue 2001A	\$ 223,190			\$ 207,190	\$ 16,000
Lease Revenue 2001B	60,000	(6,000)		54,000	6,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006A	205,000	(14,000)		191,000	14,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006B	1,626,000	(108,000)		1,518,000	108,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006C	1,220,000	(61,000)		1,159,000	61,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006D	965,000	(65,000)		900,000	65,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006E	748,000	(50,000)		698,000	50,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006F	2,182,506	(155,000)		2,027,506	155,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2007	2,400,000	(150,000)		2,250,000	150,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2008B	486,000	(29,000)		457,000	29,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2008C	368,000	(23,000)		345,000	23,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2008	880,000	(40,000)		840,000	40,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2010	399,000	(14,000)		385,000	14,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2011A	1,268,000	(44,000)		1,224,000	44,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2011B	1,167,000	(83,000)		1,084,000	83,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2012	869,884	(33,000)	\$ 130,116	967,000	33,000
	\$ 15,067,580	\$ (891,000)	\$ 130,116	\$ 14,306,696	\$ 891,000
Governmental Activities					
SEUDH Capital Leases:					
Series 2011	C 554 000	\$ (25.672)		¢ 520.229	¢ 22.224
Series 2011	\$ 556,000	\$ (25,672)		\$ 530,328	\$ 22,336
	\$ 556,000	\$ (25,672)	<u> </u>	\$ 530,328	\$ 22,336

COMPONENT UNITS

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds are as follows:

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31,	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST		TOTAL
2014	\$	140,000		\$	140,000
2015	Ψ	140,000		Ψ	140,000
2016		140,000			140,000
2017		140,000			140,000
2018		140,000			140,000
2019-2023		700,000			700,000
2024-2028		700,000			700,000
2029-2033		700,000			700,000
2034-2038		700,000			700,000
2039-2041		420,000			420,000
	\$	3,920,000	\$	\$	3,920,000

During 2009, Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District's Local Building Authority issued \$4,200,000 of Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 for the construction of the Senior Citizen Center. The bonds carry an annual interest rate of 0%. The District's Local Building Authority is required to make principal payments each July 1st until the bonds mature on July 1, 2041. The repayment schedule is as follows:

DATE PAYMENT DUE	P	RINCIPAL DUE		TOTAL
2014	\$	140,000	\$	140,000
2015		140,000		140,000
2016		140,000		140,000
2017		140,000		140,000
2018		140,000		140,000
2019-2023		700,000		700,000
2024-2028		700,000		700,000
2029-2033		700,000		700,000
2034-2038		700,000		700,000
2039-2041		420,000		420,000
	<u> </u>	3,920,000	<u> </u>	2 020 000
	<u> </u>	3,920,000	<u> </u>	3,920,000

SUMMARY OF NET CHANGES - COMPONENT UNITS

Description	Balance 01-01-13	Retired	Issued	Balance 12-31-13	Due Within One Year
Scofield Reservoir SSD					
Impact Bonus Loan	\$ 7,132	\$ (7,132)			
C.C. Roads SSD Revenue					
Refunding Series 1994					
CCR&TSSD - Hwy Rev Bond					
Series 1998	296,000	(296,000)			
CCR&TSSD - Toll Road Revenue					
Bond Series 1998	381,000	(381,000)			
CCR&TSSD - Local Bldg Authority					
Taxable Lse Rev Bond Series 2009	4,060,000	(140,000)		\$ 3,920,000	\$ 140,000
	\$ 4,744,132	\$ (824,132)	\$	\$ 3,920,000	\$ 140,000

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

It is the County's policy to follow the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated 1953, Section 51, Chapter 7) (the Act) in handling its depository and investment transactions. The Act creates the Utah Money Management Council (the "Council"), a five-member body, appointed by the Governor of the State, which exercises oversight of public deposits and investments.

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is used by all funds. Each major fund's portion of this pool, and the aggregate portion of the pool relating to non-major funds, is displayed on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds and the Statement of Net Assets for proprietary funds, respectively, as "cash and investments." Total non-fiduciary cash and investments are also reflected on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. The fiduciary fund's portion is found on the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities. Income from the investment of the pooled cash is allocated based on each fund's balance in the pool. In addition, cash is separately held by several funds.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

The Act requires the depositing of public funds only in a "qualified depository" or a "permitted depository". A "qualified depository" is a Utah depository institution, which complies with capital ratios and public deposit limits established by rule of the Council and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions for deposit of public funds. A "permitted depository" is an out-of-state financial institution that meets quality criteria established by rule of the Council. The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be recovered.

The County's deposits are insured up to \$250,000, per account by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Uninsured deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by State statute. At December 31, 2013, the bank balance of the County's deposits was \$3,012,173. Of this balance, \$250,000 was insured. The remaining balance, \$2,762,173 was uninsured.

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value or at cost where there is no material difference from fair value based upon quoted market prices as of December 31, 2013, with the difference between the purchase price and market price being recorded as interest income.

The Act also defines the types of securities allowed as appropriate investments for the County and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions are to be conducted through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with the issuer of the securities.

Allowable investments under the Act include:

- Negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted depositories.
- Repurchase agreements with qualified depositories or government security dealers certified by the director of the State Division of Securities as meeting quality criteria established by the State Money Management Council.

4. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Allowable investments under the Act include (Continued):

- Commercial paper, which has a remaining term of 270 days or less, which is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Service or Standard and Poor's.
- Bankers' acceptances, that are eligible for discount at a Federal reserve bank, and which have a remaining term of 270 days or less.
- Obligations of the United States Treasury, including bills, notes, and bonds.
- Obligations other than mortgage pools and other mortgage derivative products issued by or fully
 guaranteed as to principal and interest by the following agencies or instrumentalities of the
 United States in which a market is made by a primary reporting government securities dealer:
 Federal Farm Credit banks, Federal Home Loan banks, Federal National Mortgage Association,
 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Student Loan Marketing Association, Federal
 Agriculture Mortgage Corporation, and Tennessee Valley Authority.
- Corporate obligations maturing in two years or less, which are rated "A" or higher by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Service or Standard and Poor's.
- Shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund that comply with Rule 2a-7 of the Securities Exchange Commission.
- Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund.

The carrying amount and fair value of the County's investments at December 31, 2013 is as follows:

	Carrying	Carrying Investment Maturit							
	Amount and Fair Value	Less Than 1		1-5		6-10			lore an 10
Investment Type									
Debt Securities:									
Repurchase Agreements	\$ 6,487,789	\$	6,487,789						
	\$ 6,487,789	\$	6,487,789	\$	•••	\$		\$	
Other Investments:				*******					
Utah Public Treas. Invest. Fund	8,319,773								
Total investments	\$ 14,807,562								

4. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)</u>

The Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund ("the Pool") is a voluntary external Local Government Investment Pool managed by the Utah State Treasurer to improve investment efficiency and yield. These monies are invested in securities permitted by the Act and contain no withdrawal restrictions other than timely notice of intent to withdraw an amount greater than \$2,000,000. Investment activity of the State Treasurer in the management of the Pool is reviewed monthly by the Council and is audited by the Utah State Auditor. Monies invested in this fund are not insured and are subject to the same market risks as any similar investment in money market funds.

Government and agency securities consist of U.S. Treasury bonds, notes and bills, Federal Home notes and government mutual funds with underlying securities that are U.S. Treasury bonds, notes and bills.

Interest Rate Risk-Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The County's policy for managing interest rate risk is to comply with the Utah Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 270 days or less and to 365 days or less for fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County and Component Units follows the Utah Money Management Act as previously discussed as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk.

The County's rated debt investments as of December 31, 2013 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent nationally recognized statistical rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

	Carrying		
	Amount ar	nd Quality	
	Fair Valu	e Rating	
Debt Securities			_
Repurchase Agreements	\$ 6,487,7	Not Rated	

4. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Custodial Credit Risk-Investment

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the County will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County complies with the custody requirements of the Utah Money Management Act and Rules of the Money Management Council. All investment securities are required to be held by the public treasurer, in safekeeping by a bank or trust company, or in a book-entry-only record maintained by a securities depository, in the Federal Book Entry system or in the book-entry records of the issuer of the security in the name of the public entity. All investment securities are held in a qualified depository certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council or in the book entry records of the issuer of the security.

The County's investments at December 31, 2013 were held by the County or in the County's name by the County's custodial banks except for repurchase agreements with qualified depositories totaling \$6,487,789 where the underlying securities were uninsured and held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the County.

Concentration of Credit Risk-Investment

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5% and 10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the United States government and its agencies. The County complies with the concentration limits of Rule 17 of the Utah Money Management Act.

Total Reconciliation

Description	Primary Government	Component Units	Fiduciary Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,629,705 3,909,631	\$ 1,293,673 10,143,331	\$ 4,939,532
	\$ 16,539,336	\$ 11,437,004	\$ 4,939,532
Deposits Investments (includes PTIF and Sweep accts.)	\$ 1,731,774 14,807,562	\$ 1,780,500 9,656,504	\$ 1,561,834 3,377,698
	\$ 16,539,336	\$ 11,437,004	\$ 4,939,532

5. RETIREMENT PLAN - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Local Governmental - Cost Sharing

<u>Plan Description</u> – The County contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System and the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage, administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (the Systems). The Systems provides retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, death benefits, and refunds to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes established and amended by the State Legislature.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (the Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory and Non-Contributory Retirement Systems and Public Safety. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or by calling 1-800-753-7361.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statue and specified by the Board.

