CARBON COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County, Utah as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carbon County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Scofield Reservoir Special Service District, which represents 3.4 percent of the assets, .46 percent of net position and .10 percent of revenues of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activity. Those statements were unaudited and their reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Scofield Reservoir Special Service District, is based solely on the report provided. We conducted our audit, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to Carbon County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County, as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of American require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 12 and pages 64 through 71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Carbon County's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 10, 2015, on our consideration of Carbon County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Carbon County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

Suite, Fish & Mouring

Price, Utah

July 10, 2015

CARBON COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

This discussion of Carbon County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ending December 31, 2014. This report is in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

The purpose of the County is to provide general services to its residents, which includes general government, public safety, public health, highways and public improvements, park and recreation, and economic development. Additional services provided to residents in the unincorporated areas include road maintenance and fire control.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Carbon County exceeded its liabilities as of December 31, 2014 by \$148,926,645 (net position), compared to \$140,862,792 as of December 31, 2013, an increase of \$4,377,803. Of this amount, \$9,071,596 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the governments' ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Current year net position increase by \$8,063,853.
- The government's total net position increased by \$8,063,853. Net position increased by \$6,225,074 in the prior year. The major difference between the two years was an increase in funding for capital projects and an increase in capital projects expenditures in 2014.
- At the close of the current year, the Carbon County governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,861,072, an increase of \$1,587,316 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 18.2 percent of this total amount, \$3,803,712 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,733,536, or approximately 84.7 percent of total balance in the General Fund.
- Carbon County's total debt increased \$16,737,664 during the current year, because new loan proceeds of \$17,973,000 were greater than the debt payments of \$1,235,336.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. Government-wide financial statements consist of the following: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Fund financial statements, for governmental activities, tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. This report also contains notes and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Carbon County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of Carbon County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Carbon County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing revenues and expenditures of the County and how the government's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Carbon County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of Carbon County include general government, public safety, public health, highways and public improvements, parks and recreation, and economic development. The business-type activities of Carbon County are the County Court Complex.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Carbon County itself (known as the primary government), but also two legally separate special service districts, the Scofield Special Service District and the Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District, for which Carbon County is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Carbon County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Carbon County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

• Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Fund financial statements (Continued)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Carbon County maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, municipal services fund, Southeastern Utah District Health, Building Authority, and capital projects all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Carbon County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

- Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Carbon County uses an enterprise fund to account for its County Court Complex operations.
- Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Carbon County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.
- The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are part of the basic financial statements.
- Other information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Carbon County. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide financial analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Carbon County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$148,926,645 at December 31, 2014.

By far the largest portion of Carbon County's net position (85.99 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Carbon County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Carbon County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1 Net Position

									То	tal		
	Government	al A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities				Primary Government				
	2014		2013	2014 2013		2014		2013				
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 30,577,506 160,506,462	\$	21,837,903 137,119,789	\$	1,253,264 805,523	\$	1,139,532 862,285	\$	31,830,770 161,311,985	\$	22,977,435 137,982,074	
Total assets	\$ 191,083,968	\$	158,957,692	\$	2,058,787	\$	2,001,817	\$	193,142,755	\$	160,959,509	
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 31,574,688 10,582,635 42,157,323	\$ 	14,617,418 3,477,482 18,094,900	<u>\$</u>	4,837 4,837	<u>\$</u>	96,473 96,473	\$	31,574,688 10,587,472 42,162,160	\$	14,617,418 3,573,955 18,191,373	
Net position: Investment in capital assets, net of debt Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	\$ 128,931,774 10,923,275 9,071,596	\$	122,282,765 8,754,609 9,825,418	\$	805,523 1,248,427	\$	862,285 1,043,059	\$	129,737,297 12,171,702 9,071,596	\$	123,145,050 9,797,668 9,825,418	
Total net position	\$ 148,926,645	\$	140,862,792	\$	2,053,950	\$	1,905,344	\$	150,980,595	\$	142,768,136	

A portion of Carbon County's net assets (7.3 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$9,071,596 may be used to meet the government's on-going obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the year, Carbon County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Government-wide financial analysis (Continued)

Governmental activities increased Carbon County's net position by \$8,063,853. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Table 2
Change in Net Position

		Governmen	ıtal A	ectivities	Business-Type Activities			ctivities	Total Primary Government			
		2014		2013		2014		2013		2014		2013
Revenues				······································						:		
Program Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	7,237,418	\$	7,056,496	\$	278,846	\$	170,898	\$	7,516,264	\$	7,227,394
Operating grants and cont.		4,383,143		4,681,337						4,383,143		4,681,337
Capital grants and cont.		13,570,722		10,104,316						13,570,722		10,104,316
General Revenues:												
Property taxes		6,822,063		7,095,699						6,822,063		7,095,699
Sales taxes		1,975,320		1,954,979						1,975,320		1,954,979
Other general revenues		3,519,226		4,801,479						3,519,226		4,801,479
Total revenues	\$	37,507,892	\$	35,694,306	\$	278,846	\$	170,898	\$	37,786,738	\$	35,865,204
_						,						
Program expenses											_	
General government	\$	5,814,288	\$	6,043,704					\$	5,814,288	\$	6,043,704
Public safety		7,459,708		7,301,562						7,459,708		7,301,562
Public health		3,907,317		4,305,759						3,907,317		4,305,759
Highways and public improve.		8,151,284		8,121,144						8,151,284		8,121,144
Parks and recreation		2,061,216		2,638,281						2,061,216		2,638,281
Conservation & Econ. Dev.		519,961		544,668						519,961		544,668
Contributions and Misc.		158,663		514,114						158,663		514,114
Capital outlay		1,255,849								1,255,849		
Interest on long-term liab.		115,753			_		_			115,753		
County Court Complex						130,240	\$	112,825		130,240		112,825
Total expenses	_\$_	29,444,039	_\$_	29,469,232	<u> </u>	130,240	_\$_	112,825	\$	29,574,279	_\$_	29,582,057
Excess (deficiency) before												
transfers	\$	8,063,853	\$	6,225,074	\$	148,606	\$	58,073	\$	8,212,459		6,283,147
Change in net position	\$	8,063,853	\$	6,225,074	\$	148,606	\$	58,073	\$	8,212,459	\$	6,283,147
Change in net position	Ψ.	0,000,000		0,223,074	Ψ	140,000	Ψ	30,073	-	0,212,437	Ψ_	0,203,147
Net assets - beginning	\$	140,862,792	\$	148,926,645	\$	1,905,344	\$	2,053,950	\$	142,768,136	\$	150,980,595
Net assets - ending		148,926,645		140,862,792	<u> </u>	2,053,950		1,905,344		150,980,595		142,768,136
Change in net position	\$	8,063,853	\$	(8,063,853)	_\$_	148,606	\$	(148,606)	<u>\$</u>	8,212,459	<u>\$</u>	(8,212,459)

Government-wide financial analysis (Continued)

For 2014 Carbon County experienced a decrease in growth totaling \$8,607,637 as reported to the State Tax Commission. This decrease in growth is due primarily to the value of centrally assessed property, which decreased \$64,652,893. Certified tax rates automatically adjust for the changes in centrally assessed property values.

Business-type activities increased Carbon County's net position by \$148,606. Key elements of this increase are shown in Table 2 Change in Net Position.

As noted earlier, Carbon County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

• Governmental funds -The focus of Carbon County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Carbon County's financing requirements. In particular unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At the end of the year, Carbon County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,861,072, which is an increase of \$1,587,316 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately, 17.89 percent or \$3,733,536 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The general fund is the chief operating fund of Carbon County. At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$3,733,536.

• Proprietary funds - Carbon County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at year end amounted to \$1,248,427.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Changes from the original budget to the final are outlined below:

<u>Function</u>	Original	 Final	Inc. (Dec.)		
General Government	\$ 5,534,997	\$ 5,671,897	\$	136,900	
Public Safety	3,746,600	3,754,600		8,000	
Public Health	372,100	372,100			
Highway and Public Improvements	1,255,848	1,255,848			
Parks, recreation and public property	133,200	240,800		107,600	
Conservation and Economic Development	60,100	60,335		235	
Contributions and miscellaneous	216,514	197,200		(19,314)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (960,219)	 (1,808,458)		(848,239)	
Net	 	 	\$	(1,081,425)	

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Carbon County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2014, amounts to \$160,506,462 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, rights of way, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, and infrastructure, which includes roads, highways, and bridges. The total increases in Carbon County's governmental activities capital assets for the current year was \$23,386,672.

Carbon County's investment in capital assets for its business-type activities as of December 31,2014, amounts to \$805,523 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and buildings. The total amount represents a decrease in Carbon County's business-type activities capital assets for the current year of \$56,762.

Table 3
Capital Assets at Year-end
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
		2014		2013		2014		2013		2014		2013	
Right of ways	\$	1,401,918	\$	1,401,918					\$	1,401,918	\$	1,401,918	
Land		1,867,894		1,867,894	\$	198,000	\$	198,000		2,065,894		2,065,894	
Buildings		30,890,533		31,879,014		607,523		664,285		31,498,056		32,543,299	
Improvements other													
than buildings		33,214,621		11,400,525						33,214,621		11,400,525	
Fixtures and equipment		5,602,789		6,652,364						5,602,789		6,652,364	
Infrastructure		71,168,739		73,556,492						71,168,739		73,556,492	
Water stock		146,000		146,000						146,000		146,000	
Work in progress		16,213,968		10,215,583						16,213,968		10,215,583	
	\$	160,506,462	\$	137,119,790	_\$_	805,523	\$	862,285	\$	161,311,985	\$	137,982,075	

Additional information on Carbon County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term debt

As presented in the schedule below, the total long-term debt of Carbon County as of December 31, 2014 was \$32,440,889, which included revenue bonds, capital leases and compensated absences.

Additional information on Carbon County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	Government	al Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
	2014	2013	2014 2013	2014 2013
Revenue Bonds Compensated Absences	\$ 31,574,688 866,201	\$ 14,837,024 693,730		\$ 31,574,688 \$ 14,837,024 866,201 693,730
	\$ 32,440,889	\$ 15,530,754	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	\$ 32,440,889 \$ 15,530,754

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate for Carbon County in 2014 was 5.2%, a decrease of .71% from 2013. This is higher than the state's average unemployment rate of 4.53%, but lower than the national average of 6.15%. Population in Carbon County hit a low point in 2005 of 19,205 and has shown a slight increase in the following years. Population in Carbon County was approximately 20,660 in 2014.

Coal mining and oil and gas production have struggled due to poor prices and regulation. The County is actively encouraging development throughout the County to improve the economy in 2015.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Carbon County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Carbon County Clerk-Auditor, 120 East Main, Price, Utah, 84501.

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

		PRIN						
	GOVERN- MENTAL ACTIVITIES			USINESS- TYPE CTIVITIES		TOTAL	CC	OMPONENT UNITS
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted - Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Taxes receivable Inventory of supplies	\$	17,451,941 9,427,629 2,766,148 922,220 9,568	\$	1,253,264	\$	18,705,205 9,427,629 2,766,148 9,568	\$	680,719 8,133,665 410,211
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Rights-of-way Water stock Works of art		1,867,894 1,401,918 146,000		198,000		2,065,894 1,401,918 146,000		1,727,184 41,550 110,000 11,500
Buildings Improvements other than buildings Fixtures and equipment Work in progress Infrastructure		30,890,533 33,214,621 5,602,789 16,213,968 71,168,739		607,523		31,498,056 33,214,621 5,602,789 16,213,968 71,168,739		6,844,672 2,382,859 382,755 214,760
Total assets	_\$_	191,083,968	_\$_	2,058,787	\$	192,220,535	_\$_	20,939,875
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year Compensated absences	\$	2,134,324 252,485 519,184 6,810,441 1,239,336 30,335,352 866,201	\$	4,837	\$	2,139,161 252,485 519,184 6,810,441 1,239,336 30,335,352 866,201	\$	18,714 3,403 140,000 3,640,000 2,719
Total liabilities	_\$_	42,157,323	\$	4,837	\$	42,162,160	_\$_	3,804,836
Deferred inflow of resources		•	_\$_		\$		_\$_	
Total liabilities and inflow of resources	_\$_	42,157,323	_\$_	4,837	_\$_	42,162,160	_\$_	3,804,836

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

	-						
	GOVER MENTA ACTIVIT	A L	BUSINESS- TYPE CTIVITIES	TOTAL		CC	OMPONENT UNITS
NET POSITION							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 128,93	\$1,774 \$	805,523	\$	129,737,297	\$	7,935,280
Nonspendable:							
Inventory		9,568			9,568		
Restricted:							
Class "B" roads	4,03	5,182			4,035,182		
Economic development	57	4,230			574,230		
Municipal services	2,56	55,630			2,565,630		
Health care	41	3,787			413,787		
Capital projects	1,95	9,594			1,959,594		4,037,657
Landfill	9	7,661			97,661		
Debt service	1,26	57,623			1,267,623		4,096,008
Unrestricted	9,07	1,596	1,248,427		10,320,023		1,066,094
Total net position	\$ 148,92	26,645 \$	2,053,950	\$	150,980,595	\$	17,135,039

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

			PROGRAM REVE	NUES	_	NET (EXP	OSITION			
			OPERATING	CAPITAL		PRIM	MARY GOVERNME	NT		
Function/Programs	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			OMPONENTS UNITS
Primary government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Highways and public improvements Public health Parks and recreation Conservation and economic development Contributions and miscellaneous Capital outlay Interest on long-term liabilities	\$ 5,814,288 7,459,708 8,151,284 4,384,359 1,584,174 519,961 158,663 1,255,849 115,753	\$ 209,153 2,634,218 3,180,067 930,720 283,260	\$ 145,608 458,097 1,072,301 2,043,621 625,692 37,824	\$ 255,542 13,315,180	\$	(5,459,527) (4,111,851) 9,416,264 (1,410,018) (675,222) (482,137) (158,663) (1,255,849) (115,753)		\$ (5,459,527) (4,111,851) 9,416,264 (1,410,018) (675,222) (482,137) (158,663) (1,255,849) (115,753)	\$	(4,492,358) (1,746,343)
Total governmental activities	\$ 29,444,039	\$ 7,237,418	\$ 4,383,143	\$ 13,570,722		(4,252,756)	<u> </u>	\$ (4,252,756)	\$	(6,238,701)
Business-type activities: County Court Complex	\$ 130,240	\$ 278,846					\$ 148,600	5 \$ 148,606		
Total business-type activities	\$ 130,240	\$ 278,846	\$	<u>s</u>	<u> </u>		\$ 148,600	\$ 148,606		
Total primary government	\$ 29,574,279	\$ 7,516,264	\$ 4,383,143	\$ 13,570,722	<u> </u>	(4,252,756)	\$ 148,600	\$ (4,104,150)		
Component Units: Scofield Reservoir Special Service District						 			_\$	(26,782)
Total component units	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		S	S	\$	(26,782)
	Royalties and r	taxes vestment earning			\$	6,822,063 131,114 1,109,609 1,975,320 265,782 60,814 769,236 48,576 245,957		\$ 6,822,063 131,114 1,109,609 1,975,320 265,782 60,814 769,236 48,576 245,957	\$	124,663 46,932
	Mineral reserve	monies				888,138	 	888,138	_	5,328,938
	Total general	revenues and tra	ansfers		<u>\$</u>	12,316,609	s	\$ 12,316,609	_\$	5,500,533
	Change in	net position			\$	8,063,853	\$ 148,606	\$ 8,212,459	s	(764,950)
	Net position - be	ginning				140,862,792	1,905,344	142,768,136		17,899,989
	Net position - en	ding			\$	148,926,645	\$ 2,053,950	\$ 150,980,595	<u> </u>	17,135,039