The County is required to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the respective systems, as follows:

	Employee	Paid by Employer	Employer Contribution
Utah Retirement Systems	Paid	For Employee	Rates
January 2013 - June 2013			
Contributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1		4.01%	12.03%
Local Governmental Division Tier 2			14.05%
Noncontributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1			16.04%
July 2013 - December 2013			
Contributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1		6.00%	13.28%
Local Governmental Division Tier 2			13.99%
Noncontributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1			17.29%
Public Safety System:			
Other Division A Contributory Tier 2			22.37%
Other Division A Noncontributory Ti	er 1		34.17%

5. RETIREMENT PLAN - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)

The required contributions and amounts paid for the 2013 calendar year and the two previous calendar years are as follows for Carbon County:

System	Year Ended 12/31		nployee Paid tributions	For E	oyer Paid Employee ributions	mployer atributions	to	ary Subject Retirement ntributions
Contributory System:								
Local Governmental Division T	Tier 1 and T	ier 2						
	2013			\$	21,683	\$ 87,609	\$	827,463
	2012				21,738	74,368		696,890
	2011				21,450	53,995		539,950
Noncontributory System:								
Local Governmental Division T	ier 1							
	2013					776,991		4,342,168
	2012					761,201		4,473,316
	2011					712,745		4,779,829
Contributory system:								
Public Safety Retirement System	n Tier 2							
	2013					8,520		77,317
	2012					7,849		70,959
	2011					5,378		49,144
Noncontributory system:								
Public Safety Retirement System	n Tier 1							
	2013					564,891		1,763,853
	2012					566,685		1,786,830
	2011					542,264		1,869,557
Defined Contribution System:								
457 Plan	2013	\$	55,164					
	2012		56,017					
	2011		56,749					
401(k) Plan	2013		151,547		65,048			
. (, -	2012		154,579		60,168			
	2011		147,666		42,123			

5. RETIREMENT PLAN - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)

GASB 68 will be implemented by the Utah Retirement System and Carbon County in the 2014 Audit year. Based off the unaudited numbers provided by URS in their December 31, 2013 CAFR, Carbon County expects to record a net pension liability in 2014 of approximately \$5,025,955. The net pension liability amount is dependent on an assumed earnings rate. The Assumed earnings rates and Net pension Liability amounts provided for Carbon County in the Unaudited URS report were as follows: Net Pension Liability at a 6.5% Assumed earnings rate would be \$10,769,800. Net pension liability at a 7.5% assumed earnings rate would be \$5,025,955. Net pension liability at an 8.5% assumed earnings rate would be \$291,836.

SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH

The Health Department is required to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the respective systems, as follows:

Utah Retirement Systems	Employee Paid	Paid by Employer For Employee	Employer Contribution Rates
January 2013 - June 2013 Contributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1	1.99%	4.01%	12.03%
Local Governmental Division Tier 2			14.05%
Noncontributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1			16.04%
July 2013 - December 2013			
Contributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1	1.99%	4.01%	13.28%
Local Governmental Division Tier 2			13.99%
Noncontributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1			17.29%

5. RETIREMENT PLAN - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)

The required contributions and amounts paid for the 2013 calendar year and the two previous calendar years are al follows for Southeastern Utah District Health:

System	Year Ended 12/31	Employee Paid Contributions		For Employee		Employer Contributions		Salary Subject to Retirement Contributions	
Contributory System:									
Local Governmental Division	Tier 1 and T	ier 2							
	2013	\$	623	\$	1,263	\$	14,070	\$	146,905
	2012		1,578		3,801		11,519		125,429
	2011		1,423		4,047		8,717		91,171
Noncontributory System:									
Local Governmental Division	Tier 1								
	2013						201,633		1,166,954
	2012						178,295		1,288,078
	2011						183,981		1,356,077
Defined Contribution System:									
457 Plan	2011		100						
401(k) Plan	2013		33,771		25,588				
	2012		45,124		4,316				
	2011		48,694		6,161				
Roth IRA Plan	2013		4,400						

6. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County and certain of its officials are defendants in a variety of legal actions involving matters of contract, property, tort, taxation and civil rights. The resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material effect on the County's financial position and have not been provided for the accompanying financial statements.

7. PROPERTY TAXES

The County adopts, by June 22, the proposed tax rates as part of its budget for the current year, which began January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable on or before November 30.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes levied by the County and other taxing entities within the County (such as the school district). These tax collections are accounted for in the Treasurer's Tax Collection Trust. The Treasurer apportions and remits collected taxes to the Funds of the County and to other taxing entities periodically.

8. OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

Carbon County, the Primary Government, and its Component Units have many bank accounts with various banking institutions. Some of the bank account balances are substantially over \$250,000. By maintaining several accounts with the same bank with balances exceeding \$250,000, the County has amounts that exceed the FDIC insurance limitation. Consequently, there is a potential loss to the extent that amounts are not insured.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In 1992, the County joined together with other counties in the State to form the Utah Association of Counties (UAC), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member Counties. The County pays an annual premium to UAC for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the UAC provides that UAC will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for workers compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past two years.

10. MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILLS

Carbon County has a landfill that operates within the County. The County has filed with the State for operating permits for the landfill and has received a written approval.

Carbon County has obtained information necessary to determine the nature and source of landfill closure and post closure care requirements. An amount of liability for closure and post closure care costs, estimated total current cost of closure and post closure care remaining to be recognized, percentage of landfill capacity used to date and the nature of the estimates and the potential for changes due to inflation or deflation, technology, or applicable laws or regulations has been calculated by the County and the engineers. The County has set aside an amount of \$97,580 to be put into an account held by the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Pool.

11. RECONCILIATION OF INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following table provides a reconciliation of all interfund transfers:

Fund		ransfers In	Transfers Out			
General			\$	2,036,696		
Fairgrounds	\$	705,000				
Leisure services		300,000				
Travel Bureau				100,000		
COA		618,000				
Nutrition		513,696				
	\$	2,136,696	\$	2,136,696		

12. <u>BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE</u>

Unfavorable budget variances were incurred in the following funds:

GENERAL FUND -

Contributions and miscellaneous \$ 41,450

13. **JOINT VENTURE**

The County is a member of a joint venture known as Four Corners Community Mental Health Center.

Under Utah State Code Sections 17A-3-600 and 17A-3-700, the State has given substance abuse and mental health authorities to counties to provide mental health and substance abuse services to persons living within their boundaries. To comply with Utah State Code, Carbon, Emery and Grand counties have joined together and created Four Corners Community Mental Health Center. The Center is the entity created by the counties to hold the mental health and substance abuse authorities and provide services required by the State of Utah. The Center has been organized as a non-profit corporation and the governing boards of three counties appointed the original board of directors. The Center contracts with the counties to provide mental health and substance abuse services to the citizens of the three-county area. As part of this contract, the counties provide funds to the Center by contracting for grants with the State of Utah and passing proceeds through to the Center, and by each county making additional local contributions. Because of these agreements, the three counties have an ongoing financial responsibility.

Four Corners Community Mental Health Center, was audited for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, by Wiggins & Company, Ogden, Utah.

14. FUND BALANCE RESERVATIONS/NET POSITION RESTRICTIONS

GENERAL FUND -

\$504,230 is the balance of Restaurant tax collected, to be used for the promotion of tourism and related activity within the county and surrounding area.

\$27,580 is reserved to cover the estimated costs of the landfill closure at some future date.

MUNICIPAL SERVICES FUND -

\$2,142,420 is reserved for Class "B" Road expenditures for the County.

\$2,993,911 is the balance of Municipal Services Fund and has been reserved for the purpose of meeting sinking fund and reserve requirements of bond covenants.

SEU DISTRICT HEALTH DEPARTMENT -

\$357,586 is the restricted fund balance of Southeastern Utah Health District and represents amounts that are legally restricted for specific purposes by external contracts.

BUILDING AUTHORITY -

\$729,697 is for debt service requirements, \$2,101,850 is for capital expenditures

The remaining reserved fund balances simply represents the balance of funds available for expenditures related to the purpose for which the fund was created.

15. FUND EQUITY

In February 2009, GASB issued Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2010. Fund balance classification changes apply only to governmental fund types; thus, only fund financial statements are affected.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when they cannot be spent because they are not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance-Fund balances are reported as restricted when they are constrained by externally imposed legal restrictions, or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance-Fund balances are reported as committed when the County Commission, the County's highest level of decision-making authority, formally designates the use of resources, by resolution, for a specific purpose. The same formal action must be taken to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources.

Assigned Fund Balance-Fund balances are reported as assigned when the County intends to use funds, which are neither restricted nor committed, for a specific purpose. Additionally, funds in special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds are by their nature assigned to the purpose of those respective funds.

Unassigned Fund Balance-Fund balances in the general fund are reported as unassigned when they are neither, restricted, committed nor assigned. They may be used for any governmental purpose. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a negative fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, it is the unwritten policy and practice of the County to consider restricted amounts to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the unwritten policy and practice of the County that committed amounts will be spent first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

The County has not adopted a formal policy regarding a minimum fund balance, but follows Utah State law which requires all County's to maintain a minimum general fund balance equal to 5% of total general fund revenues to be maintained and not budgeted.

16. MAJOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECT

During the current year (2014), the County has begun construction of a new County Building in a new location. The County has secured funding for the new building, which is comprised of a grant from the Community Impact Board (CIB) of \$6,000,900, two loans from the CIB for \$5,728,000 and \$5,745,000. The County is responsible to make a cash contribution of \$3,000.000, and inkind work of \$416,924. The estimated total cost of the project is \$20,890,824. The project is partially completed and the County has secured all funding sources.

17. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County's Building Authority is involved in road construction projects located in an area called Nine Mile Canyon, which is located in the North Eastern part of the County. The Building Authority has entered into a loan from the Community Impact Board in the amount of \$6,500,000 with an interest rate of 1.5%, a grant from the Community Impact Board in the amount of \$9,750,000 and the County is required to contribute cash of \$250,000 for the purpose of road construction in the Nine Mile Canyon area. The total estimated cost incurred by the County is estimated to be \$16,500,000. The first payment on the loan is due October 1, 2015 and will conclude in 2029. Payments range from \$486,640 to \$488,215 each year.

19. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has not reported any deferred outflows in the current financial statements.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County reports one of these items in the business type activities - County Court Complex, which is advance payment for rent.

CARBON COUNTY

Required Supplementary Information

EXHIBIT 13	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund
EXHIBIT 14	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Southeastern Utah District Health Department
EXHIBIT 15	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Municipal Services Fund
EXHIBIT 16	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Municipal Building Authority

	BUDGET AMOUNTS					VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
		DRIGINAL	FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS		FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
General property taxes - current year	\$	4,998,000	\$	4,998,935	\$	4,945,506	\$	(53,429)
General property taxes - assessing & collecting		961,000		961,000		855,029		(105,971)
Prior year taxes - delinquent		50,000		145,000		161,881		16,881
General sales and use taxes		901,500		900,000		945,365		45,365
Fees in lieu of taxes		600,000		700,000		810,217		110,217
Franchise taxes		15,000		15,000		17,945		2,945
Miscellaneous taxes				1,500		555		(945)
Total taxes		7,525,500		7,721,435		7,736,498	\$	15,063
Licenses and Permits:								
Business licenses and permits	\$	42,000	\$	38,000	\$	37,494	\$	(506)
Non-business licenses and permits		4,000		4,500		7,200		2,700
Total licenses and permits	_\$_	46,000	_\$_	42,500	\$	44,694	\$	2,194
Intergovernmental Revenues:								
Federal sources -								
Children's Justice	\$	390,000	\$	381,192	\$	380,283	\$	(909)
Victim's Rights		78,200		78,200		35,436		(42,764)
Forest Reserve		1,200		1,200				(1,200)
Miscellaneous		987,192		46,000		55,922		9,922
Total federal sources	\$	1,456,592		506,592		471,641	\$	(34,951)
State sources -								
Payment in lieu of tax	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$	126,870	\$	120,370
Jail reimbursements		20,000		10,000		38,263		28,263
EMS Grant		40,000		30,000		25,461		(4,539)
Mineral reserve funds		900,000	_	900,000		503,154		(396,846)
Total state sources	\$	966,500	_\$_	946,500	\$	693,748	\$	(252,752)
Total intergovernmental revenues	_\$_	2,423,092	\$	1,453,092	\$	1,165,389	\$	(287,703)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	BUDGET	AMOUNTS	A COTTAIN A	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
Charges for Services:	ORIGINAL	THAL	AMOUNTS	(ON A VOICABLE)	
General government -					
Recorder fees	\$ 80,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 116,702	\$ 16,702	
Auditor fees	12,500	12,500	9,110	(3,390)	
Miscellaneous	3,700	1,800	4,178	2,378	
Total general government	\$ 96,200	\$ 114,300	\$ 129,990	\$ 15,690	
Public safety -					
Jail fees	\$ 1,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,453	\$ 453	
Justice court surcharge		12,000	10,772	(1,228)	
Court costs and fees	77,000	50,000	56,191	6,191	
Total public safety	\$ 78,000	\$ 72,000	\$ 77,416	\$ 5,416	
Other charges for services -					
Parks and public property	\$ 400,000	\$ 52,000	\$ 57,272	\$ 5,272	
Ambulance fees	950,000	1,000,000	1,074,928	74,928	
G.I.S. fees	300	2,200	629	(1,571)	
Total other charges for services	\$ 1,350,300	\$ 1,054,200	\$ 1,132,829	\$ 78,629	
Total charges for services	\$ 1,524,500	\$ 1,240,500	\$ 1,340,235	\$ 99,735	
Fines and Forfeitures:					
Fines	\$ 290,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 231,804	\$ 11,804	
Total fines and forfeitures	\$ 290,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 231,804	\$ 11,804	
Miscellaneous Revenues:					
Interest	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 33,279	\$ (11,721)	
Rents and concessions	624,020	10,000	11,932	1,932	
Royalties and Mineral Leases		2,060,000	2,271,754	211,754	
Sale of fixed assets		10,000	13,725	3,725	
Airport fees and fuel sales		200,000	237,461	37,461	
Tippage fees - ECDC		60,000	51,568	(8,432)	
Sale of materials and supplies	30,000	20,000	19,144	(856)	
Contributions		558,709	212,405	(346,304)	
Miscellaneous		134,020	145,934	11,914	
Total miscellaneous revenues	\$ 699,020	\$ 3,097,729	\$ 2,997,202	\$ (100,527)	
Total Revenues	\$ 12,508,112	\$ 13,775,256	\$ 13,515,822	\$ (259,434)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	BUDGET AMOUNTS					ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
	Ol	RIGINAL		FINAL		MOUNTS	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government:								
Commission	\$	422,300	\$	520,800	\$	515,458	\$	5,342
Justice court		275,400		275,400		274,077		1,323
District court				5,000		4,799		201
Public defender		278,000		278,000		255,743		22,257
Personel		221,600		223,600		206,671		16,929
Clerk/Auditor		346,500		346,500		309,657		36,843
Treasurer		168,000		168,000		153,728		14,272
Recorder		273,900		273,900		277,083		(3,183)
Attorney		833,500		833,500		847,091		(13,591)
Assessor		458,300		458,300		434,716		23,584
Non-Departmental		801,900		777,000		419,446		357,554
Data processing		565,900		565,900		623,854		(57,954)
Law library		2,000						,
Central purchasing		14,000						
Micro filming		22,800		22,800		20,546		2,254
Central mailing		14,000		28,000		26,362		1,638
Communications		160,300		160,300		132,872		27,428
Attorney - Childrens Justice		220,000		401,192		404,061		(2,869)
Building and grounds		245,700		169,600		150,014		19,586
Engineering		235,900		235,900		230,782		5,118
Safety		16,800		16,800		14,017		2,783
Elections		1,500		1,500		1,339		161
Graphical information service		479,452		342,400		304,233		38,167
Industrial park		96,100	_	96,100	_	95,709		391
Total general government	\$	6,153,852	_\$_	6,200,492	_\$_	5,702,258	\$	498,234
Public Safety:								
Victims rights	\$	16,800	\$	78,260	\$	62,222	\$	16,038
Dispatch		220,000		300,000		274,548		25,452
Ambulance service		1,105,500		1,142,500		1,097,907		44,593
Jail complex		1,927,100		1,920,100		1,922,737		(2,637)
Total public safety		3,269,400		3,440,860	\$	3,357,414	\$	83,446

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	BUDGET AMOUNTS						VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS		FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
Public Health:								
Indigent	\$	14,500	\$	14,500	\$	13,200	\$	1,300
Public health		125,000		125,000		124,944		56
Mental health		225,700	_	228,200		116,371		111,829
Total public health		365,200		367,700	_\$_	254,515	\$	113,185
Highways and Public Improvements:								
Landfill	\$	348,900	\$	354,400	\$	309,817	\$	44,583
Maintenance and abatement		532,500		532,500		496,025		36,475
Airport	_	471,800		471,800		425,597		46,203
Total highways and public improvements		1,353,200	\$	1,358,700	\$	1,231,439	\$	127,261
Parks, Recreation and Public Property:								
Recreation - Television	\$	1,263,159	\$	188,400	\$	129,079	\$	59,321
Library		115,000	_	115,000		97,239		17,761
Total parks, recreation and public property	\$	1,378,159	\$	303,400		226,318	\$	77,082
Conservation and Economic Development:								
Agriculture and extension services		60,544		60,544		60,378	\$	166
Total conservation and economic development	_\$_	60,544	_\$_	60,544	\$	60,378	\$	166
Contributions and Miscellaneous:								
Contributions to other governmental agencies	\$	41,310	\$	322,844	\$	392,120	\$	(69,276)
Rents		43,820		43,820		16,000		27,820
Miscellaneous		106,000	_	106,000		105,994	***************************************	6
Total contributions and miscellaneous		191,130	_\$_	472,664		514,114	\$	(41,450)
Total expenditures	\$	12,771,485		12,204,360	\$	11,346,436	\$	857,924
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(263,373)	\$	1,570,896	\$	2,169,386	\$	598,490

	BUDGET A	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	\$ (1,005,563)	\$ (2,839,832)	\$ (2,036,696)	\$ 803,136	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (1,005,563)	\$ (2,839,832)	\$ (2,036,696)	\$ 803,136	
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ (1,268,936)	\$ (1,268,936)	\$ 132,690	\$ 1,401,626	
Fund balance - beginning of year	1,268,936	1,268,936	4,836,035	3,567,099	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	\$	\$ 4,968,725	\$ 4,968,725	