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

SOUTHEASTERN CAPITAL OTHER TOTAL UTAH GENERAL. DISTRICT MUNICIPAL. **PROJECTS** BUILDING GOVERNMENTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND HEALTH SERVICES FUND AUTHORITY FUNDS **FUNDS** ASSETS \$ 2,945,233 \$ 677,743 \$ 6,537,613 \$ 1,163,019 \$ 3,922,256 2,206,077 17,451,941 Cash and cash equivalents 6,783,746 2,384,888 9,427,629 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 258,995 Receivables (net): Taxes 882,538 39,682 922,220 Other 1,295,048 158,509 375,739 748,941 74,039 113,872 2,766,148 Inventories 9,568 9,568 Total assets \$ 5,122,819 168,077 \$ 6,953,034 \$ 2,170,955 \$ 10,780,041 4,704,837 30,577,506 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: \$ 1,287,882 \$ 105,531 \$ \$ 355,497 50,939 123,114 \$ 211,361 2,134,324 Accounts payable 128.023 40.599 83.863 252,485 Accrued payroll Accrued liabilities 233,872 38,300 145,245 101,767 519,184 Unearned revenue 26,695 6,783,746 6,810,441 Total liabilities \$ 717,392 156,533 352,222 \$ 211,361 \$ 8,071,628 \$ 207,298 9,716,434 Fund balances: Nonspendable: 9,568 \$ 9,568 Inventory Restricted: Class "B" Road \$ 4,035,182 4,035,182 Debt service reserve \$ 1,001,691 1,001,691 Permanent funds 2,384,888 2,384,888 Committed: 97,661 Landfill \$ 97,661 2,565,630 2,565,630 Municipal services **Building Authority** 1,706,722 1,706,722 RDA Development 556,859 556,859 Assigned: 574,230 579,023 1,153,253 Economic Development - restaurant tax 21,256 21,256 Economic Development - other 413,787 413,787 Health Care 265,932 265,932 Debt service \$ 1,959,594 Capital projects 1,959,594 583,467 583,467 Parks and recreation 65,952 65,952 Emergency services 306,094 306,094 Aging programs Unassigned: General 3,733,536 3,733,536 \$ 1,959,594 \$ 2,708,413 \$ 4,497,539 20,861,072 Total fund balances \$ 4,405,427 689,287 \$ 6,600,812 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 5,122,819 845,820 \$ 6,953,034 \$ 2,170,955 \$ 10,780,041 4,704,837 30,577,506

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

Total fund balances - governmental fund types:

\$ 20,861,072

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land	\$ 1,867,894
Rights of Way	1,401,918
Water stock	146,000
Buildings	30,890,533
Improvements other than buildings	33,214,621
Fixtures and equipment	5,602,789
Work in progress	16,213,968
Infrastructure	 71,168,739

Total 160,506,462

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year	\$ (1,239,336)
Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year	(30,335,352)
Compensated absenses	(866,201)

Total (32,440,889)

Net position of government activities \$ 148,926,645

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	GENERAL FUND	1	THEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH	MUNICIPAL SERVICES	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	UILDING THORITY	GOV	OTHER /ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	\$ 7,504,729 51,228 1,616,455 1,194,719 231,513	\$	1,820,136 759,946	\$ 1,312,294 41,456 6,334,020 102,930	\$ 1,936,895	\$ 27,718,292	\$	246,142 1,165,121 574,407	\$	9,063,165 92,684 40,590,919 2,632,002 231,513
Interest income Contributions Miscellaneous	35,774 21,980 1,357,384		1,005	14,118	1,049,092	 295,000		9,917 10,781 5,107		60,814 1,376,853 1,435,786
Total revenues	\$ 12,013,782	\$	2,595,391	\$ 7,863,809	\$ 2,985,987	\$ 28,013,292	_\$	2,011,475	\$	55,483,736
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Highways and public improvements Public health Parks, recreation, and public property Conservation and economic development Capital outlay Contributions and miscellaneous Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	\$ 5,206,167 3,328,245 1,127,929 470,948 248,697 55,187 158,663	\$	2,507,753 26,336	\$ 86,549 3,749,566 2,563,213	\$ 2,895,179	\$ 26,807,673 1,213,000 115,753	s	122,425 1,388,697 1,368,728 455,712	\$	5,292,716 7,200,236 3,691,142 4,367,398 1,617,425 510,899 29,702,852 158,663 1,239,336 115,753
Total expenditures	\$ 10,595,836	_\$	2,534,089	\$ 6,399,328	\$ 2,895,179	\$ 28,136,426	_\$	3,335,562	\$	53,896,420
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 1,417,946	<u>s</u>	61,302	\$ 1,464,481	\$ 90,808	\$ (123,134)	_\$	(1,324,087)	<u>s</u>	1,587,316
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	\$ (1,981,244)	-			\$ 140,000		s 	1,841,244	\$	1,981,244 (1,981,244)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (1,981,244)	\$		<u> </u>	\$ 140,000	\$ ····	\$	1,841,244	<u>\$</u>	
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ (563,298)	\$	61,302	\$ 1,464,481	\$ 230,808	\$ (123,134)	s	517,157	\$	1,587,316
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year	4,968,725		627,985	5,136,331	1,728,786	 2,831,547		3,980,382		19,273,756
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$ 4,405,427	\$	689,287	\$ 6,600,812	\$ 1,959,594	\$ 2,708,413	\$	4,497,539	<u>s</u>	20,861,072

"The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

\$ 8,063,853

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CHANGES RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	:	\$ 1,587,316
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
General government	\$ 46,035	
Public safety	186,615	
Public health	61,692	
Highways	26,238	
Parks and recreation	313,265	
Conservation and economic development	28,447,003	
Total assets shown as expenditures	\$ 29,080,848	
Less: depreciation	(5,691,332)	
Difference between expenditure and depreciation		23,389,516
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e., sales, trade ins, and donation) is to increase net position.		(2,844)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provide current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of		
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.		
Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the		
net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Issuance of long-term debt	\$(17,973,000)	
Retirement of long-term debt	1,235,336	
Net effect of long-term debt issue and debt payments		(16,737,664)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.	_	(172,471)

"The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

Change in net position of governmental activities

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUND COUNTY COURT COMPLEX			
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,253,264		
Total current assets	\$	1,253,264		
Noncurrent assets:				
Land	\$	198,000		
Buildings		1,576,152		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		326,762		
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,295,391)		
Total noncurrent assets	\$	805,523		
Total assets	\$	2,058,787		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	4,837		
Total current liabilities	\$	4,837		
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$			
Total liabilities	\$	4,837		
Deferred inflows of resources				
Total liabilities and inflows of resources	\$	4,837		
Net Position:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	805,523		
Unrestricted		1,248,427		
Total net position	\$	2,053,950		

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	AC ENTER C	NESS-TYPE TIVITIES - PRISE FUNDS OUNTY COURT OMPLEX
		OWN EEX
Operating revenues: Rental income	S	278,846
Total operating revenues	\$	278,846
Operating expenses: Utilities Repairs and maintenance Depreciation	\$	40,944 32,534 56,762
Total operating expenses	\$	130,240
Operating income (loss)	\$	148,606
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$	148,606
Change in net position	\$	148,606
Total net position - beginning		1,905,344
Total net position - ending	\$	2,053,950

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	AC ENTER	INESS-TYPE TIVITIES - PRISE FUNDS COUNTY COURT
	C	OMPLEX
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	185,897 (72,165)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	113,732
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition of capital assets		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	\$	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	113,732
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1		1,139,532
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$	1,253,264
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by	<u>\$</u>	148,606
operating activities: Depreciation expense Increase (Decrease) in deferred inflows of resources Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	\$	56,762 (92,949) 1,313
Total adjustments	_\$	(34,874)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	113,732

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	 AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 5,514,437 449,251
Total assets	\$ 5,963,688
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts payable Precinct fees, bail and bonds payable Due taxing units Miscellaneous reimbursements Due to other governments and agencies	\$ 296,744 16,022 3,559,028 215 2,091,679
Total liabilities	\$ 5,963,688

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Cash and cash equivalents S 228,389 S 452,330 S 680,719 Restricted - Cash and cash equivalents Restricted - Restricted		SCOFIELD RESERVIOR SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT		REC TRAN SPEC	BON COUNTY CREATION & ISPORTATION CIAL SERVICE DISTRICT		TOTAL
Restricted - Cash and cash equivalents 8,133,665 8,133,665 8,133,665 7,691 7,691 7,691 7,691 7,691 7,691 7,691 7,691 7,691 402,520 404,650 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 402,520 403,620 402,620 402,620 402,620 402,620 402,620 402,	<u>ASSETS</u>						
Accounts receivable 7,691 7,691 7,691 0ue from other governments 402,520 402,520 202		\$	228,389	\$	452,330	\$	
Due from other governments	·				8,133,665		8,133,665
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land 16,128 1,711,056 1,727,184 Rights-of-way 41,550 41,550 41,550 Buildings 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,672 Equipment 382,755 382,755 382,755 382,755 58eer systems and improvements 464,850 1,918,009 464,850 Improvements other than buildings 1,918,009 1,918,009 11,500 115,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 115,000 110,000			7,691				
Land 16,128 1,711,056 1,727,184 Rights-of-way 41,550 41,550 41,550 41,550 41,550 41,550 41,550 41,550 41,550 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,675	-				402,520		402,520
Rights-of-way 41,550 41,550 Buildings 6,844,672 6,844,672 Equipment 382,755 382,755 Sewer systems and improvements 464,850 1,918,009 1,918,009 Improvements other than buildings 11,500 11,500 115,000 Works of art 110,000 110,000 110,000 Work in progress 214,760 214,760 214,760 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 12,802 \$ 5,912 \$ 18,714 Accounts payable - Due within one year 140,000 140,000 Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year 3,640,000 3,640,000 Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year 3,640,000 3,640,000 Compensated absences 2,719 2,719 Total liabilities \$ 12,802 \$ 3,792,034 \$ 3,804,836 NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 480,978 \$ 7,454,302 \$ 7,935,280 Restricted for: 20 4,096,008 4,096,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		17, 120		1 711 057		1 727 104
Buildings 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,672 6,844,672 382,755 382,755 Second s			10,128				
Equipment 382,755 382,755 Sewer systems and improvements 464,850 464,850 Improvements other than buildings 1,918,009 1,918,009 Works of art 111,500 111,500 Water stock 110,000 110,000 Work in progress 214,760 214,760 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 12,802 \$ 5,912 \$ 18,714 Accounts payable - Due within one year 140,000 140,000 Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year 3,640,000 3,640,000 Compensated absences 2,719 2,719 Total liabilities \$ 12,802 \$ 3,792,034 \$ 3,804,836 NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 480,978 \$ 7,454,302 \$ 7,935,280 Restricted for: 20,000,000 4,096,008 4,096,008 Capital projects 4,096,008 4,096,008 4,096,008 Capital projects 223,278 842,816 1,066,094					*		
Sewer systems and improvements							
Improvements other than buildings 1,918,009 1,918,009 Works of art 11,500 11,500 11,500 110,000 11	• •		464.850		362,733		
Works of art Water stock Water stock Water stock Work in progress 11,500 110,000 110,000 110,000 110,000 110,000 110,000 110,000 1214,760 1214,760 1214,760 1214,760 1214,760 1214,760 1214,760 1214,760 1214,760 1214,760 1214,760 170,000 17			707,850		1 918 009		
Water stock Work in progress 110,000 214,760 110,000 214,760 Total assets \$ 717,058 \$ 20,222,817 \$ 20,939,875 LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities \$ 12,802 \$ 5,912 \$ 18,714 Accrued liabilities 3,403 3,403 3,403 Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year 140,000 140,000 140,000 Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year 2,719 2,719 2,719 Compensated absences \$ 12,802 \$ 3,792,034 \$ 3,804,836 NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 480,978 \$ 7,454,302 \$ 7,935,280 Restricted for: 20,000 4,096,008 4,096,008 4,096,008 Capital projects 4,096,008 4,096,008 4,096,008 Unrestricted 223,278 842,816 1,066,094	· ·						
Work in progress 214,760 214,760 Total assets \$ 717,058 \$ 20,222,817 \$ 20,939,875 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 12,802 \$ 5,912 \$ 18,714 Accrued liabilities 3,403 3,403 Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year 140,000 140,000 Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year 3,640,000 3,640,000 Compensated absences 2,719 2,719 Total liabilities \$ 12,802 \$ 3,792,034 \$ 3,804,836 NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 480,978 \$ 7,454,302 \$ 7,935,280 Restricted for: 4,096,008 4,096,008 4,096,008 Capital projects 4,037,657 4,037,657 4,037,657 Unrestricted 223,278 842,816 1,066,094							
Total assets \$ 717,058 \$ 20,222,817 \$ 20,939,875	Work in progress						
Accounts payable	. 0						
Accounts payable \$ 12,802 \$ 5,912 \$ 18,714 Accrued liabilities \$ 3,403 \$ 3,403 Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year	Total assets	\$	717,058	\$	20,222,817		20,939,875
Accrued liabilities 3,403 3,403 Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year 140,000 140,000 Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year 3,640,000 3,640,000 Compensated absences 2,719 2,719 Total liabilities \$ 12,802 \$ 3,792,034 \$ 3,804,836 NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 480,978 \$ 7,454,302 \$ 7,935,280 Restricted for: 200,000 4,096,008 4,096,008 Capital projects 4,037,657 4,037,657 Unrestricted 223,278 842,816 1,066,094	<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year 140,000 140,000 Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year 3,640,000 3,640,000 Compensated absences 2,719 2,719 Total liabilities \$ 12,802 \$ 3,792,034 \$ 3,804,836 NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 480,978 \$ 7,454,302 \$ 7,935,280 Restricted for: 200,000 4,096,008 4,096,008 4,096,008 4,096,008 4,096,008 4,037,657 4,037,657 4,037,657 4,037,657 4,037,657 4,037,657 4,037,657 4,037,657 4,037,657 4,037,657 4,096,008	Accounts payable	\$	12,802	\$	5,912	\$	18,714
Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year 3,640,000 3,640,000 Compensated absences 2,719 2,719 Total liabilities \$ 12,802 \$ 3,792,034 \$ 3,804,836 NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 480,978 \$ 7,454,302 \$ 7,935,280 Restricted for: Debt service 4,096,008 4,096,008 Capital projects 4,037,657 4,037,657 Unrestricted 223,278 842,816 1,066,094	Accrued liabilites				3,403		3,403
Compensated absences 2,719 2,719 Total liabilities \$ 12,802 \$ 3,792,034 \$ 3,804,836 NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 480,978 \$ 7,454,302 \$ 7,935,280 Restricted for: Debt service 4,096,008 4,096,008 Capital projects 4,037,657 4,037,657 Unrestricted 223,278 842,816 1,066,094	Revenue bonds payable - Due within one year				140,000		140,000
Total liabilities \$ 12,802 \$ 3,792,034 \$ 3,804,836 NET POSITION	Revenue bonds payable - Due in more than one year						3,640,000
NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 480,978 \$ 7,454,302 \$ 7,935,280 Restricted for: Debt service 4,096,008 4,096,008 Capital projects 4,037,657 4,037,657 Unrestricted 223,278 842,816 1,066,094	Compensated absences				2,719		2,719
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 480,978 \$ 7,454,302 \$ 7,935,280 Restricted for: Debt service	Total liabilities		12,802	\$	3,792,034	\$	3,804,836
Restricted for: 4,096,008 4,096,008 Debt service 4,037,657 4,037,657 Capital projects 4,037,657 4,037,657 Unrestricted 223,278 842,816 1,066,094	NET POSITION						
Restricted for: 4,096,008 4,096,008 Debt service 4,037,657 4,037,657 Capital projects 4,037,657 4,037,657 Unrestricted 223,278 842,816 1,066,094	Invested in capital assets, not of related debt	C	480 079	C	7 454 302	¢	7 035 280
Debt service 4,096,008 4,096,008 Capital projects 4,037,657 4,037,657 Unrestricted 223,278 842,816 1,066,094		Þ	400,7/0	Þ	7,434,302	Þ	1,933,200
Capital projects 4,037,657 4,037,657 Unrestricted 223,278 842,816 1,066,094					4,096,008		4.096.008
Unrestricted 223,278 842,816 1,066,094							
Total net position \$ 704.256 \$ 16.430,783 \$ 17.135.039	• • •		223,278				
	Total net position	\$	704.256	\$	16,430.783	s	17,135.039