CARBON COUNTY SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH DEPARTMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		BUDGET A	AMO	UNTS			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
	ORIGINAL			FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS		FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental										
Federal, State and Local funds	\$ 2	2,288,908		2,334,859		2,438,196	\$	103,337		
Total Intergovernmental	\$ 2	2,288,908	\$	2,334,859	\$	2,438,196	\$	103,337		
Charges for services										
Charges for services	\$	929,555	\$	904,555	_\$_	667,705	\$	(236,850)		
Total Charges for services	\$	929,555	\$	904,555	_\$_	667,705	\$	(236,850)		
Miscellaneous										
Miscellaneous					\$	19,693	\$	19,693		
Investment earnings						1,257	• ••••	1,257		
Total miscellaneous	\$	***		•••		20,950	\$	20,950		
Total Revenues	\$ 3	3,218,463	_\$_	3,239,414		3,126,851	\$	(112,563)		
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Public health	\$ 3	3,161,406	\$	3,085,514	\$	3,071,086	\$	14,428		
Total public health	\$ 3	3,161,406	\$	3,085,514	\$	3,071,086	\$	14,428		
Total expenditures	\$ 3	3,161,406	_\$_	3,085,514	_\$_	3,071,086	\$	14,428		
Excess of revenue over (under)										
expenditures	\$	57,057	\$	153,900	\$	55,765	\$	(98,135)		
Fund balance - beginning of year	<u></u>	(57,057)		(153,900)		572,220		726,120		
Fund balance - end of year	\$	•••	\$	•••	\$	627,985	\$	627,985		

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

	BUDGET AMOUNTS							VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS		FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
REVENUES:									
Taxes	\$	1,242,095	\$	1,247,095	\$	1,332,680	\$	85,585	
Licenses and permits		51,500		51,500		50,923		(577)	
Intergovernmental		6,276,500		5,690,600		6,049,475		358,875	
Charges for services		97,200		97,200		116,952		19,752	
Contributions				1,000,000		1,000,000			
Interest Earnings		2,500		2,500		8,455		5,955	
Miscellaneous				78,660		111,932		33,272	
Total Revenues	\$	7,669,795	\$	8,167,555	\$	8,670,417	\$	502,862	
EXPENDITURES:									
General government	\$	212,100	\$	113,000	\$	93,217	\$	19,783	
Public safety		4,249,512		4,274,197		3,601,187		673,010	
Highways and public improvements		3,150,000		3,780,358		3,200,760		579,598	
Total expenditures	_\$_	7,611,612		8,167,555		6,895,164	\$	1,272,391	
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	_\$	58,183	_\$_	•••	\$	1,775,253	\$	1,775,253	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Operating transfers in									
Operating transfers out								······································	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	•••	_\$_		_\$	•••	\$	•••	
Excess of revenue and other sources over									
(under) expenditures and other uses	\$	58,183			\$	1,775,253	\$	1,775,253	
Fund balance - beginning of year		(58,183)				3,361,078		3,361,078	
Fund balance - end of year	\$		\$	•••	\$	5,136,331	\$	5,136,331	

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	BUDGET AMOUNTS					ACTUAL	FINA	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET VORABLE
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL		MOUNTS	FINA FA	AVORABLE)
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	358,000	\$	2,558,000	\$	2,815,517	\$	257,517
Contributions		359,000		359,000		314,000		(45,000)
Miscellaneous	····	180,000		·····		47,599		47,599
Total Revenues	_\$	897,000	_\$_	2,917,000	_\$_	3,177,116		260,116
EXPENDITURES:								
Bond principal - payments	\$	1,184,911	\$	1,165,911	\$	858,000	\$	307,911
Highways and public improvements		100,000		4,600,000		3,500,396		1,099,604
Total expenditures		1,284,911	_\$_	5,765,911	\$	4,358,396		1,407,515
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	\$	(387,911)	_\$_	(2,848,911)	_\$_	(1,181,280)	\$	1,667,631
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in								
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$		_\$_			***	\$	
Excess of revenue and other sources over								
(under) expenditures and other uses	\$	(387,911)	\$	(2,848,911)	\$	(1,181,280)	\$	1,667,631
Fund balance - beginning of year		387,911		2,848,911		4,012,827		1,163,916
Fund balance - end of year	\$	•••	_\$_		\$	2,831,547	\$	2,831,547

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTYSupplementary Information

CARBON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

				SPE	CIAL	REVENUE F	UNDS	i.							PERMANENT FUND		
	CASTLE COUNTRY TRAVEL BUREAU	FAIR GROUNDS	CARBON LEISURE SERVICES	RGENCY EPHONE		CARBON COUNTY RDA	C	ARBON OUNTY UTURE	F	R.S.V.P.		OUNCIL ON AGING	NU	TRITION	TAX STABILITY		TOTAL ONMAJOR ERNMENTAL FUND
<u>ASSETS</u>																	
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted - cash and cash equivalents Receivables - other	\$ 455,727 27,326	\$ 418,162 9,395	\$ 139,973 27,570	\$ 7,974 12,839	\$	519,035	\$	23,442	\$	36,962	\$	15,148 6,899	\$	79,219 20,968	\$ 2,374,129 877	\$	1,695,642 2,374,129 105,874
Total assets	\$ 483,053	\$ 427,557	\$ 167,543	\$ 20,813	\$	519,035	\$	23,442	\$	36,962	<u> </u>	22,047	<u> </u>	100,187	\$ 2,375,006	<u> </u>	4,175,645
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																	
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 27,497 9,023	\$ 28,009 20,895	\$ 9,592 23,421	\$ 1,670			\$	77	\$	1,180 3,821	\$	5,052 15,780	\$	17,840 31,406		\$	90,917 104,346
Total liabilities	\$ 36,520	\$ 48,904	\$ 33,013	\$ 1,670	\$		\$	77	\$	5,001	\$	20,832	_\$_	49,246	\$	\$	195,263
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue fund Permanent - tax stability	\$ 446,533	\$ 378,653	\$ 134,530	\$ 19,143	\$	519,035	\$	23,365	\$	31,961	\$	1,215	\$	50,941	\$ 2,375,006	\$	1,605,376 2,375,006
Total fund balances	\$ 446,533	\$ 378,653	\$ 134,530	\$ 19,143	\$	519,035	\$	23,365	_\$_	31,961	\$	1,215	_\$_	50,941	\$ 2,375,006	\$	3,980,382
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 483,053	\$ 427,557	\$ 167,543	\$ 20,813	\$	519,035	\$	23,442	\$	36,962	\$	22,047	\$	100,187	\$ 2,375,006	\$	4,175,645

CARBON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

				SPE	CIAL REVENUE F	UNDS				PERMANENT FUND	
	CASTLE COUNTRY TRAVEL BUREAU	FAIR GROUNDS	CARBON LEISURE SERVICES	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE		CARBON COUNTY FUTURE	R.S.V.P.	COUNCIL ON AGING	NUTRITION	TAX STABILITY	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES: Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Contributions Miscellaneous Interest income	\$ 243,709 219,633 6,396	\$ 132,016 1,500	\$ 89,280 129,986	\$ 160,656		\$ 31,200	\$ 65,699 20,000	\$ 47,201 13,498 2,150	\$ 132,638 149,362	\$ 10,794	\$ 243,709 585,651 585,518 3,650 26,396 10,937
Total revenues	\$ 469,738	\$ 133,516	\$ 219,266	\$ 160,799	\$	\$ 31,200	\$ 85,699	\$ 62,849	\$ 282,000	\$ 10,794	\$ 1,455,861
EXPENDITURES: Public safety Parks, recreation and public property Public health Conservation and economic development	\$ 398,156	\$ 842,937	\$ 544,392	\$ 221,547		\$ 77,072	\$ 96,068	\$ 475,401	\$ 839,512		\$ 221,547 1,387,329 1,410,981 475,228
Total expenditures	\$ 398,156	\$ 842,937	\$ 544,392	\$ 221,547	<u>s</u>	\$ 77,072	\$ 96,068	\$ 475,401	\$ 839,512	\$	\$ 3,495,085
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 71,582	\$ (709,421)	\$ (325,126)	\$ (60,748	<u> </u>	\$ (45,872)	\$ (10,369)	\$ (412,552)	\$ (557,512)	\$ 10,794	\$ (2,039,224)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	\$ (100,000)	\$ 705,000	\$ 300,000					\$ 618,000	\$ 513,696		\$ 2,136,696 (100,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (100,000)	\$ 705,000	\$ 300,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 618,000	\$ 513,696	<u>s</u>	\$ 2,036,696
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ (28,418)	\$ (4,421)	\$ (25,126)	\$ (60,748)	,	\$ (45,872)	\$ (10,369)	\$ 205,448	\$ (43,816)	\$ 10,794	\$ (2,528)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	474,951	383,074	159,656	79,891	\$ 519,035	69,237	42,330	(204,233)	94,757	2,364,212	3,982,910
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 446,533	\$ 378,653	\$ 134,530	\$ 19,143	\$ 519,035	\$ 23,365	\$ 31,961	\$ 1,215	\$ 50,941	\$ 2,375,006	\$ 3,980,382