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

									ISE) REVENUE & IN NET ASSETS	Z	
				PROGRAM REVENUES		 		GOVERNMENT			
Function/Programs	EX	(PENSES		HARGES FOR ERVICES		PITAL GRANTS AND ONTRIBUTIONS	ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES		SINESS-TYPE CTIVITIES		TOTAL
Governmental activities: Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District											
Highways and public improvements Parks, recreation and public improvements	\$	4,492,358 1,906,343	\$	140,000	\$	20,000	\$ (4,492,358) (1,746,343)			\$	(4,492,358) (1,746,343)
Total governmental activities	\$	6,398,701	_\$_	140,000	\$	20,000	\$ (6,238,701)	\$	<u></u>	_\$_	(6,238,701)
Business-type activities: Scofield Reservoir Special Service District	\$	81,724	\$	54,942				_\$	(26,782)	\$	(26,782)
Total business-type activities	\$	81,724	_\$_	54,942	\$		\$ 	\$	(26,782)	_\$_	(26,782)
Total component units	\$	6,480,425	\$	194,942	\$	20,000	 (6,238,701)	\$	(26,782)	\$	(6,265,483)
	Min Stat	ral revenues: ieral lease rev e PILT estment earnii					\$ 5,328,938 124,663 45,952	\$	980	\$	5,328,938 124,663 46,932
	To	otal general re	evenue	s and transfer	5		\$ 5,499,553	\$	980	_\$_	5,500,533
	ı	Change in ne	t assets	s			\$ (739,148)	\$	(25,802)	\$	(764,950)
	Net p	ositon - begin	ning				 17,169,931		730,058		17,899,989
	Net p	osition - endi	ng				\$ 16,430,783	\$	704,256	\$	17,135,039

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of Carbon County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. Certain significant changes in the Statement include the following:

• The financial statements include:

A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) providing an analysis of the County's overall financial position and results of operations.

Financial statements prepared using full-accrual accounting for all the County's activities.

• A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including the notes to financial statements).

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Carbon County has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards and commissions. The County has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on the County.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units. The component units are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County. Complete financial statements of the individual component units, which issued separate financial statements, as noted below, can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

The following County Districts had separately issued financial statements and were audited or had financial statements compiled or reviewed by other independent auditors:

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

<u>Price River Water Improvement District and Carbon Water Conservancy District</u> - The water conservancy districts were created for the conservation and development of the water and land resources of Utah and for the greatest beneficial use of water within the state. Water conservancy districts are created under the "Water Conservancy Act". The Districts' were audited or had financial statements compiled or reviewed by other independent auditors and issued under separate cover.

Blended Component Units

These component units are entities, which are legally separate from the County, but are so intertwined with the County that they are, in substance, the same as the County. They are reported as part of the County and blended into the appropriate funds.

Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County - The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County was created by the County Commission as a body politic and corporate for the purpose of financing, owning, leasing, or operating facilities to meet the needs of the County government. It is comprised of a governing body that has been appointed by the County Commission and may be removed and replaced at any time by its discretion.

<u>Southeastern Utah District Health</u> - State law allows the creation of multi-county health departments. Local health departments are responsible within their boundaries for providing, directly or indirectly, basic public health services. The County Commissioners within the boundaries of the health district appoints the health district board.

Discrete Component Units

These component units are entities which are legally separate from the County, but are financially accountable to the County, or whose relationships with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Component Units columns of the combined financial statements include the financial data of these entities.

Scofield Reservoir Special Service District

The District was created by the Carbon County Commission under state statute. They have a seven-member board. There primary purpose and function is to provide a waste disposal system for the residence in and around Scofield Reservoir. The District's review report can be obtained at 751 E 100 N, Price Utah 84501

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District

The District was created by the adoption of a resolution establishing a service district. The District has been established as a separate body politic and corporate. The County appoints the District's governing board. The District was created for the purpose of providing services for recreation, transportation, garbage, fire protection, dispatch and animal control, within the District's boundaries. The District was audited and their report has been issued under separate cover from Carbon County Rec/Trans SS District, located at 751 E 100 N, Price Utah 84501

Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District LBA

The District's Local Building Authority was created by the CCR & TSSD Board as a body politic for the purpose of financing, owning, leasing, or operating facilities to meet the needs of the District. It is comprised of a governing body that has been appointed by the District Board and may be removed and replaced at any time by its discretion. The District was audited and their report can be reviewed at 751 E 100 N, Price Utah 84501

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Accounting

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Direct expenses can include certain indirect costs (administrative overhead charges) that are automatically allocated to the various functions. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, component funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The remaining governmental and enterprise funds are combined into a single column and reported as other (non-major) funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental-wide Financial Statements -The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar, items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statement, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt of the County are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than an expenditure in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means that amounts can be reasonably determined within the current period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Exceptions to this general rule include accumulated unpaid compensated absences and principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund The General Fund accounts for all activities not accounted for by other funds of the County. The principal source of revenue for this fund is property taxes.
- Southeastern Utah District Health Fund The Southeastern Utah District Health Fund is
 used to account for revenues and expenditures used to provide basic public health
 services.
- Local Building Authority The Local Building Authority activities encompasses
 various real estate properties which have been constructed and leased to other county
 operations and outside entities. The Authority is also involved with several road and
 infrastructure projects.
- Municipal Service Fund This fund is used to account the various activities of the County including; protective services, highway and roads, etc. Major revenue sources are taxes, charges for services, state allotments, and operating grants.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

• Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects fund accounts for funds received from contributions, transfers and debt proceeds. These funds are then used for capital expenditures on the County.

The County's non-major governmental funds include other special revenue funds. The non-major special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures, for specified purposes.

<u>Proprietary Fund Financial Statements</u> – The financial statements of the proprietary funds are reported similar to the government-wide financial statements in that they both use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing goods and services relating to the primary operations of the proprietary fund. Other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other organizations or individuals. These statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Agency Funds – Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an
agent for other governments, private organizations, or individuals. Agency Funds are
custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of
operations.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> – Interfund transactions represent transactions between different funds within the County. In general, interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in an effort to minimize the doubling-up of revenues and expenditures resulting from such transactions. Interfund services provided and used between different functional categories, however, have not been eliminated from the government-wide financial statement so as not to distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the various functions concerned.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities are reported at the net amount in the government-wide statement of activities. Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the government-wide statement of net assets.

<u>Program Revenues/Operating Revenues and Expenses From Non-Operating Items</u> – Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for fees, rental, material, supplies, or services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all property taxes.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

D. Budgetary Data

Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for all governmental funds and on the accrual basis for proprietary funds. Budgets are not adopted for the agency fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. A formal budget is adopted for all funds, which require a budget: all general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, permanent funds and enterprise funds. The budget is a complete financial plan, which identifies all estimated revenues and all appropriations for expenditure for the year. The budget must balance, that is estimated revenues and other financing sources must equal appropriated expenditures.
- 2. By November 1, the County Auditor submits to the Board of County Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year for all funds beginning January 1.
- 3. The Board of County Commissioners discusses and approves the budget and sets a date for a public hearing on the proposed budget.
- 4. A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments and the budget is adopted.
- 5. The Commission can transfer budgeted amounts between line items or departments by resolution, but any action that increases the total general fund budget must be approved by resolution only after a public hearing. (The budgets of other funds may be increased after giving public notice).

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and investment management in the County is administered by the County Treasurer in accordance with the Utah Money Management Act, Section 51-7 of the Utah code. The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, including investments in the Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF).

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Statements of cash flow are presented for proprietary funds under the direct method.

F. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are accounted for under the consumption method where inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

G. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, but unused, vacation and sick pay benefits. An estimate of sick leave liability and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds and reported as a liability.

Employees can carry over up to 192 hours of unused vacation from one year to the next. Hours that exceed the 192 hours are lost if unused. Employees can carry over unlimited hours of unused sick leave from one year to the next. However, employees will only be paid for unused sick leave upon termination or retirement, at a rate of 4 to 1 or one month's base salary at their then current rate of pay, whichever is less.

Accrued unpaid vacation pay and other employee benefit amounts, which vest to the employee in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities total \$866,201.

H. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, rights of ways, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure (roads and bridges). These assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements in the relevant column on the Statement of Net Assets under governmental or business activities. Proprietary fund capital assets are also reported in the appropriate fund statements. Capital assets acquired by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. The capitalization threshold for personal property is defined to be assets with a useful life of at least one year and costing at least \$5,000. Assets purchased or constructed are generally recorded at cost. If precise cost is not available (as was the case with certain infrastructure), the asset is recorded at estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

When constructing capital assets, interest expense incurred relating to governmental or proprietary activities is not capitalized.

I. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations for proprietary funds and is charged to the various functional expenses or business-type activities in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund and government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful live are as follows:

Buildings	20-50 years
Improvements	15-40 years
Equipment	5-10 years
Infrastructure, (bridges)	20-50 years

J. Net Position/Fund Balances

The difference between assets and liabilities is "Net Position" on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and "Fund Balance" on the governmental fund financial statements. Net position is divided into invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted, and unrestricted. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are placed upon them by external parties or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as reserved, unreserved designated, or unreserved undesignated. Reserves represent those portions of fund balance not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

2. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 was as follows:

Capital assets not being depreciated:	1,867,894
·	1,867,894
·	1,867,894
Land \$ 1,867,894 \$	1,007,071
Rights of Way 1,401,918	1,401,918
Water stock 146,000	146,000
Construction in progress 10,215,583 \$ 28,403,140 \$ (22,404,755)	16,213,968
Total capital assets not	
•	19,629,780
Capital assets being depreciated:	
	42,164,734
	41,883,002
	20,593,499
Infrastructure (Roads & Bridges) 157,367,458 1	57,367,458
Total capital assets	
•	62,008,693
Less accumulated depreciation for:	
•	11,274,201
Improvements other than buildings 7,770,169 902,003 \$ (3,791)	8,668,381
	14,990,710
	86,198,719
	00,120,712
Total accumulated depreciation \$115,646,448 \$ 5,691,332 \$ (205,769) \$1	21,132,011
Total capital assets,	
•	40,876,682
Governmental activities capital	
·	60,506,462

2. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type activities:		EGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES		DECREASES		ENDING BALANCE	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	_\$	198,000					\$	198,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	198,000	\$	<u></u>	\$	•••	_\$_	198,000
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$	1,576,152 327,032					\$	1,576,152 327,032
Total capital assets being depreciated	_\$	1,903,184	\$		\$		\$	1,903,184
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$	1,082,490 156,139	\$	39,404 17,358			\$	1,121,894 173,497
Total accumulated depreciation		1,238,629	\$	56,762	_\$_			1,295,391
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$	664,555	\$	(56,762)	_\$_		\$	607,793
Business-type activities capital assets, net	_\$	862,555	\$	(56,762)	_\$_	***	\$	805,793
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/p Governmental activities:	rograms	s of the primary	gover gover	nment as foll	ows:			
General government Public safety Public Health Highways and public improvements Parks and recreation Conservation and economic development					\$	521,842 373,626 40,023 4,482,020 264,759 9,062		
Total depreciation expense - governmental	activitie	es			_\$_	5,691,332		
Business-type activities: County Court Complex	_\$_	56,762						
Total depreciation expense - Business-Type	Activi	ties				56,762		
Total depreciation expense					\$	5,748,094		

2. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Component units:	BEGINNING BALANCE		INCREASES		DECREASES		ENDING BALANCE	
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land and rights of way	\$	1,723,164	\$	45,570			\$	1,768,734
Water stock		110,000						110,000
Works of art		11,500						11,500
Work in progress		501,362		214,760	\$	501,362		214,760
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_\$_	2,346,026	_\$_	260,330	\$	501,362	_\$_	2,104,994
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	7,648,130	\$	29,726			\$	7,677,856
Improvements other than buildings		3,934,411		440,148				4,374,559
Machinery and equipment		802,992		9,200				812,192
Total capital assets being depreciated	_\$_	12,385,533	_\$_	479,074	\$		_\$_	12,864,607
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	641,486	\$	191,698			\$	833,184
Improvements other than buildings		1,837,244		154,456				1,991,700
Machinery and equipment		370,454		58,983				429,437
Total accumulated depreciation	_\$_	2,849,184	_\$_	405,137	\$		\$	3,254,321
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_\$_	9,536,349	\$	73,937	\$	···	_\$_	9,610,286
Component units capital assets, net		11,882,375	\$	334,267	\$	501,362	_\$_	11,715,280

Depreciation expense was recorded as an expense for the following component units:

Special Service District	\$ 372,637
Scofield Reservoir Special Service District	 32,500
Total depreciation expense	\$ 405,137

3. **LONG-TERM DEBT**

Primary Government

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	 Go	vernr	vernmental Activities			Business-type Activities							
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total		Total		ncipal	Inte	erest	T	`otal
2015	\$ 1,239,336	\$	139,950	\$	1,379,286								
2016	1,632,336		136,600		1,768,936								
2017	1,640,336		133,175		1,773,511								
2018	1,647,000		129,675		1,776,675								
2019	1,657,000		126,075		1,783,075								
2020-2024	8,426,000		573,125		8,999,125								
2025-2029	7,776,496		468,675		8,245,171								
2030-2034	3,394,000		350,500		3,744,500								
2035-2039	2,152,200		216,700		2,368,900								
2040-2043	2,009,984		65,300		2,075,284								
	\$ 31,574,688	\$	2,339,775	\$	33,914,463	\$		\$	···	\$			

Revenue Bonds – Revenue Bonds payable at December 31, 2014, with their outstanding balances are comprised of the following individual issues:

<u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2001A</u> (ACTIVE RE-ENTRY BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$400,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct an office building. The building will be leased to Active Re-Entry, a non-profit corporation.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	TOTAL
09-01-15		\$ 16,000	\$ 16,000
09-01-16		16,000	16,000
09-01-17		16,000	16,000
09-01-18		16,000	16,000
09-01-19		16,000	16,000
2020-2024		80,000	80,000
2025-2026		31,190	31,190
	\$	\$ 191,190	\$ 191,190

<u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2001B</u> (FAIRGROUNDS BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$120,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing. The proceeds will be used to construct buildings at the Carbon County Fairgrounds. The buildings will be leased to Carbon County.

DATE	INTE	EREST	PRINCIPAL		Γ	OTAL
09-01-15			\$	6,000	\$	6,000
09-01-16				6,000		6,000
09-01-17				6,000		6,000
09-01-18				6,000		6,000
09-01-19				6,000		6,000
2020-2022				18,000		18,000
	S	•••	\$	48,000	\$	48,000

<u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006A</u> (<u>EMERGENCY SERVICES BUILDING</u>)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$275,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a building to house the County's emergency service agencies.

DATE	INT	EREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-15			\$	14,000	\$	14,000	
01-01-16				14,000		14,000	
01-01-17				14,000		14,000	
01-01-18				14,000		14,000	
01-01-19				14,000		14,000	
2020-2024				70,000		70,000	
2025-2027				37,000		37,000	
	\$	•••	\$	177,000	\$	177,000	

<u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006B</u> (<u>EMERGENCY SERVICES BUILDING</u>)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$2,166,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a building to house the County's emergency service agencies.

DATE	INTEREST PRINCIPAL		PRINCIPAL		TOTAL
01-01-15		\$	108,000	\$	108,000
01-01-16			108,000		108,000
01-01-17			108,000		108,000
01-01-18			108,000		108,000
01-01-19			108,000		108,000
2020-2024			540,000		540,000
2025-2027			330,000		330,000
	\$	\$	1,410,000	\$	1,410,000

<u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006C</u> (ROAD AND MAINTENANCE BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$1,525,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a new road and maintenance building to house the County's road shop and abatement functions.

DATE	INTEREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		PRINCIPAL		TOTAL
01-01-15		\$	61,000	\$	61,000		
01-01-16			61,000		61,000		
01-01-17			61,000		61,000		
01-01-18			61,000		61,000		
01-01-19			61,000		61,000		
2020-2024			305,000		305,000		
2025-2029			305,000		305,000		
2030-2032			183,000		183,000		
	\$	\$	1,098,000	\$	1,098,000		

CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006D (NORTH SPRINGS SHOOTING RANGE)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$1,290,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to construct a new outdoor shooting range.

DATE	INT	EREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		ΓΟΤΑL
01-01-15			\$	65,000	\$	65,000
01-01-16				65,000		65,000
01-01-17				65,000		65,000
01-01-18				65,000		65,000
01-01-19				65,000		65,000
2020-2024				325,000		325,000
2025-2027				185,000		185,000
					,	_
	\$	•••	\$	835,000	\$	835,000

<u>CARBON COUNTY BUILDING AUTHORITY – LEASE REVENUE BOND SERIES 2006E</u> (FAIRGROUNDS EXPO BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$998,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are non-interest bearing and the proceeds along with other funds will be used to expand the exhibition building at the County's fairgrounds.

DATE	INTEREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		ΓΟΤΑL
01-01-15		\$	50,000	\$	50,000
01-01-16			50,000		50,000
01-01-17			50,000		50,000
01-01-18			50,000		50,000
01-01-19			50,000		50,000
2020-2024			250,000		250,000
2025-2027			148,000		148,000
	<u>\$</u>	\$	648,000	\$	648,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2006F (DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$3,100,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to construct a commercial building. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL			TOTAL
04-01-15		\$	155,000	\$	155,000
04-01-16			155,000		155,000
04-01-17			155,000		155,000
04-01-18			155,000		155,000
04-01-19			155,000		155,000
2020-2024			775,000		775,000
2025-2027			322,506		322,506
	<u>\$</u>	_\$_	1,872,506	_\$_	1,872,506

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2007 (CONSUMER WASH ROAD)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$3,000,000 in non-interest bearing revenue bonds. The proceeds will be used to purchase and reconstruct 8.75 miles of the Consumer Wash Road.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-15		\$	150,000	\$	150,000
01-01-16			150,000		150,000
01-01-17			150,000		150,000
01-01-18			150,000		150,000
01-01-19			150,000		150,000
2020-2024			750,000		750,000
2025-2028			600,000		600,000
	\$	\$	2,100,000	\$	2,100,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2008B (PUBLIC SERVICE ANNEX BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$573,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to construct a commercial building. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL		 ΓΟΤΑL
04-01-15		\$	29,000	\$ 29,000
04-01-16			29,000	29,000
04-01-17			29,000	29,000
04-01-18			29,000	29,000
04-01-19			29,000	29,000
2020-2024			144,000	144,000
2025-2029			139,000	139,000
	\$	\$	428,000	\$ 428,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2008C (EQUIPMENT STORAGE SHOP)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$460,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to construct a commercial building. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INTEREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL
10-01-15		\$	23,000	\$	23,000
10-01-16			23,000		23,000
10-01-17			23,000		23,000
10-01-18			23,000		23,000
10-01-19			23,000		23,000
2020-2024			115,000		115,000
2025-2028			92,000		92,000
			_		
	\$	_\$	322,000	\$	322,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2008 (CARBONVILLE ROAD PROJECT)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$1,000,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to make major road improvements. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INT	EREST	PRINCIPAL		 ГОТАL
01-01-15			\$	40,000	\$ 40,000
01-01-16				40,000	40,000
01-01-17				40,000	40,000
01-01-18				40,000	40,000
01-01-19				40,000	40,000
2020-2024				200,000	200,000
2025-2029				200,000	200,000
2030-2034				200,000	 200,000
				_	
	\$	•••	\$	800,000	\$ 800,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH – TAXABLE LEASE REVENUE BONDS SERIES 2010 (CHILDREN'S JUSTICE CENTER BUILDING)

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold \$427,000 in revenue bonds. The proceeds from the bonds will be used to build a Children's Justice Center Building. The bonds are non-interest bearing.

DATE	INT	EREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		ΓΟΤΑL
07-01-15			\$	14,000	\$	14,000
07-01-16				14,000		14,000
07-01-17				14,000		14,000
07-01-18				14,000		14,000
07-01-19				14,000		14,000
2020-2024				70,000		70,000
2025-2029				70,000		70,000
2030-2034				71,000		71,000
2035-2039				75,000		75,000
2040				15,000		15,000
	\$		\$	371,000	\$	371,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH LEASE REVENUE BOND- SERIES 2011A

The Municipal Building of Carbon County Utah sold \$1,312,000 in revenue bonds during the current year. The proceeds will used to fund projects at the Carbon County Fairgrounds.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL		 TOTAL
07-01-15		\$	44,000	\$ 44,000
07-01-16			44,000	44,000
07-01-17			44,000	44,000
07-01-18			44,000	44,000
07-01-19			44,000	44,000
2020-2024			220,000	220,000
2025-2029			220,000	220,000
2030-2034			219,000	219,000
2035-2039			215,000	215,000
2040-2041			86,000	 86,000
	\$	\$	1,180,000	\$ 1,180,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH LEASE REVENUE BOND-SERIES 2011B

The Municipal Building Authority sold \$1,250,000 in revenue bonds, to fund in part, the 9 Mile Canyon Road Project.

DATE	INTEREST	PR	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL
			_		,
07-01-15		\$	83,000	\$	83,000
07-01-16			83,000		83,000
07-01-17			83,000		83,000
07-01-18			83,000		83,000
07-01-19			83,000		83,000
2020-2024			418,000		418,000
2025-2026		<u> </u>	168,000		168,000
	<u> </u>	\$	1,001,000	\$	1,001,000

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH LEASE REVENUE BOND - SERIES 2012

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold revenue bonds in the amount of \$1,000,000. The proceeds were used to construct a new animal shelter.

DATE	_INTEREST_	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
10-01-15		\$	33,000	\$	33,000
10-01-16			33,000		33,000
10-01-17			33,000		33,000
10-01-18			33,000		33,000
10-01-19			33,000		33,000
2020-2024			165,000		165,000
2025-2029			165,000		165,000
2030-2034			167,000		167,000
2035-2039			170,000		170,000
2040-2042			102,000		102,000
	\$	\$	934,000	_\$_	934,000

<u>MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH - SERIES 2013A BONDS</u>

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold bonds in the amount of \$5,745,000, bearing no interest. The proceeds are being used to construct a new courthouse.

DATE	INTEREST	Pl	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL
			_		-
10-01-15		\$	192,000	\$	192,000
10-01-16			192,000		192,000
10-01-17			192,000		192,000
10-01-18			192,000		192,000
10-01-19	•		192,000		192,000
2020-2024			960,000		960,000
2025-2029			960,000		960,000
2030-2034			960,000		960,000
2035-2039			960,000		960,000
2040-2043			753,000		753,000
	\$	\$	5,553,000	\$	5,553,000

<u>MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH - SERIES 2013B BONDS</u>

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold bonds in the amount of \$5,728,000, bearing 2.5% interest. The proceeds are being used to construct a new courthouse.

DATE	 INTEREST		PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
10-01-15	\$ 139,950	\$	134,000	\$	273,950	
10-01-16	136,600		137,000		273,600	
10-01-17	133,175		140,000		273,175	
10-01-18	129,675		144,000		273,675	
10-01-19	126,075		148,000		274,075	
2020-2024	573,125		795,000		1,368,125	
2025-2029	468,675		899,000		1,367,675	
2030-2034	350,500		1,018,000		1,368,500	
2035-2039	216,700		1,152,000		1,368,700	
2040-2043	 65,300		1,031,000		1,096,300	
	\$ 2,339,775	\$	5,598,000	\$	7,937,775	

MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF CARBON COUNTY UTAH LEASE REVENUE BOND - SERIES 2014

The Municipal Building Authority of Carbon County Utah sold bonds in the amount of \$6,500,000, bearing no interest. The proceeds are being used to construct roads in 9 mile canyon.

DATE	INTEREST	Pl	PRINCIPAL		TOTAL	
01-01-15						
01-01-15		\$	390,000	\$	390,000	
01-01-17		•	395,000	•	395,000	
01-01-18			401,000		401,000	
01-01-19			407,000		407,000	
2020-2024			2,131,000		2,131,000	
2025-2029			2,295,000		2,295,000	
2030			481,000		481,000	
	\$	\$	6,500,000	\$	6,500,000	

SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH - BUILDING CAPITAL LEASE

Southeastern Utah District Health entered into a capital lease with Grand County Building Authority for the purchase of land, building and improvements.

DATE	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	TOTAL
01-01-15		\$ 22,336	\$ 22,336
01-01-16		22,336	22,336
01-01-17		22,336	22,336
01-01-18		19,000	19,000
01-01-19		19,000	19,000
2020-2024		95,000	95,000
2025-2029		95,000	95,000
2030-2034		95,000	95,000
2035-2039		95,000	95,000
2040		22,984	22,984
	<u>\$</u>	\$ 507,992	\$ 507,992

SUMMARY OF NET CHANGES - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

<u>Description</u>	Balance 01-01-14	Retired	Issued	Balance 12-31-14	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Lease Revenue 2001A	\$ 207,190	\$ (16,000)		\$ 191,190	\$ 16,000
Lease Revenue 2001B	54,000	(6,000)		48,000	6,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006A	191,000	(14,000)		177,000	14,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006B	1,518,000	(108,000)		1,410,000	108,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006C	1,159,000	(61,000)		1,098,000	61,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006D	900,000	(65,000)		835,000	65,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006E	698,000	(50,000)		648,000	50,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2006F	2,027,506	(155,000)		1,872,506	155,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2007	2,250,000	(150,000)		2,100,000	150,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2008B	457,000	(29,000)		428,000	29,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2008C	345,000	(23,000)		322,000	23,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2008	840,000	(40,000)		800,000	40,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2010	385,000	(14,000)		371,000	14,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2011A	1,224,000	(44,000)		1,180,000	44,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2011B	1,084,000	(83,000)		1,001,000	83,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2012	967,000	(33,000)		934,000	33,000
MBA Bond Series 2013A		(192,000)	\$ 5,745,000	5,553,000	192,000
MBA Bond Series 2013B		(130,000)	5,728,000	5,598,000	134,000
MBA Lease Revenue 2014			6,500,000	6,500,000	
	\$ 14,306,696	\$ (1,213,000)	\$ 17,973,000	\$ 31,066,696	\$ 1,217,000
Governmental Activities SEUDH Capital Leases:					
Series 2011	\$ 530,328	\$ (22,336)	<u></u>	\$ 507,992	\$ 22,336
	\$ 530,328	\$ (22,336)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 507,992	\$ 22,336

COMPONENT UNITS

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds are as follows:

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31,	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL		
2015	\$ 140,000		\$ 140,000		
2016	140,000		140,000		
2017	140,000		140,000		
2018	140,000		140,000		
2019	140,000		140,000		
2020-2024	700,000		700,000		
2025-2029	700,000		700,000		
2030-2034	700,000		700,000		
2035-2039	700,000		700,000		
2040-2041	280,000		280,000		
	\$ 3,780,000	\$	\$ 3,780,000		

During 2009, Carbon County Recreation & Transportation Special Service District's Local Building Authority issued \$4,200,000 of Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 for the construction of the Senior Citizen Center. The bonds carry an annual interest rate of 0%. The District's Local Building Authority is required to make principal payments each July 1st until the bonds mature on July 1, 2041. The repayment schedule is as follows:

DATE			
PAYMENT	P	RINCIPAL	
DUE		DUE	TOTAL
2015	\$	140,000	\$ 140,000
2016		140,000	140,000
2017		140,000	140,000
2018		140,000	140,000
2019		140,000	140,000
2020-2024		700,000	700,000
2025-2029		700,000	700,000
2030-2034		700,000	700,000
2035-2039		700,000	700,000
2040-2041		280,000	 280,000
	\$	3,780,000	\$ 3,780,000

SUMMARY OF NET CHANGES - COMPONENT UNITS

<u>Description</u>	Balance 01-01-14	Retired	Issued	Balance 12-31-14	Due Within One Year		
CCR&TSSD - Local Bldg Authority Taxable Lse Rev Bond Series 2009	\$ 3,920,000	\$ (140,000)		\$ 3,780,000	\$ 140,000		
	\$ 3,920,000	\$ (140,000)	\$	\$ 3,780,000	\$ 140,000		

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

It is the County's policy to follow the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated 1953, Section 51, Chapter 7) (the Act) in handling its depository and investment transactions. The Act creates the Utah Money Management Council (the "Council"), a five-member body, appointed by the Governor of the State, which exercises oversight of public deposits and investments.