CARBON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	CA	GLY AND ARBON DUNTY	SOUTHEASTERN FOUR CORNER O UTAH COMMUNITY DISTRICT BEHAVIORAL HEALTH HEALTH		MMUNITY IAVIORAL	AND	STRICT PRECINCT COURT	LERK'S TRUST	COLLECTION TRUST	F)	TOTAL ALL IDUCIARY FUNDS	
<u>ASSETS</u>												
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	21,250	\$	515,263 29,744	\$	722,985 85,988	\$	35,093	\$ 69,801	\$ 3,575,140	\$	4,939,532 115,732
Total assets	\$	21,250	\$	545,007	\$	808,973	\$	35,093	\$ 69,801	\$ 3,575,140	\$	5,055,264
<u>LIABILITIES</u>												
Accounts payable Precinct fees, bail and bonds payable Due to taxing units Miscellaneous reimbursements	\$	21,250			\$	1,163	\$	1,232 33,861	\$ 69,801	\$ 3,575,140	\$	2,395 55,111 3,575,140 69,801
Due to other agencies			\$	545,007		807,810			 			1,352,817
Total liabilities	\$	21,250	\$	545,007	\$	808,973	\$	35,093	\$ 69,801	\$ 3,575,140	\$	5,055,264

${\bf CARBON~COUNTY} \\ {\bf SCHEDULE~OF~CURRENT~TAXES~LEVIED,~COLLECTED~AND~TREASURER'S~RELIEF} \\ {\bf \underline{DECEMBER~31,2013}} \\ {\bf CARBON~COUNTY} \\ {\bf C$

						TREASURE	R'S R	ELIEF					ОТНІ	ER COLLECTI	ONS	
TAX UNITS	ADJUSTED TAXABLE VALUE	TAX RATE	TOTAL TAXES LEVIED	UNPAID TAXES	ABA	TEMENTS		OTHER USTMENTS	TOTAL RELIEF	NET TAXES COLLECTED	PERCENT	FEES IN LIEU	MISCI	ELLANEOUS	PEN	INQUENCIES TAXES IALTY AND NTEREST
COUNTY FUNDS:																
General fund	\$ 1,989,615,509	0.002689	\$ 5,342,656	\$ 149,068	\$	36,864	\$	(19,670)	\$ 166,262	\$ 5,176,394	96.89%	\$ 358,085	\$	33,726	\$	157,220
Municipal services	1,381,200,336	0.000227	313,093	7,705		1,123		1,564	10,392	302,701	96.68%	19,005		2,205		5,149
Assessing and collecting	1,991,086,463	0.000158	315,808	8,759		2,166		3,693	14,618	301,190	95.37%	21,040		2,123		7,658
Local and collecting	1,991,086,463	0.000345	686,073	19,126		4,730		3,662	27,518	658,555	95.99%	45,942		4,335		15,466
Total County Funds			\$ 6,657,630	\$ 184,658		44,883	\$	(10,751)	\$ 218,790	\$ 6,438,840		\$ 444,072	\$	42,389	\$	185,493_
SCHOOL DISTRICT: Carbon																
Grouped budgets	1,989,615,509	0.005651	\$ 11,200,014	\$ 313,271	\$	77,470	\$	68,550	\$ 459,291	\$ 10,740,723	95.90%	\$ 752,524	\$	68,182	\$	289,104
Basic school levy	1,991,086,463	0.001535	3,070,428	85,095		21,043		38,756	144,894	2,925,534	95.28%	204,411		20,836		74,302
CITIES AND TOWNS:																
Price City	373,886,531	0.002064	\$ 775,017	\$ 19,043	\$	11,771	\$	7,221	\$ 38,035	\$ 736,982	95.09%	\$ 65,336	\$	2,325	\$	26,442
Helper City	78,397,693	0.003125	244,965	12,635		4,826		6,553	24,014	220,951	90.20%	23,518		2,578		9,568
East Carbon City	50,181,899	0.005964	299,178	22,460		3,721		5,021	31,202	267,976	89.57%	17,121		1,268		19,789
Wellington City	61,356,913	0.001859	113,688	5,976		1,348		(229)	7,095	106,593	93.76%	12,073		567		4,074
Sunnyside	37,538,824	0.008285	301,232	7,741		1,164		(2,620)	6,285	294,947	97.91%	6,441		1,880		5,386
Scofield Town	8,496,114	0.000494	4,196	153		12		15	180	4,016	95.71%	60		28		281
Total Cities and Towns			\$ 1,738,276	\$ 68,008	<u>s</u>	22,842	\$	15,961	\$ 106,811	\$ 1,631,465		\$ 124,549	\$	8,646	\$	65,540
OTHER DISTRICTS:																
Price River Water Improvement	1,112,551,274	0.000881	\$ 980,219	\$ 24,153	\$	11,383	\$	8,223	\$ 43,759	\$ 936,460	95.54%	\$ 113,947	\$	5,745	\$	25,650
Carbon Water Conservancy	1,991,086,463	0.000139	276,396	7,706		1,906		1,448	11,060	265,336	96.00%	18,510		1,745		6,232
Total Other Districts			\$ 1,256,615	\$ 31,859	\$	13,289	\$	9,671	\$ 54,819	\$ 1,201,796		\$ 132,457	\$	7,490	\$	31,882
GRAND TOTAL			\$ 23,922,963	\$ 682,891	s	179,527	\$	122,187	\$ 984,605	\$ 22,938,358		\$ 1,658,013	\$	147,543	\$	646,321

	ENERAL EALTH		UNIZATIONS ON VFC		WIC	MCH BLOCK		 FLU
Revenues:								
State Reimbursement	\$ 234,276	\$	73,219	\$	510,477	\$	107,003	\$ 64,444
General Health	157,896							
County	354,555							
School Nurses								
Miscellaneous	26,662							
Occupancy allocation	2,497		160		2,429		413	119
Grants and other government resources			·	_				
Total Revenues	\$ 775,886	\$	73,379	\$	512,906	\$	107,416	\$ 64,563
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$ 270,093	\$	17,498	\$	279,459	\$	45,687	\$ 13,578
Fringe Benefits	186,150		9,287		149,477		24,318	7,356
Consultants	4,355		214		4,423		427	60
Contract - MD								
Contract - Travel								
Patient care							10,860	
Pharmacy			60,395				4,940	28,640
Supplies - Medical	627		1,178		1,996		847	1,668
Travel	13,775		201		7,186		1,616	95
Dues - Periodicals	4,294		172		3,444		537	16
Education - Training	4,393		60		1,299		1,140	3
Capital Purchases	42,988							
Utilities	7,380		463		7,356		1,202	351
Maintenance - Repairs	8,707		527		8,819		1,398	438
Insurance	4,636		295		4,271		1,213	95
Data Processing	3,770		925		3,300		893	1,311
Postage	1,915		85		1,598		287	69
Printing - Binding	1,461				270			
Supplies - Office	3,355		344		9,897		3,531	58
Laboratory	3,398							
Telephone	5,647		311		8,389		806	238
Other	5,451		100		2,985		789	92
Debt payment	25,672							
State match								
Rent	117		7		114		19	9
Advertising	387		16		258		2,807	8
Mini Grants	 	•						
Total Expenditures	\$ 598,571	\$	92,078	\$	494,541	\$	103,317	\$ 54,085
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$ 177,315	\$	(18,699)	\$	18,365	\$	4,099	\$ 10,478

	INDOOR BACCO CLEAN POISON TUBERCULOSI VENTION AIR CONTROL ELIMINATION			ARLY DSTART		ENIOR EALTH			
Revenues: State Reimbursement General Health County School Nurses	\$ 188,026 1,138	\$	340	\$ 2,500	\$	7,771	\$ 22	\$	3,153
Miscellaneous Occupancy allocation Grants and other government resources	645		8	8		39	2		3
Total Revenues	\$ 189,809	\$	348	\$ 2,508	\$	7,810	\$ 24	\$	3,156
Expenditures:									
Salaries Fringe Benefits Consultants Contract - MD Contract - Travel	\$ 77,995 41,513 658	\$	630 335 2	\$ 910 453 7	\$	4,297 2,398 32	\$ 270 137 1	\$	280 166 1
Patient Care Pharmacy Supplies - Medical						2			
Travel Dues - Periodicals Education - Training	9,623 602 7,620		4 3	7 4 2		40 20 8	20		2
Capital Purchases Utilities Maintenance - Repairs Insurance	2,103 2,490 1,385		20 22 61	25 27 14		114 136 93	7 7		8 9 42
Data Processing Postage Printing - Binding	1,075 466 259		9	10		244 21	4		5 2
Supplies - Office Laboratory Telephone	7,340 2,324		4	5		21 77	1		1
Other Debt payment State match	5,649		3	5		23	1		1,327
Rent Advertising Mini Grants	 34 33,750 9,100		1	 1	Anabet	2 4	 	-	1
Total Expenditures	\$ 203,986	\$	1,109	\$ 1,490	\$	7,532	\$ 453	\$	1,849
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$ (14,177)	\$	(761)	\$ 1,018	\$	278	\$ (429)	\$	1,307

	IMMU	UNIZATIONS		STD	VENTION BLOCK		HIV	M	NVIRON- IENTAL ALTH CHS	NTICELLO STUDY
Revenues:	•	04.50								
State Reimbursement	\$	81,590	\$	1,000	\$ 98,423	\$	1,020	\$	12,500	\$ 141,515
General Health									83,580	
County										
School Nurses Miscellaneous										
		609		46	342		12		851	139
Occupancy allocation Grants and other government resources		61,909		40	342		12		851	139
Grants and other government resources		61,909			 					
Total Revenues	\$	144,108	_\$	1,046	\$ 98,765	\$	1,032	\$	96,931	\$ 141,654
Expenditures:										
Salaries	\$	73,084	\$	6,114	\$ 38,917	\$	1,277	\$	99,860	\$ 13,963
Fringe Benefits		38,825		3,416	20,707		696		52,946	6,833
Consultants		717		54	444		13		1,068	149
Contract - MD									,	
Contract - Travel										
Patient Care										84,080
Pharmacy										3,806
Supplies - Medical		1,595			109					•
Travel		1,236		61	4,201		14		5,711	28,577
Dues - Periodicals		700		64	512		7		1,051	105
Education - Training		157		9	6,260		3		250	871
Capital Purchases										
Utilities		1,964		164	1,032		34		2,783	392
Maintenance - Repairs		2,351		201	1,798		42		3,322	439
Insurance		1,191		155	330		39		1,650	481
Data Processing		3,264		70	500		15		1,315	185
Postage		412		41	216		8		559	78
Printing - Binding		339			42					
Supplies - Office		12,554		30	969		8		653	85
Laboratory										
Telephone		1,320		107	711		22		1,871	265
Other		423		39	3,940		24		587	774
Debt payment										
State match										
Rent		33		3	15		1		43	7
Advertising		3,908		6	1,334		1		98	874
Mini Grants					 12,985					 ·······
Total Expenditures	\$	144,073	\$	10,534	\$ 95,022	_\$_	2,204	\$	173,767	\$ 141,964
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$	35	\$	(9,488)	\$ 3,743	\$	(1,172)	\$	(76,836)	\$ (310)

	TOBACCO BUYS		EPSDT/ CHEC	BACCO ONTROL		COUNTIES OOL NURSE	WBORN CARE
Revenues:							
State Reimbursement	\$	14,431	\$ 30,030	\$ 27,942			\$ 38,909
General Health		189					
County							
School Nurses					\$	98,939	
Miscellaneous							
Occupancy allocation		51	124	90		443	88
Grants and other government resources			 	 			
Total Revenues	\$	14,671	\$ 30,154	\$ 28,032	\$	99,382	\$ 38,997
Expenditures:							
Salaries	\$	6,357	\$ 15,363	\$ 9,180	\$	62,610	\$ 11,497
Fringe Benefits		3,151	8,265	4,964		33,876	6,103
Consultants		106	140	2,448		297	85
Contract - MD				,			
Contract - Travel							
Patient Care							
Pharmacy							
Supplies - Medical		3,795	1,426				
Travel		678	201	296		1,531	255
Dues - Periodicals		31	151	48		476	74
Education - Training		29	31	1,363		355	14
Capital Purchases				,.			
Utilities		174	417	265		1,632	299
Maintenance - Repairs		253	498	267		1,968	386
Insurance		38	279	229		1,226	111
Data Processing		54	642	121		769	262
Postage		42	85	44		316	61
Printing - Binding				107			
Supplies - Office		30	753	3,254		314	54
Laboratory				•			
Telephone		104	287	182		1,829	199
Other		64	550	212		381	72
Debt payment							
State match							11,788
Rent		2	7	4		29	5
Advertising		10	13	7,428		68	12
Mini Grants			 	 .,			
Total Expenditures	\$	14,918	\$ 29,108	\$ 30,412	<u> </u>	107,677	\$ 31,277
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$	(247)	\$ 1,046	\$ (2,380)	\$	(8,295)	\$ 7,720

	PRENATAL DAGE 5	GHWAY AFETY	MUNITY NSFORM	AS	PR MRC	AS	PR HPP
Revenues:							
State Reimbursement General Health County	\$ 16,000	\$ 7,984	\$ 43,425	\$	11,643	\$	73,048
School Nurses							
Miscellaneous							
Occupancy allocation	108	15	245		33		233
Grants and other government resources	 	 	 				
Total Revenues	 16,108	\$ 7,999	\$ 43,670	\$	11,676	\$	73,281
Expenditures:							
Salaries	\$ 11,169	\$ 3,940	\$ 22,025	\$	4,771	\$	28,270
Fringe Benefits	5,960	2,084	11,655		2,404		15,372
Consultants	135	36	361		50		191
Contract - MD			484				
Contract - Travel							
Patient Care							
Pharmacy							
Supplies - Medical							
Travel	126	2,348	2,536		574		5,243
Dues - Periodicals	119	63	159		46		180
Education - Training	38	205	2,251		799		2,762
Capital Purchases					6		
Utilities	294	118	603		132		793
Maintenance - Repairs	339	133	710		163		970
Insurance	263	31	345		13		717
Data Processing	133	67	238		46		389
Postage	57	14	112		28		154
Printing - Binding							
Supplies - Office	63	269	719		699		7,049
Laboratory							
Telephone	199	82	401		85		2,411
Other	55	518			1,535		6,786
Debt payment							
State match							
Rent	5	1	11		2		14
Advertising	10	1,001	603				29
Mini Grants	 -	 <u>.</u>	 				
Total Expenditures	\$ 18,965	\$ 10,910	\$ 43,213	\$	11,353	\$	71,330
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$ (2,857)	\$ (2,911)	\$ 457	\$	323	\$	1,951

	EPIDE	июьобу	PAREDNESS ESPONSE	CASE AGEMENT	CONMENTAL	I	MMUNITY BASED RVICES		TOTAL
Revenues: State Reimbursement General Health County School Nurses			\$ 294,986	\$ 55,561	\$ 127,729	\$	60,920	\$	2,329,865 242,825 354,555 98,939
Miscellaneous Occupancy allocation Grants and other government resources			1,028	 274	 620		422		26,662 12,096 61,909
Total Revenues	\$		\$ 296,014	\$ 55,835	\$ 128,349	\$	61,342	_\$_	3,126,851
Expenditures:									
Salaries Fringe Benefits Consultants Contract - MD			\$ 106,199 56,202 1,485	\$ 31,361 16,541 331	\$ 67,214 36,723 835	\$	45,567 24,610 216	\$	1,369,435 772,923 19,341
Contract - Travel Patient Care Pharmacy Supplies - Medical									94,940 97,783 13,241
Travel Dues - Periodicals			27,412 1,030	369 308	3,703 516		119 239		117,760 14,971
Education - Training Capital Purchases Utilities			6,079 6,572 2,919	77 874	237 1,839		136 1,224		36,451 49,566 36,981
Maintenance - Repairs Insurance			4,274 1,469	1,025 572	2,186 386		1,364 1,949		45,269 23,579
Data Processing Postage Printing - Binding			13,027 584	398 166	807 403		617 248		34,465 8,077 2,478
Supplies - Office Laboratory			44,495	850	399		269		98,073 3,398
Telephone Other Debt payment State match	\$	150	19,218 21,945	586 181	1,275 2,380		835 366		49,969 57,257 25,672 11,788
Rent Advertising Mini Grants			 46 12219	 14 31	 31 51		24 55		600 64,984 22,085
Total Expenditures	\$	150	\$ 325,175	\$ 53,684	\$ 118,985	\$	77,838	\$	3,071,086
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$	(150)	\$ (29,161)	\$ 2,151	\$ 9,364	\$	(16,496)	\$	55,765

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AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

UTAH ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

Re: Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Controls over Compliance In Accordance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE

We have audited Carbon County's compliance with general and major state program compliance requirements described in the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide* for the year ended December 31, 2013. The general compliance requirements applicable to the County are identified as follows:

Government Records Access Mgt Act
Cash Management
Statement of Taxes Charged,
Collected and Disbursed
Assessing & Collecting of Property Taxes
Utah Retirement System Compliance
Fund Balance Limitation

Transient Room Tax
Nepotism
Open and Public Meetings Act
Budgetary Compliance
Justice Courts
Utah Public Finance Website
Conflicts of Interest

The County received the following major assistance programs from the State of Utah:

Mineral Revenue Sharing (Department of Transportation)
Airport Improvement Resurface (Department of Transportation)

Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of Carbon County's management.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide*. Those standards and the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the County and its major programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with these requirements.

Opinion

In our opinion, Carbon County complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the compliance requirements that are applicable to each of its major state programs for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide and which are described in our letter to management dated August 15, 2014 as items 2013-1, 2013-2, 2013-3, 2013-4 and 2013-5.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Managements of Carbon County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned function, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a time basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Carbon County's Response to Findings

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying letter to management. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have audited the basic financial statements of Carbon County for the year ended December 31, 2013. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements of Carbon County. The accompanying schedule of transient room tax is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of Carbon County. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

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Price, Utah

August 15, 2014

CARBON COUNTY/SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE GRANTS, CONTRACTS, AND LOAN FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

GRANT/LOAN NAME	AWARD CONTRACT # (IF APPLICABLE)	YEAR OF LAST AUDIT	EXPE	ENDITURES
Department of Economic Development				
Cadastral mapping grant			\$	10,000
Subtotal - Department of Economic Development			\$	10,000
Department of Agriculture				
Liquor allotment			<u>\$</u>	38,601
Subtotal - Department of Agriculture			\$	38,601
Utah Department of Transportation				
Mineral lease revenue sharing			\$	485,959
B Road funds (none expended this year)				
Airport resurfacing project				284,072
Subtotal - Utah Department of Transportation				770,031
Department of Health and Human Services				
Community based child abuse prevention			\$	105,663
Crisis respite care				125,043
Cancer promotion				110
TB control				291
Breast and cervical cancer				150
Utah indoor clear air				340
Physical act, nutrition and obesity				4,569
CHEC				9,759
LHD environmental services				85,025
Early childhood case management				11,284
Consumer education and assistance				27,781
Tobacco prevention and control				192,120
Emergency medical services				25,361
Minimum performance grant				234,277
Subtotal - Department of Health and Human Services			\$	821,773
Commission on Criminal & Juvenille Justice				
CJC - Childrens justice center			\$	130,044
Subtotal - Commission on Criminal & Juvenille Justice				130,044
Department of Community and Culture				
ClB - Animal shelter grant			\$	143,439
Subtotal - Department of Community and Culture			\$	143,439
TOTAL OD ANT CONTRACT AND LOAN FUND EVERNOUTE	DEC		¢	1 012 000
TOTAL GRANT, CONTRACT, AND LOAN FUND EXPENDITU	KES		\$	1,913,888

^{*}Indicates Major Programs Tested

CARBON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF TRANSIENT ROOM TAX EXPENDITURE BREAKDOWN <u>AUDIT DECEMBER 31, 2013</u>

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES

ESTABLISHING AND PROMOTING:

Tourism	\$	498,156
Total Transient Room Tax Expenditures	_\$_	498,156

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> Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

> > RE: Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carbon County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 15, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Carbon County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned function, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However material weaknesses may exist, that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies. See items 2013-1.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2013-1 and 2013-2.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County in a separate letter dated August 15, 2014.