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is used by all funds. Each major fund's portion of this pool, and the aggregate portion of the pool relating to non-major funds, is displayed on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds and the Statement of Net Assets for proprietary funds, respectively, as "cash and investments." Total non-fiduciary cash and investments are also reflected on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. The fiduciary fund's portion is found on the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities. Income from the investment of the pooled cash is allocated based on each fund's balance in the pool. In addition, cash is separately held by several funds.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

The Act requires the depositing of public funds only in a "qualified depository" or a "permitted depository". A "qualified depository" is a Utah depository institution, which complies with capital ratios and public deposit limits established by rule of the Council and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions for deposit of public funds. A "permitted depository" is an out-of-state financial institution that meets quality criteria established by rule of the Council. The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be recovered.

The County's deposits are insured up to \$250,000, per account by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Uninsured deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by State statute. At December 31, 2014, the bank balance of the County's deposits was \$3,080,003. Of this balance, \$500,000 was insured. The remaining balance, \$2,580,003 was uninsured.

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value or at cost where there is no material difference from fair value based upon quoted market prices as of December 31, 2014, with the difference between the purchase price and market price being recorded as interest income.

The Act also defines the types of securities allowed as appropriate investments for the County and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions are to be conducted through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with the issuer of the securities.

Allowable investments under the Act include:

- Negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted depositories.
- Repurchase agreements with qualified depositories or government security dealers certified by the director of the State Division of Securities as meeting quality criteria established by the State Money Management Council.

4. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Allowable investments under the Act include (Continued):

- Commercial paper, which has a remaining term of 270 days or less, which is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Service or Standard and Poor's.
- Bankers' acceptances, that are eligible for discount at a Federal reserve bank, and which have a remaining term of 270 days or less.
- Obligations of the United States Treasury, including bills, notes, and bonds.
- Obligations other than mortgage pools and other mortgage derivative products issued by or fully
 guaranteed as to principal and interest by the following agencies or instrumentalities of the
 United States in which a market is made by a primary reporting government securities dealer:
 Federal Farm Credit banks, Federal Home Loan banks, Federal National Mortgage Association,
 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Student Loan Marketing Association, Federal
 Agriculture Mortgage Corporation, and Tennessee Valley Authority.
- Corporate obligations maturing in two years or less, which are rated "A" or higher by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Service or Standard and Poor's.
- Shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund that comply with Rule 2a-7 of the Securities Exchange Commission.
- Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund.

The carrying amount and fair value of the County's investments at December 31, 2014 is as follows:

	Carrying	Carrying Investment Maturities (in years)						
	Amount and Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	1-5 6-10				
Investment Type Debt Securities:	- 119319							
Repurchase Agreements	\$ 6,861,879	\$ 6,861,879						
Other Investments:	\$ 6,861,879	\$ 6,861,879	\$	\$	\$			
Utah Public Treas. Invest. Fund	20,899,966							
Total investments	\$ 27,761,845							

4. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

The Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund ("the Pool") is a voluntary external Local Government Investment Pool managed by the Utah State Treasurer to improve investment efficiency and yield. These monies are invested in securities permitted by the Act and contain no withdrawal restrictions other than timely notice of intent to withdraw an amount greater than \$2,000,000. Investment activity of the State Treasurer in the management of the Pool is reviewed monthly by the Council and is audited by the Utah State Auditor. Monies invested in this fund are not insured and are subject to the same market risks as any similar investment in money market funds.

Government and agency securities consist of U.S. Treasury bonds, notes and bills, Federal Home notes and government mutual funds with underlying securities that are U.S. Treasury bonds, notes and bills.

Interest Rate Risk-Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The County's policy for managing interest rate risk is to comply with the Utah Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 270 days or less and to 365 days or less for fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County and Component Units follows the Utah Money Management Act as previously discussed as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk.

The County's rated debt investments as of December 31, 2014 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent nationally recognized statistical rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

		Carrying	
	Α	mount and	Quality
	F	air Value	Rating
Debt Securities			
Repurchase Agreements	\$	6,861,879	Not Rated

4. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Custodial Credit Risk-Investment

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the County will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County complies with the custody requirements of the Utah Money Management Act and Rules of the Money Management Council. All investment securities are required to be held by the public treasurer, in safekeeping by a bank or trust company, or in a book-entry-only record maintained by a securities depository, in the Federal Book Entry system or in the book-entry records of the issuer of the security in the name of the public entity. All investment securities are held in a qualified depository certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council or in the book entry records of the issuer of the security.

The County's investments at December 31, 2014 were held by the County or in the County's name by the County's custodial banks except for repurchase agreements with qualified depositories totaling \$6,861,879 where the underlying securities were uninsured and held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the County.

Concentration of Credit Risk-Investment

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5% and 10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the United States government and its agencies. The County complies with the concentration limits of Rule 17 of the Utah Money Management Act.

Total Reconciliation

Description	Primary Government	Component Units	Fiduciary Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,705,205 9,427,629	\$ 680,719 8,133,665	\$ 5,514,437
	\$ 28,132,834	\$ 8,814,384	\$ 5,514,437
Deposits Investments (includes PTIF and Sweep accts.)	\$ 370,989 27,761,845	\$ 865,311 7,949,073	\$ 2,173,913 3,340,524
	\$ 28,132,834	\$ 8,814,384	\$ 5,514,437

5. RETIREMENT PLAN - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Local Governmental - Cost Sharing

<u>Plan Description</u> – The County contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System and the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage, administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (the Systems). The Systems provides retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, death benefits, and refunds to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes established and amended by the State Legislature.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (the Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory and Non-Contributory Retirement Systems and Public Safety. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or by calling 1-800-753-7361.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statue and specified by the Board.

The County is required to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the respective systems, as follows:

		Paid by	Employer
	Employee	Employer	Contribution
Utah Retirement Systems	Paid	For Employee	Rates
January 2014 - June 2014			
Contributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1		6.00%	13.28%
Local Governmental Division Tier 2			15.11%
Noncontributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1			17.29%
July 2014 - December 2014			
Contributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1		6.00%	14.46%
Local Governmental Division Tier 2			14.94%
Noncontributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1			18,47%
Public Safety System:			
Other Division A Contributory Tier 2			23.71%
Other Division A Noncontributory Tie	er 1		35.71%

5. RETIREMENT PLAN - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)

The required contributions and amounts paid for the 2014 calendar year and the two previous calendar years are as follows for Carbon County:

System	Year Ended 12/31		ployee Paid ributions	Employer Paid For Employee Contributions		For Employee Employer		to	ary Subject Retirement ntributions
Contributory System:									
Local Governmental Division T	ier Land T	ier 2							
20 Car Go Verimientar 217 isloit 1	2014			\$	21,713	\$	97,536	\$	924,785
	2013			·	21,738		74,368		696,890
	2012				21,450		53,995		539,950
Noncontributory System:									
Local Governmental Division T	ier 1								
	2014						786,693		4,197,266
	2013						761,201		4,473,316
	2012						712,745		4,779,829
Contributory system:									
Public Safety Retirement System									
	2014						11,489		105,496
	2013						7,849		70,959
	2012						5,378		49,144
Noncontributory system:									
Public Safety Retirement System									
	2014						564,891		1,763,853
	2013						566,685		1,786,830
	2012						542,264		1,869,557
Defined Contribution System:									
457 Plan	2014	\$	53,712						
	2013		56,017						
	2012		56,749						
401(k) Plan	2014		132,174		69,507				
	2013		154,579		60,168				
	2012		147,666		42,123				

5. RETIREMENT PLAN - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)

GASB 68 will be implemented by the Utah Retirement System and Carbon County in the 2015 audit year. Based off the unaudited numbers provided by URS in their December 31, 2014 CAFR, Carbon County expects to record a net pension liability in 2015 of approximately \$3,825,429. The net pension liability amount is dependent on an assumed earnings rate. The Assumed earnings rates and Net pension Liability amounts provided for Carbon County in the Unaudited URS report were as follows: Net Pension Liability at a 6.5% assumed earnings rate would be \$9,510,887. Net pension liability at a 7.5% assumed earnings rate would be \$3,825,429. There would be a net pension asset at an 8.5% assumed earnings rate of \$866,213.

SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH

The Health Department is required to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the respective systems, as follows:

	Employee	Paid by Employer	Employer Contribution
Utah Retirement Systems	Paid	For Employee	Rates
January 2014 - June 2014 Contributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1	1.99%	4.01%	13.28%
Local Governmental Division Tier 2			15.11%
Noncontributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1			17.29%
July 2014 - December 2014 Contributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1	1.99%	4.01%	14.46%
Local Governmental Division Tier 2			14.94%
Noncontributory System:			
Local Governmental Division Tier 1			18.47%

5. RETIREMENT PLAN - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)

The required contributions and amounts paid for the 2014 calendar year and the two previous calendar years are al follows for Southeastern Utah District Health:

System	Year Ended 12/31	Employee Paid Contributions		Employer Paid For Employee Contributions		Employer Contributions		Salary Subject to Retirement Contributions	
Contributory System:									
Local Governmental Division T	ier 1 and T	ier 2							
	2014	\$	102	\$	205	\$	8,035	\$	924,589
	2013		623		1,263		14,070		146,905
	2012		1,578		3,801		11,519		125,429
Noncontributory System:									
Local Governmental Division T	ier 1								
	2014						211,358		1,145,543
	2013						201,633		1,166,954
	2012						178,295		1,288,078
Defined Contribution System:									
401(k) Plan	2014		46,960		25,557				
. ,	2013		33,771		25,588				
	2012		45,124		4,316				
Roth IRA Plan	2014		5,900						
	2013		4,400						

6. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County and certain of its officials are defendants in a variety of legal actions involving matters of contract, property, tort, taxation and civil rights. The resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material effect on the County's financial position and have not been provided for the accompanying financial statements.

7. PROPERTY TAXES

The County adopts, by June 22, the proposed tax rates as part of its budget for the current year, which began January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable on or before November 30.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes levied by the County and other taxing entities within the County (such as the school district). These tax collections are accounted for in the Treasurer's Tax Collection Trust. The Treasurer apportions and remits collected taxes to the Funds of the County and to other taxing entities periodically.

8. OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

Carbon County, the Primary Government, and its Component Units have many bank accounts with various banking institutions. Some of the bank account balances are substantially over \$250,000. By maintaining several accounts with the same bank with balances exceeding \$250,000, the County has amounts that exceed the FDIC insurance limitation. Consequently, there is a potential loss to the extent that amounts are not insured.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County pays an annual premium to ULGT (Utah Local Governments Trust) for its general insurance coverage.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for workers compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past two years.

10. MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILLS

Carbon County has a landfill that operates within the County. The County has filed with the State for operating permits for the landfill and has received a written approval.

Carbon County has obtained information necessary to determine the nature and source of landfill closure and post closure care requirements. An amount of liability for closure and post closure care costs, estimated total current cost of closure and post closure care remaining to be recognized, percentage of landfill capacity used to date and the nature of the estimates and the potential for changes due to inflation or deflation, technology, or applicable laws or regulations has been calculated by the County and the engineers. The County has set aside an amount of \$97,661 to be put into an account held by the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Pool.

11. RECONCILIATION OF INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following table provides a reconciliation of all interfund transfers:

Fund	Transfers In		 Transfers Out	
General			\$ 1,981,244	
Fairgrounds	\$	502,525		
RSVP		10,500		
Economic development		108,000		
Capital projects		140,000		
Council on aging		593,717		
Nutrition		626,502		
	\$	1,981,244	\$ 1,981,244	

12. <u>BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE</u>

Unfavorable budget variances were incurred in the following funds:

GENERAL FUND -	
General government -	
Justice Court	\$ 3,975
Clerk/Auditor	8,861
Micro filimg	60
Engineering	8,802
Public safety -	
Victims rights	1,938
Jail complex	20,503
Public health -	
Public and mental health	114,448
Parks, recreation and public property -	
Recreation - television	8,413
Other financing sources -	
Transfers out	172,786

13. <u>JOINT VENTURE</u>

The County is a member of a joint venture known as Four Corners Community Mental Health Center.

Under Utah State Code Sections 17A-3-600 and 17A-3-700, the State has given substance abuse and mental health authorities to counties to provide mental health and substance abuse services to persons living within their boundaries. To comply with Utah State Code, Carbon, Emery and Grand counties have joined together and created Four Corners Community Mental Health Center. The Center is the entity created by the counties to hold the mental health and substance abuse authorities and provide services required by the State of Utah. The Center has been organized as a non-profit corporation and the governing boards of three counties appointed the original board of directors. The Center contracts with the counties to provide mental health and substance abuse services to the citizens of the three-county area. As part of this contract, the counties provide funds to the Center by contracting for grants with the State of Utah and passing proceeds through to the Center, and by each county making additional local contributions. Because of these agreements, the three counties have an ongoing financial responsibility.

Four Corners Community Mental Health Center, was audited for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, by Wiggins & Company, Ogden, Utah.