Carbon County's Response to Findings

Carbon County's response to the findings identified in our audit, are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs or in the management letter. Carbon County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

Suite, Fail & Many

Price, Utah

August 15, 2014

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> Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

> > RE: Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Carbon County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Carbon County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Carbon County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Programs

In our opinion Carbon County complied, in all material respect, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2013-1 and 2013-2. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Carbon County's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Carbon County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Carbon County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirements of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section, and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING
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Price, Utah

August 15, 2014

CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of Carbon County.
- 2. There was one significant deficiencies or material weaknesses disclosed in internal control by the audit over the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Carbon County were disclosed by the audit.
- 4. There were no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over major programs disclosed by the audit.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Carbon County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. The audit of Carbon County's major programs disclosed no audit findings relating to major programs that the auditor is required to report.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

Program	CFDA#
WIC Administration and Nutrition/Food Vouchers	10.557
FAA Airport improvement projects	20.106

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Carbon County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. <u>FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT</u>

FINDING 2013-1 RECONCILIATION OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS - Carbon County

Criteria:

Statement on Auditing Standards No. 115 requires governmental entities to design and implement controls, which allow them to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

FINDING 2013-1 RECONCILIATION OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS – Carbon County (Continued)

Statement of Condition:

The employees of the County failed to perform reconciliation's of significant accounts. Bank accounts are not being reconciled to the general ledger account in a timely or accurate manner. Some revenues are not being recorded in the financial statements in an accurate manner

Cause of Condition:

The County failed to perform work and make necessary changes during the year that dealt with some of the aspects of the prior year audit findings. The current work load and changes in personnel have made it difficult to meet all the demands of making sure revenue is recorded properly and bank accounts are reconciled on a monthly basis.

Effect or Possible Effect of Condition:

Unless bank accounts have been reconciled on a monthly basis to the general ledger, revenue received might not be reflected in the financial statements and expense transactions might not be recorded timely. Financial statements prepared each month, may not be in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Material misstatements can occur in the financial statements.

Recommendation:

We recommend monthly reconciliation of all bank accounts to the general ledger. All deposits in each bank account needs to be receipted and recorded timely in the financial statements. All expenditures occurring in the bank accounts need to be recorded timely. The County Clerk/Auditor needs to make sure internal controls have been adopted and implemented to ensure these procedures are performed timely. We recommend that management of the County over the accounting functions review the processes, and if necessary change them, to ensure the County initiates, authorizes, records, processes, and reports accurate bank account balances in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

County's Response:

County personnel will continue to review the accounting processes and make necessary changes in the current year. We have implemented certain procedures that have corrected some areas of concern from the previous audit, but failed to correct them all. We are in the process of finding a better approach to make certain all of the account balances are properly reflected. We will continue to educate those who are involved in the accounting functions for the County and make changes if needed. We have used the expertise of our outside auditors to help us understand and educate those involved in these processes and will continue to use their services.

FINDING 2013-2 EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

Statement of Condition:

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the County over spent its adopted budget in the General Fund: Contributions and miscellaneous.

Criteria:

Governmental compliance requirements state that officers and employees of governmental entities shall not incur expenditures or encumbrances in excess of the total budgeted appropriations. The level of compliance is on the department basis for Counties.

Cause of Condition:

During the end of the calendar year, the County made expenditures that were not anticipated and did not have adequate time to change the adopted budget. Although the County is aware that all expenditures need to be budgeted, some of these expenditures occurred when the County did not have adequate time to amend their current year budget.

Effect or Possible Effect of Condition:

The budget is the legal authorization for the County to spend funds. Citizens of the County could question the allowability of expenditures in excess of the budget, because the public did not authorize or have an opportunity to voice their opinion on the expenditure.

Recommendation:

We recommend the County monitor more closely the expenditures as compared to the approved budget to make sure they are in compliance with budgetary requirements.

County's Response:

The County is aware of the requirements to stay within their adopted budget and will continue to monitor expenditures as compared to the budget.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS-MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ <u>PROGRAM TITLE</u>	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER		GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	OF	ROGRAM R AWARD MOUNT	F	ASH/ACCI (DEFERR REVENUE JANUAR) 2013	ED) E AT	OR	ECEIPTS REVENUE COGNIZED		URSEMENTS/ ENDITURES	(D RE	H/ACCRUED EFERRED) VENUE AT EMBER 31, 2013
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE														
Pass Through State Department:														
WIC Administration and Nutrition (Note 2)	10.557	*	C7-I	\$	505,229				s	391.796	\$	391,796		
WIC Administration and Nutrition (Note 2)	10.557	*	C7-I		443,393				•	118,681	•	118,681		
WIC Food Vouchers (Note 2)	10,557	*	C7-I		914,006					688,599		688,599		
WIC Food Vouchers (Note 2)	10.557	*	C7-I		778,500					226,831		226,831		
Pass Through Southeastern Utah Association of Government	10.666				,							,		
Summer Food	10.559				100					100		100		
USDA Cash in Lieu	10.550		N/A		51,932					49,343		49,343	-	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				\$	2,693,160	\$			<u>\$</u>	1,475,350	\$	1,475,350	_\$	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR														
Direct Program:														
Noxious Weed Act	15.224			\$	10,000				\$	10,000	\$	10,000		
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Developme	nt				10,000					10,000	\$	10,000	<u> </u>	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE														
Direct Program:														
Victims of Crime	16.575		13-VOCA-11	\$	35,500				\$	35,436	\$	35,436		
National Children's Alliance	16.758		6-PRICE-UT-SA13		9,000					9,000		9,000		
Justice Assistance - CCJJ	16.540				5,000					5,000		5,000		
Total U.S. Department of Justice				\$	49,500	_\$_	·		\$	49,436	\$	49,436	_\$	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION														
Direct Program:														
FAA - Airport Resurfacing	20.106	*		\$	6,498,879				\$	5,017,219	\$	5,017,219		
Pass through State Department:					. ,									
Highway Safety Project	20.600		14-0208		4,000					548		548		
Highway Safety Project	20.600		13-0208		14,450					7,436		7,436		
Hazmat Emergency Preparation - HLS	20.703		12-0208		9,692					9,692		9,692		
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				\$	6,527,021	s			s	5,034,895	s	5,034,895	\$	

^{*} Major Programs

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ <u>PROGRAM TITLE</u>	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JANUARY 1, 2013	OR	CCEIPTS REVENUE OGNIZED		RSEMENTS/	(DEF REVE DECEN	ACCRUED ERRED) NUE AT MBER 31,
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTI	ON AGENCY									
Pass through State Department:										
Environmental Services - DEO	66,468	130271/132516	\$ 16,680		\$	9.188	\$	9,188		
Environmental Services - DEQ	66.605	130271/132516	18,290		-	10,091	•	10,091		
	00.000	1502111152510								
Total U.S. Department of Environmental Protection Age	ency		\$ 34,970	\$	\$	19,279	\$	19,279	\$	•••
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVIO	CES									
Pass through State Department:										
TB Elimination	93.116	131568	\$ 7,774		\$	7,479	\$	7,479		
H1N1 Flu Phase 1 & 2	93.069	140630	271,640			119,269		119,269		
H1N1 Flu Phase 3	93.069	130765	285,340			175,717		175,717		
Immunizations	93.268	131568	69,147			69,147		69,147		
Cancer Promotion	93.283	130972	52,085			5,879		5,879		
Cancer Promotion	93.283	130972	52,085			5,731		5,731		
Breast and Cervical Cancer	93.283	140305	11,540			3,822		3,822		
Wisewoman	93.283	140305	30,174			9,000		9,000		
Comprehensive Tobacco	93.283	130972	44,112			22,121		22,121		
Comprehensive Tobacco	93.283	140052	44,112			16,147		16,147		
CHEC	93.778	130524	23,612			10,546		10,546		
CHEC	93,778	140610	23,612			9,725		9,725		
Cons. Education & Assistance	93.778	130524	30,498			12,943		12,943		
Cons. Education & Assistance	93.778	140610	30,498			14,838		14,838		
Monticello Cancer Initiative	93.888	10-1427	582,120			141,515		141,515		
Sexually Transmitted Disease	93.977	131568	1,000			1,000		1,000		
Title XIX, Early Childhood	93.778	130524	55,913			13,777		13,777		
Title XIX, Early Childhood	93.778	140610	55,913			13,849		13,849		
Physical Act, Nutrition and Obesity	93.991	140053	17,971			5,484		5,484		
Physical Act, Nutrition and Obesity	93.991	130972	25,393			20,460		20,460		
VIPP	93.991	130972	9,628			5,417		5,417		
VIPP	93.991	140053	9,628			4,376		4,376		
Healthcare Association Infection	93.521	131357	23,978			11,989		11,989		
Social Services Block Grant - XX	93.667	131337	3,100			3,100		3,100		
Bioterrorism - MRC and ASPR Reg Prepardness	93.889	140630	91,015			37,220		37,220		
Bioterrorism - MRC and ASPR Reg Prepardness	93.889	130765	95,015			47,471		47,471		
HIV Prevention, Counseling and Testing	93.940	131568	1,000			1,000		1,000		
Pano/Epice	93.940	140053	6,928			2,123		2,123		
i anorepice	73.743	140033	0,728			2,123		4,143		

^{*} Major Programs

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JANUARY 1, 2013	RECEIPTS OR REVENUE RECOGNIZED	DISBURSEMENTS/ EXPENDITURES	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT DECEMBER 31, 2013
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVIO	CES						
Pass through State Department:							
VIPP	93.994	130972	\$ 31,328		\$ 17,153	\$ 17,153	
VIPP	93,994	140053	31,328		13,856	13,856	
P-5 Home Visitation	93.994	131223	16,000		8,000	8,000	
P-5 Home Visitation	93.994	140166	20,000		8,000	8,000	
Community Based Services	93.994	12-1904	100,000		60,920	60,920	
MCH - General Health Block Grant	93.994	131223	87,610		43,805	43,805	
MCH - General Health Block Grant	93.994	140166	129,513		43,805	43,805	
Community Transformation	93.531	130972	53,250		21,435	21,435	
Community Transformation	93.531	140053	39,000		21,990	21,990	
Pass Through Southeastern Utah Association of Governmen	its:						
Special Program of Aging -							
Support Services	93.044	N/A	41,283		20,642	20,642	
Support Services	93.044	N/A	42,118		21,059	21,059	
Title III, Nutrition	93.045	N/A	70,936		35,468	35,468	
Title III, Nutrition	93.045	N/A	74,448		37,252	37,252	
Senior Health	93.043	AOG	3,556		1,325	1,325	
Senior Health	93.043	AOG	3,655		1,828	1,828	
Social Services Block Grant - XX	93.667	AOG	5,724		4,820	4,820	
Social Services Block Grant - XX	93.667	AOG	6,958		3,479	3,479	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 2,711,538	\$	\$ 1,155,982	\$ 1,155,982	<u>s</u>

^{*} Major Programs

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ <u>PROGRAM TITLE</u>	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JANUARY 1, 2013	RECEIPTS OR REVENUE RECOGNIZED	DISBURSEMENTS/ EXPENDITURES	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT DECEMBER 31, 2013
CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL SERVICE							
Direct Program: Retired Senior Volunteer Program	94.002	440-P062/20	\$ 40,485		\$ 40,485	\$ 40,485	
Pass through Association of Governments:	94.002	440-1002/20	\$ 40,463		5 40,463	3 40,463	
Retired Senior Volunteer Program	94.002		5,500		5,500	5,500	
Total U.S. Department of Corporation for National Se	rvice		\$ 45,985	\$	\$ 45,985	\$ 45,985	<u>\$</u>
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Direct Program:							
Hazardous Material - Hazmat Recovery	97.042		\$ 50,000		\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	
Home Land Security - SHSP/CCP	97.067		643,559		110,055	110,055	
Total U.S. Departmnt of Homeland Security			\$ 693,559	\$	\$ 160,055	\$ 160,055	<u>\$</u>
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 12,765,733	s	\$ 7,950,982	\$ 7,950,982	<u>s</u>

^{*} Major Programs

CARBON COUNTY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of program activity of the County's federal award programs and does not necessarily present transactions that would be included in financial statements of the County presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as contemplated by generally accepted accounting principles.

2. FOOD INSTRUMENTS

Amounts shown on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as WIC food vouchers are not direct cash expenditures of Carbon County. The Southeastern Utah Health District operates the Women, Infant and Children program. As part of this program the Health District distributes food instruments provided by the State of Utah that can be redeemed at local stores for food items. The dollar amounts, reported on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are the fair market value of the food instruments.

3. MEDICAID CASE MANAGEMENT

Medicaid Case Management is reimbursed on a fee for service basis. Because of this type of payment, the revenue exceeds the expenses for this program. In order not to have an accrued revenue amount for these programs, additional expenses have been recorded.

CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Finding 2012-1 Reconciliation of Significant Accounts

See current year audit findings. Not corrected

Finding 2012-2 Deficit fund balance

Corrected in the current year. Corrected

Finding 2012-3 Application and presentation of GAAP financial statements

Corrected in the current year. Corrected

Finding 2012-4 Expenditures in Excess of Budget

See current year audit finding. Not corrected.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

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MEMBERS

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CRAIG G. SMUIN, C.P.A. R. KIRT RICH, C.P.A. GREG MARSING, C.P.A. DOUGLAS RASMUSSEN, C.P.A.

> Board of County Commissioners - Carbon County/ Southeastern Utah District Health Department Price, Utah 84501

Ladies/Gentlemen:

The following comments and recommendations are a result of our review of the accounting procedures and internal controls in connection with our examination of the financial statements of Carbon County for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Since our review was made primarily to determine the scope of our auditing procedures and was not intended as a comprehensive study or evaluation of the systems and procedures, this memorandum should not be considered all inclusive.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss any items mentioned in this memorandum or any other accounting, or procedural questions.

CARBON COUNTY

2013-1 JAIL RECORDING – INMATE TRUST ACCOUNT AND COMMISSARY FUNDS

The jail is receiving and collecting funds for the inmates and is required to have internal controls that will safeguard these funds and keep adequate documentation to support the transactions performed. Excess funds are to be sent to the County on a regular basis. From our examination, the excess in the inmate account (commissary) is not being remitted timely to the County, and the County has not pursued timely payment of the funds to the County.

We recommend the County review the processes at the Jail facility and implement internal controls that have been established at the County. Monthly bank reconciliations are being performed and this information needs to be sent to the Clerk/Auditor timely. We recommend a check list of processes that should be performed on a monthly basis by the jail, be generated and implemented by the Clerk/Auditor and approved by the County Commissioners.

Client Response

The County has implemented a monthly closing process for the jail and will continue to monitor and adapt this process as needed to ensure that monies are correctly deposited with the County on a monthly basis.

CARBON COUNTY (continued)

2013-3 DEBT SERVICE RESERVES

The County has set aside or restricted funds for debt service reserves, but these funds are not in a separate account. These funds are comingled in the total cash balances of the County. Although the County has the reserves designated, they should be in a separate account and identified as debt service reserve funds. This identifies the amount of the funds and what they are intended to be used for, without any further calculations. This also enables the County to meet the criteria of the bond documents.

We recommend the County establish a separate debt service reserve fund and deposit the required debt service reserve amounts in the account. Currently and in the future, the County should deposit the necessary reserve amounts into this account to meet the requirements of the bond documents.

Clients Response

The County will establish a separate account and transfer appropriate debt service reserves.

2013-4 RECONCILIATION OF PAYROLL LIABILITIES TO PROPER FUNDS

The County should reconcile the payroll liabilities on a regular basis and ensure that the expenditures are recorded in the proper funds. During the audit, we proposed adjustments to several payroll liability accounts that were accumulating costs (the 03 account), but were not adjusted and moved to proper expense accounts in the different funds. Timely reviews and necessary adjustments will ensure the expenses are properly reported and financial statements will reflect more accurate balances.

We recommend the County review their processes for reviewing and reconciling the payroll liability accounts at the end of each month. Necessary adjustments need to be made timely to ensure accurate financial information is presented to the governing board.

Clients Response

The County will review the payroll liabilities process with their accounting software provider to facilitate a more timely reconciliation of payroll liabilities.

2013-5 TIMELY GRANT REIMBURSEMENT SUBMISSION

The County has incurred expenditures that were to be reimbursed from grant funds being held in trust until reimbursement requests were submitted and verified by the funding agency. Expenditures had been made for several months without any reimbursement request submitted. Although the County had adequate funds to pay for the expenditures made, accurate information was not available to determine the unused portion of the grant funds. After considerable effort by the County, a final reimbursement was submitted that was for a significant dollar amount.

CARBON COUNTY (continued)

2013-5 TIMELY GRANT REIMBURSEMENT SUBMISSION (Continued)

We recommend the County review their grant reimbursement processes and establish guidelines for when and how the reimbursement requests will be performed and by whom. The County should make every effort to file timely reimbursement requests, so the County is not obligating other funds for an extended period of time and reduce available resources.

Clients Response

The County has reviewed the process for requesting grant reimbursements and will make the appropriate changes to receive timely reimbursements.

No Management letter for Southeastern Utah District Health Department

SUMMARY

We feel the accounting procedures and internal control items mentioned above are some areas where Carbon County and Southeastern Utah District Health Department can make changes so as to further improve their internal control structures to safeguard the assets, check the accuracy and reliability of accounting data and promote operating efficiency.

Sincerely,

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

Sura, Role 7 Mixing

Price, Utah

August 15, 2014