14. FUND BALANCE RESERVATIONS/NET POSITION RESTRICTIONS

GENERAL FUND -

\$574,230 is the balance of Restaurant tax collected, to be used for the promotion of tourism and related activity within the county and surrounding area.

\$97,661 is reserved to cover the estimated costs of the landfill closure at some future date.

MUNICIPAL SERVICES FUND -

\$4,035,182 is reserved for Class "B" Road expenditures for the County.

\$2,565,630 is the balance of Municipal Services Fund and has been reserved for the purpose of meeting sinking fund and reserve requirements of bond covenants.

SEU DISTRICT HEALTH DEPARTMENT -

\$413,787 is the restricted fund balance of Southeastern Utah Health District and represents amounts that are legally restricted for specific purposes by external contracts.

BUILDING AUTHORITY -

\$1,001,691 is for debt service requirements, \$1,706,722 is for capital expenditures

The remaining reserved fund balances simply represents the balance of funds available for expenditures related to the purpose for which the fund was created.

15. FUND EQUITY

In February 2009, GASB issued Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2010. Fund balance classification changes apply only to governmental fund types; thus, only fund financial statements are affected.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when they cannot be spent because they are not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance-Fund balances are reported as restricted when they are constrained by externally imposed legal restrictions, or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance-Fund balances are reported as committed when the County Commission, the County's highest level of decision-making authority, formally designates the use of resources, by resolution, for a specific purpose. The same formal action must be taken to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources.

Assigned Fund Balance-Fund balances are reported as assigned when the County intends to use funds, which are neither restricted nor committed, for a specific purpose. Additionally, funds in special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds are by their nature assigned to the purpose of those respective funds.

Unassigned Fund Balance-Fund balances in the general fund are reported as unassigned when they are neither, restricted, committed nor assigned. They may be used for any governmental purpose. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a negative fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, it is the unwritten policy and practice of the County to consider restricted amounts to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the unwritten policy and practice of the County that committed amounts will be spent first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

The County has not adopted a formal policy regarding a minimum fund balance, but follows Utah State law which requires all County's to maintain a minimum general fund balance equal to 5% of total general fund revenues to be maintained and not budgeted.

16. MAJOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

During the current year (2014), the County began construction of a new County Building in a new location. The County has secured funding for the new building, which is comprised of a grant from the Community Impact Board (CIB) of \$6,000,900, two loans from the CIB for \$5,728,000 and \$5,745,000. The County is responsible to make a cash contribution of \$3,000.000, and in kind work of \$416,924. The estimated total cost of the project is \$20,890,824. The project was completed in 2015 and the County has secured all funding sources.

16. MAJOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECT (continued)

During the current year (2014), the County began construction of road improvements in an area called Nine Mile canyon. The County secured funding for the project, which comprised of a grant from the Community Impact Board (CIB) of \$9,750,000 and a loan from the CIB for \$6,500,000. The County was responsible to make a cash contribution of \$250,000, which has been performed. The estimated total cost of the project is \$16,500,000. The project is continuing and the County has secured all funding sources.

17. <u>USE OF ESTIMATES</u>

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County's Building Authority is involved in road construction projects located in an area called Nine Mile Canyon, which is located in the North Eastern part of the County. The Building Authority has entered into a loan from the Community Impact Board in the amount of \$6,500,000 with an interest rate of 1.5%, a grant from the Community Impact Board in the amount of \$9,750,000 and the County is required to contribute cash of \$250,000 for the purpose of road construction in the Nine Mile Canyon area. The total estimated cost incurred by the County is estimated to be \$16,500,000. The first payment on the loan is due October 1, 2015 and will conclude in 2029. Payments range from \$486,640 to \$488,215 each year.

19. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has not reported any deferred outflows in the current financial statements.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has not reported any deferred inflows of resources in the current financial statements.

20. UNEARNED REVENUE

As part of the funding for the new County Building and the Nine Mile Road project, the County issued bonds to the Community Impact Board (CIB) and received grant funds from the CIB. The County received a combined \$17,973,000 in loans and a combined \$15,750,900 in grants. The County recorded the bonds as liabilities and the grants as revenue. At December 31,2014, the County had not used all of the grant proceeds in these construction projects. The balance of the grants that have been received, but unused has been recorded as unearned revenue in the amount of \$6,786,746.

CARBON COUNTYRequired Supplementary Information

EXHIBIT 13	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund
EXHIBIT 14	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Southeastern Utah District Health Department
EXHIBIT 15	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Municipal Services Fund
EXHIBIT 16	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Municipal Building Authority

		BUDGET AMOUNTS					VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
		ORIGINAL		GINAL FINAL		ACTUAL MOUNTS	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
General property taxes - current year	\$	4,967,442	\$	4,967,442	\$	4,662,106	\$	(305,336)
General property taxes - assessing & collecting		929,201		929,201		887,595		(41,606)
Prior year taxes - delinquent		139,500		139,500		165,916		26,416
General sales and use taxes		900,000		900,000		974,802		74,802
Fees in lieu of taxes		650,000		650,000		794,670		144,670
Franchise taxes		10,000		10,000		18,219		8,219
Miscellaneous taxes		1,500		1,500		1,421		(79)
Total taxes	\$	7,597,643	_\$_	7,597,643	_\$_	7,504,729	\$	(92,914)
Licenses and Permits:								
Business licenses and permits	\$	42,000	\$	42,000	\$	45,308	\$	3,308
Non-business licenses and permits		4,000		4,000		5,920	-	1,920
Total licenses and permits	\$	46,000		46,000	_\$_	51,228	\$	5,228
Intergovernmental Revenues:								
Federal sources -								
Children's Justice	\$	364,995	\$	364,995	\$	310,790	\$	(54,205)
Victim's Rights		35,287		35,287		36,309		1,022
Forest Reserve						15,665		15,665
Miscellaneous						9,125		9,125
Total federal sources	\$	400,282		400,282	_\$_	371,889	\$	(28,393)
State sources -								
Payment in lieu of tax	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	131,114	\$	125,114
Jail reimbursements		15,000		15,000		22,423		7,423
EMS Grant		30,000		30,000		57,283		27,283
Mineral reserve funds		900,000		900,000		888,138		(11,862)
Miscellaneous			_			145,608		145,608
Total state sources	_\$_	951,000		951,000		1,244,566	\$	293,566
Total intergovernmental revenues	_\$_	1,351,282	\$	1,351,282	\$	1,616,455	\$	265,173

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	BUDGET A	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS		
Charges for Services:				(CHITT COLL IDEE)	
General government -					
Recorder fees	\$ 82,000	\$ 82,000	\$ 87,078	\$ 5,078	
Auditor fees	11,000	11,000	20,132	9,132	
Miscellaneous	900	900	8,545	7,645	
Total general government	\$ 93,900	\$ 93,900	\$ 115,755	\$ 21,855	
Public safety -					
Jail fees	\$ 10,000	\$ 28,000	\$ 18,889	\$ (9,111)	
Justice court surcharge	12,000	12,000	10,933	(1,067)	
Court costs and fees	50,000	50,000	67,139	17,139	
Total public safety	\$ 72,000	\$ 90,000	\$ 96,961	\$ 6,961	
Other charges for services -					
Parks and public property	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 34,522	\$ (478)	
Ambulance fees	1,050,000	1,050,000	946,767	(103,233)	
G.I.S. fees	500	500	714	214	
Total other charges for services	\$ 1,085,500	\$ 1,085,500	\$ 982,003	\$ (103,497)	
Total charges for services	\$ 1,251,400	\$ 1,269,400	\$ 1,194,719	\$ (74,681)	
Fines and Forfeitures:					
Fines	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 231,513	\$ (18,487)	
Total fines and forfeitures	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 231,513	\$ (18,487)	
Miscellaneous Revenues:					
Interest	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,774	\$ 774	
Rents and concessions	27,000	27,000	21,496	(5,504)	
Royalties and Mineral Leases	158,000	618,000	747,740	129,740	
Sale of fixed assets	10,000	50,000	51,420	1,420	
Airport fees and fuel sales	223,200	253,200	307,595	54,395	
Tippage fees - ECDC	50,000	50,000	69,254	19,254	
Sale of materials and supplies	15,000	15,000	17,316	2,316	
Contributions	1,209,053	1,209,053	21,980	(1,187,073)	
Miscellaneous	56,000	86,235	142,563	56,328	
Total miscellaneous revenues	\$ 1,783,253	\$ 2,343,488	\$ 1,415,138	\$ (928,350)	
Total Revenues	\$ 12,279,578	\$ 12,857,813	\$ 12,013,782	\$ (844,031)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		BUDGET AMOUNTS					VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
	O	RIGINAL	FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS		FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government:								
Commission	\$	435,740	\$	435,740	\$	389,698	\$	46,042
Justice court		277,560		280,060		284,035		(3,975)
District court		5,000		5,000		4,036		964
Public defender		260,000		260,000		250,669		9,331
Personel		221,425		221,425		195,502		25,923
Clerk/Auditor		330,100		330,100		338,961		(8,861)
Treasurer		160,850		160,850		158,351		2,499
Recorder		265,045		265,045		259,108		5,937
Attorney		845,300		881,300		836,999		44,301
Assessor		436,300		470,300		427,359		42,941
Non-Departmental		491,322		508,322		453,929		54,393
Data processing		490,050		581,850		414,400		167,450
Central purchasing		5,000		5,000				
Micro filming						60		(60)
Central mailing		28,000		28,000		21,810		6,190
Communications		98,200		35,800		18,217		17,583
Attorney - Childrens Justice		384,205		384,205		366,393		17,812
Building and grounds		138,200		153,200		140,820		12,380
Engineering		227,400		227,400		236,202		(8,802)
Safety		10,000		10,000		9,744		256
Elections		27,000		27,000		12,317		14,683
Graphical information service		308,100		308,100		294,498		13,602
Industrial park		90,200		93,200		93,059		141
Total general government		5,534,997	_\$_	5,671,897	_\$_	5,206,167	\$	460,730
Public Safety:								
Victims rights	\$	62,500	\$	62,500	\$	64,438	\$	(1,938)
Dispatch		343,800		343,800		332,005		11,795
Ambulance service		1,482,000		1,482,000		1,044,999		437,001
Jail complex		1,858,300		1,866,300		1,886,803		(20,503)
Total public safety	\$	3,746,600	\$	3,754,600	\$	3,328,245	\$	426,355

	BUDGET AMOUNTS						VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
		DRIGINAL	FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS		FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
Public Health:								
Indigent	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	2,400	\$	15,600
Public health		121,600		121,600		121,849		(249)
Mental health		232,500		232,500		346,699		(114,199)
Total public health	_\$_	372,100		372,100	_\$_	470,948	\$	(98,848)
Highways and Public Improvements:								
Landfill	\$	353,948	\$	353,948	\$	289,213	\$	64,735
Maintenance and abatement		506,600		506,600		469,025		37,575
Airport		395,300		395,300		369,691		25,609
Total highways and public improvements		1,255,848	\$	1,255,848	\$	1,127,929	\$	127,919
Parks, Recreation and Public Property:								
Recreation - Television	\$	33,200	\$	140,800	\$	149,213	\$	(8,413)
Library		100,000		100,000		99,484		516
Total parks, recreation and public property	\$	133,200		240,800	_\$_	248,697	\$	(7,897)
Conservation and Economic Development:								
Agriculture and extension services		60,100	\$	60,335	\$	55,187		5,148
Total conservation and economic development	_\$_	60,100		60,335	_\$_	55,187	\$	5,148
Contributions and Miscellaneous:								
Contributions to other governmental agencies	\$	152,000	\$	125,000	\$	124,663	\$	337
Rents		27,800		27,800		21,600		6,200
Miscellaneous	_	36,714		44,400		12,400		32,000
Total contributions and miscellaneous		216,514	\$	197,200	\$	158,663	\$	38,537
Total expenditures	_\$_	11,319,359	_\$_	11,552,780	\$	10,595,836	\$	951,944
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	960,219	\$	1,305,033	_\$_	1,417,946	\$	107,913

							VAR	IANCE WITH
	BUDGET AMOUNTS					FINA	AL BUDGET	
					ACTUAL AMOUNTS		FAVORABLE	
	ORIGINAL FINAL		FINAL	(UNF			AVORABLE)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	_\$_	(960,219)		(1,808,458)		(1,981,244)		(172,786)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_\$_	(960,219)	_\$_	(1,808,458)	_\$_	(1,981,244)	\$	(172,786)
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			\$	(503,425)	\$	(563,298)	\$	(59,873)
Fund balance - beginning of year	<u> </u>			503,425		4,968,725		4,465,300
Fund balance - end of year	\$	•••	\$		\$	4,405,427	\$	4,405,427

CARBON COUNTY SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH DEPARTMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	BUDGET /	AMOUNTS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNTS	(UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	f 2.072.027	¢ 2.022.220	Ф. 1.020.12 <i>(</i>	¢ (212.094)
Federal, State and Local funds	\$ 2,062,036	\$ 2,032,220	\$ 1,820,136	\$ (212,084)
Total Intergovernmental	\$ 2,062,036	\$ 2,032,220	\$ 1,820,136	\$ (212,084)
Charges for services				
Charges for services	\$ 924,555	\$ 924,555	\$ 759,946	\$ (164,609)
Total Charges for services	\$ 924,555	\$ 924,555	\$ 759,946	\$ (164,609)
Miscellaneous				
Miscellaneous			\$ 14,304	\$ 14,304
Investment earnings			1,005	1,005
Total miscellaneous	\$	\$	\$ 15,309	\$ 15,309
Total Revenues	\$ 2,986,591	\$ 2,956,775	\$ 2,595,391	\$ (361,384)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	e 2.097.501	¢ 2057.775	e 2.524.090	¢ 422.696
Public health	\$ 2,986,591	\$ 2,956,775	\$ 2,534,089	\$ 422,686
Total public health	\$ 2,986,591	\$ 2,956,775	\$ 2,534,089	\$ 422,686
Total expenditures	\$ 2,986,591	\$ 2,956,775	\$ 2,534,089	\$ 422,686
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures			\$ 61,302	\$ 61,302
Fund balance - beginning of year			627,985	627,985
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 689,287	\$ 689,287

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY MUNICIPAL SERVICES FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		BUDGET A	AMOL	JNTS			FINA	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET
		RIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL MOUNTS		VORABLE AVORABLE)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	1,187,261	\$	1,187,261	\$	1,312,294	\$	125,033
Licenses and permits		65,000		65,000		41,456		(23,544)
Intergovernmental		4,163,799		4,356,999		6,334,020		1,977,021
Charges for services		95,500		95,500		102,930		7,430
Contributions		1,000,000		1,000,000				
Interest Earnings		5,000		3,000		14,118		11,118
Miscellaneous		40,000		40,000		58,991		18,991
Total Revenues		6,556,560	_\$_	6,747,760	_\$	7,863,809	\$	2,116,049
EXPENDITURES:								
General government	\$	92,000	\$	92,000	\$	86,549	\$	5,451
Public safety		3,680,355		3,871,555		3,749,566		121,989
Highways and public improvements		2,784,205		2,784,205		2,563,213		220,992
Total expenditures	\$	6,556,560		6,747,760	\$	6,399,328	\$	348,432
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	_\$_	•••	\$	•••	\$	1,464,481	\$	2,464,481
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out								
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$		\$		_\$		\$	
Excess of revenue and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses					\$	1,464,481	\$	2,464,481
Fund balance - beginning of year						5,136,331		5,136,331
Fund balance - end of year	\$	•••		•••	\$	6,600,812	\$	7,600,812

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTY MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		BUDGET A	AMO	UNTS			RIANCE WITH AL BUDGET
		ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS	AVORABLE FAVORABLE)
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$	31,638,000	\$	31,682,000	\$	27,718,292	\$ (3,963,708)
Contributions		328,000		328,000		295,000	 (33,000)
Total Revenues	\$	31,966,000	_\$_	32,010,000	_\$_	28,013,292	\$ (3,996,708)
EXPENDITURES:							
Bond principal - payments	\$	891,000	\$	1,213,000	\$	1,213,000	
Bond interest and fiscal charges				116,000		115,753	\$ 247
Highways and public improvements		31,500,000		31,544,000		26,807,673	 4,736,327
Total expenditures	_\$_	32,391,000		32,873,000	_\$_	28,136,426	\$ 4,736,574
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures		(425,000)	_\$_	(863,000)	_\$_	(123,134)	\$ 739,866
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in							
Total other financing sources (uses)	_\$_	•••			_\$_		\$
Excess of revenue and other sources over							
(under) expenditures and other uses	\$	(425,000)	\$	(863,000)	\$	(123,134)	\$ 739,866
Fund balance - beginning of year		425,000		863,000		2,831,547	 1,968,547
Fund balance - end of year	_\$_		\$		\$	2,708,413	\$ 2,708,413

[&]quot;The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement."

CARBON COUNTYSupplementary Information

CARBON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

					SPEC	CIAL	REVENUE F	UNDS	.							PERMANENT FUND	
	CASTLE COUNTRY TRAVEL BUREAU	FAIR GROUNDS	CARBON LEISURE SERVICES		ERGENCY EPHONE		CARBON COUNTY RDA	C	ARBON OUNTY UTURE		R.S.V.P.		OUNCIL ON AGING	NU	JTRITION	TAX STABILITY	TOTAL ONMAJOR ERNMENTAL FUND
<u>ASSETS</u>																	
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted - cash and cash equivalents Receivables - other	\$ 585,161 22,870	\$ 500,374 4,674	\$ 163,191 400	\$	49,589 25,441	\$	532,113 24,746	\$	29,327	\$	29,386 8,000	\$	190,833	\$	126,103 21,653	\$ 2,384,888	\$ 2,206,077 2,384,888 113,872
				<u> </u>	75,030		556,859		29,327	_	37,386		196,921		147,756	\$ 2,384,888	
Total assets	\$ 608,031	\$ 505,048	\$ 163,591		73,030		330,839	<u> </u>	29,321		37,380		190,921		147,730	\$ 2,304,000	\$ 4,704,837
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																	
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 19,485 9,523	\$ 30,713 21,177	\$ 17,191 16,091	\$	9,078			\$	3,034 5,037	\$	4,035 3,324	\$	5,166 17,245	\$	16,829 29,370		\$ 105,531 101,767
Total liabilities	\$ 29,008	\$ 51,890	\$ 33,282	\$	9,078	\$		\$	8,071	\$	7,359	_\$	22,411	\$	46,199	\$	\$ 207,298
FUND BALANCES: Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue fund Permanent - tax stability	\$ 579,023	\$ 453,158	\$ 130,309	\$	65,952	\$	556,859	\$	21,256	\$	30,027	\$	174,510	\$	101,557	\$ 2,384,888	\$ 2,112,651 2,384,888
Total fund balances	\$ 579,023	\$ 453,158	\$ 130,309	\$	65,952	\$	556,859	\$	21,256	\$	30,027	\$	174,510	\$	101,557	\$ 2,384,888	\$ 4,497,539
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 608,031	\$ 505,048	\$ 163,591	\$	75,030	\$	556,859	\$	29,327	\$	37,386	\$	196,921	<u>\$</u>	147,756	\$ 2,384,888	\$ 4,704,837

CARBON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

				SP	ECIAL R	REVENUE FU	INDS				PERMANENT FUND		
	CASTLE COUNTRY TRAVEL BUREAU	FAIR GROUNDS	CARBON LEISURE SERVICES	EMERGENO TELEPHON	CY (CARBON COUNTY RDA	CARBON COUNTY FUTURE	R.S.V.P.	COUNCIL ON AGING	NUTRITION	TAX STABILITY		TOTAL NONMAJOR VERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES: Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Contributions Miscellaneous Interest income	\$ 246,142 226,844 5,107	\$ 278,620 82,926 10,281	\$ 398,848 165,812	\$ 169,19 	\$ 99	37,824		\$ 49,813	\$ 44,971 11,149 500	\$ 128,201 145,321	\$ 9,882	\$	246,142 1,165,121 574,407 10,781 5,107 9,917
Total revenues	\$ 478,093	\$ 371,827	\$ 564,660	\$ 169,23	4 5	37,824	<u>\$</u>	\$ 49,813	\$ 56,620	\$ 273,522	\$ 9,882	\$	2,011,475
EXPENDITURES: Public safety Parks, recreation and public property Public health Conservation and economic development	\$ 345,603	\$ 799,847	\$ 568,881	\$ 122,42	:5		\$ 110,109	\$ 62,247	\$ 477,042	\$ 849,408		\$	122,425 1,368,728 1,388,697 455,712
Total expenditures	\$ 345,603	\$ 799,847	\$ 568,881	\$ 122,42	5 \$	***	\$ 110,109	\$ 62,247	\$ 477,042	\$ 849,408	\$	\$	3,335,562
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 132,490	\$ (428,020)	\$ (4,221)	\$ 46,80	9 \$	37,824	\$ (110,109)	\$ (12,434)	\$ (420,422)	\$ (575,886)	\$ 9,882	\$	(1,324,087)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		\$ 502,525					\$ 108,000	\$ 10,500	\$ 593,717	\$ 626,502	-	<u>s</u>	1,841,244
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 502,525	<u> </u>	\$			\$ 108,000	\$ 10,500	\$ 593,717	\$ 626,502	\$	<u> </u>	1,841,244
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ 132,490	\$ 74,505	\$ (4,221)	\$ 46,80	9 \$	37,824	\$ (2,109)	\$ (1,934)	\$ 173,295	\$ 50,616	\$ 9,882	\$	517,157
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	446,533	378,653	134,530	19,14	3 \$	519,035	23,365	31,961	1,215	50,941	2,375,006		3,980,382
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 579,023	\$ 453,158	\$ 130,309	\$ 65,95	2 \$	556,859	\$ 21,256	\$ 30,027	\$ 174,510	\$ 101,557	\$ 2,384,888	\$	4,497,539

CARBON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	CA	GLY AND ARBON DUNTY	Đ	THEASTERN UTAH ISTRICT IEALTH	CC BE	UR CORNERS DMMUNITY CHAVIORAL HEALTH	AND	STRICT PRECINCT	ERK'S RUST	COLLECTION TRUST	FI	TOTAL ALL DUCIARY FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>												
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	21,272	\$	719,722	\$	1,229,516 445,759	\$	38,878 3,492	\$ 215	\$ 3,504,835	\$	5,514,438 449,251
Total assets	\$	21,272	\$	719,722	\$	1,675,275	\$	42,370	\$ 215	\$ 3,504,835	\$	5,963,689
<u>LIABILITIES</u>												
Accounts payable Precinct fees, bail and bonds payable Due to taxing units Miscellaneous reimbursements	\$	21,272	\$	120,409	\$	149,687	\$	26,348 16,022	\$ 215	\$ 3,504,835	\$	296,444 37,294 3,504,835 215
Due to other agencies				599,313		1,525,288			 			2,124,601
Total liabilities	\$	21,272	\$	719,722	\$	1,674,975	\$	42,370	\$ 215	\$ 3,504,835	\$	5,963,389

CARBON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CURRENT TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND TREASURER'S RELIEF $\underline{\text{DECEMBER 31, 2014}}$

						TREASURE	ER'S RI	ELIEF					ОТН	ER COLLECTI	ONS	
<u>TAX UNITS</u>	ADJUSTED TAXABLE VALUE	TAX RATE	TOTAL TAXES LEVIED	UNPAID TAXES	ABA	ATEMENTS_		OTHER USTMENTS	TOTAL RELIEF	NET TAXES COLLECTED	PERCENT	FEES IN LIEU	MISC	ELLANEOUS	PEN	INQUENCIES TAXES NALTY AND NTEREST
COUNTY FUNDS:																
General fund	\$ 1,953,950,044	0.002695	\$ 5,265,175	\$ 185,294	\$	44,525	\$	45,164	\$ 274,983	\$ 4,990,192	94.78%	\$ 343,755	\$	20,421	\$	249,600
Municipal services	1,324,263,938	0.000228	301,860	10,034		1,543		6,621	18,198	283,662	93.97%	20,740		1,579		12,382
Assessing and collecting	1,953,950,044	0.000013	42,812	1,434		211		5,226	6,871	35,941	83.95%	20,198		748		13,231
Local and collecting	1,953,950,044	0.000478	918,018	32,374		8,810		8,171	49,355	868,663	94.62%	44,104		2,946		28,447
Total County Funds			\$ 6,527,865	\$ 229,136	\$	55,089		65,182	\$ 349,407	\$ 6,178,458		\$ 428,797		25,694	\$	303,660
SCHOOL DISTRICT:																
Carbon Grouped budgets	1,953,950,044	0.005669	\$ 11,074,781	\$ 389,751	\$	93,697	\$	160,841	\$ 644,289	\$ 10,430,492	94.18%	\$ 722,410	\$	42,932	\$	462,631
Basic school tevy	1,953,950,044	0.003669	2,786,584	98,007	J	22,619	J	44,796	165,422	2,621,162	94.06%	196,231	•	10,939	J	128,304
Basic school levy	1,933,930,044	0.001419	2,780,384	98,007		22,019		44,790	103,422	2,021,102	74.0070	170,231		10,737		128,304
CITIES AND TOWNS:																
Price City	392,745,688	0.002036	\$ 800,538	\$ 24,421	\$	12,207	\$	10,876	\$ 47,504	\$ 753,034	94.07%	\$ 50,576	\$	11,684	\$	27,057
Helper City	75,837,712	0.003175	240,658	13,917		5,178		7,243	26,338	214,320	89.06%	17,570		6,935		18,198
East Carbon City	53,260,426	0.006778	358,413	26,900		6,600		5,642	39,142	319,271	89.08%	4,594		7,083		28,759
Sunnyside City	34,623,626	0.006778	239,758	6,216		1,124		987	8,327	231,431	96.53%	6,803		2,043		6,562
Wellington City	64,784,850	0.001785	116,121	5,457		1,667		2,428	9,552	106,569	91.77%	8,622		66		5,803
Scofield Town	8,433,741	0.000503	4,241	209		35		44	288	3,953	93.21%	57		73		266
Total Cities and Towns			\$ 1,759,729	\$ 77,120	\$	26,811	\$	27,220	\$ 131,151	\$ 1,628,578		\$ 88,222	\$	27,884	\$	86,645
OTHER DISTRICTS:																
Price River Water Improvement	1,121,973,757	0.000884	\$ 991,613	\$ 33,789	\$	3,186	\$	8,684	\$ 45,659	\$ 945,954	95.40%	\$ 111,046	\$	2,165	\$	31,706
Carbon Water Conservancy	1,953,950,044	0.000139	271,599	9,558		2,294		3,962	15,814	255,785	94.18%	17,769		1,055		11,463
Total Other Districts			\$ 1,263,212	\$ 43,347	\$	5,480	_\$	12,646	\$ 61,473	\$ 1,201,739		\$ 128,815	\$	3,220	\$	43,169
GRAND TOTAL			\$ 23,412,171	\$ 837,361	\$	203,696	_\$	310,685	\$ 1,351,742	\$ 22,060,429		\$ 1,564,475	\$	110,669	\$	1,024,409

		ENERAL EALTH	NIZATIONS ON VFC		WIC	MCH BLOCK		FLU
Revenues:								
State Reimbursement	\$	279,866	\$ 75,858	\$	431,460	\$ 114,108	\$	58,258
General Health		45,449	*		,	,		,
County		354,854						
School Nurses		ŕ						
Miscellaneous		1,005						
Occupancy allocation		2,356	178		3,081	291		193
Grants and other government resources	_		 			 		
Total Revenues	_\$_	683,530	\$ 76,036	_\$_	434,541	\$ 114,399	_\$_	58,451
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$	190,258	\$ 16,618	\$	268,121	\$ 22,751	\$	15,869
Fringe Benefits		136,379	8,017		129,142	10,892		7,636
Consultants		3,549	228		4,536	208		108
Contract - MD								
Contract - Travel								
Patient care		11,773				222		
Pharmacy		106	73,410			91		52,507
Supplies - Medical		2,484	1,118		976	5,486		1,393
Travel		18,226	321		8,093	2,932		270
Dues - Periodicals		3,775	235		3,658	338		566
Education - Training		11,459	42		861	512		11
Capital Purchases		52,492						
Utilities		4,155	360		5,917	472		284
Maintenance - Repairs		7,695	688		11,106	873		487
Insurance		4,438	169		5,144	296		484
Data Processing		3,299	960		3,355	336		1,589
Postage		1,655	93		1,609	151		63
Printing - Binding		2,115			5			
Supplies - Office		11,331	167		11,375	668		86
Laboratory		967						
Telephone		4,454	319		8,320	455		303
Other		7,735	109		1,849	233		121
Debt payment		22,336						
State match								
Rent		151	13		195	19		9
Advertising		1,825	25		420	45		45
Mini Grants		4,000	 			 		
Total Expenditures	\$	506,657	\$ 102,892		464,682	\$ 46,980	\$	81,831
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$	176,873	\$ (26,856)	\$	(30,141)	\$ 67,419	\$	(23,380)

	DBACCO VENTION	C	DOOR LEAN AIR	OISON NTROL	RCULOSIS IINATION	PERF	NIMUM ORMANCE STATISTICS		ENIOR EALTH
Revenues: State Reimbursement General Health County	\$ 163,502	\$	3,309	\$ 2,500	\$ 6,383	\$	76,598		2,748
School Nurses									
Miscellaneous									
Occupancy allocation	804		30	9	76		353		14
Grants and other government resources	 			 	 				
Total Revenues	 164,306	\$	3,339	\$ 2,509	\$ 6,459	\$	76,951	\$	2,762
Expenditures:									
Salaries	\$ 67,573	\$	2,523	\$ 880	\$ 7,045	\$	29,149	\$	1,051
Fringe Benefits	32,583		1,204	413	3,412		14,167		499
Consultants	891		30	10	84		372		5
Contract - MD									
Contract - Travel							864		
Patient Care									
Pharmacy									
Supplies - Medical									
Travel	4,807		109	133	139		44		11
Dues - Periodicals	906		31	5	90		325		5
Education - Training	163		11	2	12		71		2
Capital Purchases	7,295								
Utilities	1,539		54	16	160		667		21
Maintenance - Repairs	2,967		95 8	35 12	299 154		1,259 530		31 14
Insurance	1,312 907		8 31	10	183		388		7
Data Processing Postage	426		19	5	43		182		38
Printing - Binding	396		17	232	43		1,710		30
Supplies - Office	9,978		21	8	73		8,618		2,472
Laboratory	7,770		21	G	75		0,010		2,772
Telephone	2,347		51	16	134		603		22
Other	483		17	6	101		206		9
Debt payment				•					ĺ
State match									
Rent	54				5		24		
Advertising	19,934		3		8		52		67
Mini Grants	 5,067			 	 				
Total Expenditures	\$ 159,628	\$	4,207	\$ 1,783	\$ 11,942	\$	59,231	_\$	4,254
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$ 4,678	\$	(868)	\$ 726	\$ (5,483)	\$	17,720	\$	(1,492)

	IMMU	NIZATIONS		PANO		ENATAL CARE		D AND HIV	M	NVIRON- IENTAL ALTH CHS	TICELLO TUDY
Revenues:	Ф.	60.20 7	•	45.210	ď.	15 414	æ	4.057	¢.	12.500	
State Reimbursement	\$	69,297	\$	45,219	\$	15,414	\$	4,057	\$	12,500 102,505	
General Health County										102,303	
School Nurses											
Miscellaneous											
Occupancy allocation		872		264		168		59		1,460	\$ 24
Grants and other government resources		61,447									
Total Revenues	\$	131,616	\$	45,483	\$	15,582	\$	4,116	\$	116,465	\$ 24
Expenditures:											
Salaries	\$	74,998	\$	25,276	\$	14,575	\$	5,081	\$	123,679	\$ 1,119
Fringe Benefits		36,473		12,227		7,092		2,485		60,353	434
Consultants		984		345		214		41		1,475	4
Contract - MD											
Contract - Travel											
Patient Care						11,745					536
Pharmacy						106					
Supplies - Medical		735				955					
Travel		1,666		766		348		160		8,535	13
Dues - Periodicals		1,039		297		194		40		1,697	6
Education - Training		356		1,765		41		5		259	2
Capital Purchases				2,000		• • •				- 006	
Utilities		1,649		570		318		109		2,986	33
Maintenance - Repairs		4,020		1,041		598		188		5,369	41
Insurance		1,280		284		229		86		2,476	157
Data Processing		3,119 455		304 144		369 77		67 26		1,662 750	22 6
Postage		433		42		//		20		730	O
Printing - Binding		8,312		2,305		197		43		2,157	10
Supplies - Office Laboratory		8,312		2,303		197		43		2,137	10
Telephone		1,486		494		279		104		2,627	25
Other		515		180		98		30		829	6
Debt payment		3.3		100		70		30		02)	Ü
State match											
Rent		56		20		11		3		117	
Advertising		1,951		45		24		10		253	
Mini Grants		·····									
Total Expenditures	\$	139,098	\$	48,105	\$	37,470	\$	8,478	\$	215,231	\$ 2,414
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$	(7,482)	\$	(2,622)	\$	(21,888)	\$	(4,362)	\$	(98,766)	\$ (2,390)

Revenues:	TOBACCO BUYS			EPSDT/ CHEC	BACCO ONTROL		COUNTIES OOL NURSE	WBORN CARE
State Reimbursement General Health	\$	14,621	\$	28,374	\$ 46,656			\$ 24,686
County School Nurses						\$	108.705	
Miscellaneous		189				Ф	106,703	
Occupancy allocation		78		171	197		747	113
Grants and other government resources					 •			
Total Revenues	\$	14,888	\$	28,545	\$ 46,853	\$	109,452	\$ 24,799
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$	6,851	\$	13,915	\$ 17,765	\$	66,498	\$ 10,407
Fringe Benefits		3,184		6,793	8,080		32,681	5,053
Consultants		143		230	1,642		603	123
Contract - MD								
Contract - Travel								
Patient Care								
Pharmacy								
Supplies - Medical		3,800		3,479				
Travel		889		307	1,010		2,565	282
Dues - Periodicals		19		185	138		491	156
Education - Training		25		38	89		485	24
Capital Purchases					2,039			
Utilities		166		331	442		1,360	227
Maintenance - Repairs		258		622	814		2,451	458
Insurance		64		279	93		1,406	229
Data Processing		73		659	216		763	216
Postage		54		86	105		321	63
Printing - Binding					105		2	
Supplies - Office		91		181	4,831		504	1,507
Laboratory								
Telephone		107		288	377		2,020	198
Other		64		98	147		382	68
Debt payment								
State match								12,603
Rent		3		11	12		53	8
Advertising				22	7,741		101	18
Mini Grants					 			
Total Expenditures	\$	15,791	\$	27,524	\$ 45,646		112,686	\$ 31,640
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$	(903)	\$	1,021	\$ 1,207	\$	(3,234)	\$ (6,841)

Σavanuas"	PRENATAL DAGE 5	GHWAY AFETY	IMUNITY NSFORM	ASP	PR MRC	AS	PR HPP
Revenues:							
State Reimbursement	\$ 16,000		\$ 26,398	\$	5,963	\$	80,231
General Health		\$ 4,672					
County							
School Nurses							
Miscellaneous							
Occupancy allocation	100	26	135		18		363
Grants and other government resources	 	 	 . 				
Total Revenues	\$ 16,100	\$ 4,698	\$ 26,533	\$	5,981	\$	80,594
Expenditures:							
Salaries	\$ 8,340	\$ 1,450	\$ 9,826	\$	1,886	\$	31,017
Fringe Benefits	4,031	692	4,753		919		15,061
Consultants	66	14	77		9		499
Contract - MD							
Contract - Travel							
Patient Care							
Pharmacy							
Supplies - Medical							
Travel	160	1,502	287		241		6,024
Dues - Periodicals	39	12	186		10		389
Education - Training	9		3,102				3,247
Capital Purchases	2,903						4,995
Utilities	163	27	259		42		677
Maintenance - Repairs	295	50	406		73		1,346
Insurance	114		530				2
Data Processing	113	27	137		32		406
Postage	50	5	49		28		208
Printing - Binding							
Supplies - Office	69	1,050	1,396		2,540		12,011
Laboratory							
Telephone	166	36	208		49		2,027
Other	53	11	43		7		254
Debt payment							
State match							
Rent	7		11		2		21
Advertising	18	3	110		3		52
Mini Grants	 	 4,181	6,000				
Total Expenditures	\$ 16,596	\$ 9,060	\$ 27,380	\$	5,841	\$	78,236
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$ (496)	\$ (4,362)	\$ (847)	\$	140	\$	2,358

	CHEC YSICALS	AMILY ANNING	CASE AGEMENT	RONMENTAL ALTH DEQ	I	MUNITY BASED RVICES	 TOTAL
Revenues: State Reimbursement General Health County School Nurses	\$ 71,109	\$ 2,610	\$ 45,634	\$ 94,579 45,218	\$	39,294	\$ 1,758,689 296,387 354,854 108,705
Miscellaneous Occupancy allocation Grants and other government resources	 324	 171	 308	 839		293	1,194 14,115 61,447
Total Revenues	\$ 71,433	\$ 2,781	\$ 45,942	\$ 140,636	\$	39,587	\$ 2,595,391
Expenditures:							
Salaries	\$ 28,211	\$ 15,437	\$ 26,169	\$ 69,051	\$	23,493	\$ 1,196,882
Fringe Benefits	13,598	7,515	12,805	33,588		11,269	623,430
Consultants	355	193	339	981		192	18,550
Contract - MD							
Contract - Travel							
Patient Care		1,325					25,601
Pharmacy		2,636					128,856
Supplies - Medical							20,426
Travel	528	303	579	4,828		343	66,421
Dues - Periodicals	376	206	270	787		164	16,635
Education - Training	69	32	50	185		55	22,984
Capital Purchases							71,724
Utilities	620	345	627	1,549		504	26,649
Maintenance - Repairs	1,159	630	1,088	2,965		869	50,276
Insurance	580	274 245	475 329	996 936		697 318	22,812
Data Processing	363 170	245 126	160	936 443		128	21,441 7,738
Postage Printing - Binding	170	120	100	443		120	4,618
Supplies - Office	287	163	287	1,050		776	84,564
Laboratory	207	103	207	1,050		770	967
Telephone	548	297	533	1,408		472	30,773
Other	171	102	198	511		130	14,766
Debt payment			• • •				22,336
State match							12,603
Rent	21	12	25	50		20	933
Advertising	39	22	48	118		35	33,037
Mini Grants		 	 	 ···			 9,067
Total Expenditures	\$ 47,095	\$ 29,863	\$ 43,982	\$ 119,446	\$	39,465	\$ 2,534,089
Net Revenues/(Expenditures)	\$ 24,338	\$ (27,082)	\$ 1,960	\$ 21,190	\$	122	\$ 61,302

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> Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

> > Re: Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Controls over Compliance In Accordance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE

We have audited Carbon County's compliance with general and major state program compliance requirements described in the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide* for the year ended December 31, 2014. The general compliance requirements applicable to the County are identified as follows:

Government Records Access Mgt Act
Cash Management
Statement of Taxes Charged,
Collected and Disbursed
Assessing & Collecting of Property Taxes
Utah Retirement System Compliance
Fund Balance Limitation

Transient Room Tax
Nepotism
Open and Public Meetings Act
Budgetary Compliance
Justice Courts
Utah Public Finance Website
Conflicts of Interest

The County received the following major assistance programs from the State of Utah:

Mineral Revenue Sharing (Department of Transportation) CIB Grants (Department of Workforce Services) CIB Loans (Department of Workforce Services)

Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of Carbon County's management.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide*.

Auditor's Responsibility (Continued)

Those standards and the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the County and its major programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with general state compliance requirements and for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with these requirements.

Opinion on General State Compliance requirements and Each Major State Program

In our opinion, Carbon County complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the compliance requirements that are applicable to each of its major state programs for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide and which are described in our letter to management dated July 10, 2015 as items 2014-1, 2014-2, 2014-3 and 2014-4.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Managements of Carbon County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned function, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a time basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Carbon County's Response to Findings

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying letter to management. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report on internal control is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State Compliance Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated June 10, 2015, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State Compliance Audit Guide and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and others records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING
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Price, Utah

July 10, 2015

CARBON COUNTY/SOUTHEASTERN UTAH DISTRICT HEALTH DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE GRANTS, CONTRACTS, AND LOAN FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

AWARD

	CONTRACT #	YEAR OF		
GRANT/LOAN NAME	(IF APPLICABLE)	LAST AUDIT	EXP	ENDITURES
Department of Economic Development				
Marketing grant			<u>\$</u>	4,874
Subtotal - Department of Economic Development			\$	4,874
Department of Agriculture				
Liquor allotment			\$	28,925
Subtotal - Department of Agriculture			\$	28,925
Utah Department of Transportation				
Mineral lease revenue sharing			\$	868,057
B Road funds (none expended this year)				
Airport resurfacing project				49,143
Subtotal - Utah Department of Transportation			\$	917,200
Department of Health and Human Services				
Community based child abuse prevention			\$	105,947
Crisis respite care				118,411
Community health services				12,500
Children with special healthcare needs				39,294
Breast and cervical cancer				560
Utah indoor clear air				3,309
Physical act, nutrition and obesity				756
Search and rescue				13,476
CHEC				5,919
LHD environmental services				73,075
Early childhood case management				7,159
Consumer education and assistance				22,817
Tobacco prevention and control				176,879
Emergency medical services				66,253
Minimum performance grant				235,816
Subtotal - Department of Health and Human Services			\$	882,171
Commission on Criminal & Juvenille Justice				
CJC - Childrens justice center			\$	127,565
Subtotal - Commission on Criminal & Juvenille Justice			\$	127,565
Department of Workforce Services				
CIB - Nine mile canyon road improvement grant			\$	7,255,337
CIB - Nine mile canyon road improvement loan			Ψ	6,500,000
CIB - Courthouse building grant				1,813,903
CIB - Courthouse building loan				11,473,000
CIB - Animal shelter grant				10,264
Subtotal - Department of Community and Culture			\$	27,052,504
Z-partment of Community and Culture			4	21,032,304
TOTAL GRANT, CONTRACT, AND LOAN FUND EXPENDITUR	ES		\$	29,013,239
			<u> </u>	27,013,237

^{*}Indicates Major Programs Tested

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> Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

> > RE: Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carbon County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carbon County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 10, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Carbon County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned function, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist, that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County in a separate letter dated July 10, 2015.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

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Price, Utah

July 10, 2015

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> Board of County Commissioners Carbon County Price, Utah 84501

> > RE: Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Carbon County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2014. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Carbon County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Carbon County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Programs

In our opinion Carbon County complied, in all material respect, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Carbon County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carbon County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirements of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section, and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

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Price, Utah

July 10, 2015

CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of Carbon County.
- 2. There was no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses disclosed in internal control by the audit over the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Carbon County were disclosed by the audit.
- 4. There were no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over major programs disclosed by the audit.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Carbon County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. The audit of Carbon County's major programs disclosed no audit findings relating to major programs that the auditor is required to report.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

Program	CFDA#
WIC Administration and Nutrition/Food Vouchers	10.557
FAA Airport improvement projects	20.106
USDA/USFS - Seely fire burn	10.923
PH Emergency preparedness	93.069

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Carbon County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

None

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS-MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None

CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ <u>PROGRAM TITLE</u>	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER		GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JANUARY 1, 2014	OR	ECEIPTS REVENUE COGNIZED	URSEMENTS/ PENDITURES	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT DECEMBER 31, 2014
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE									
Direct Program:									
Forrest Reserve	10.670		N/A	\$ 15,665		\$	15,665	\$ 15,665	
USDA & USFS - Seely Fire Burn	10.923	*	N/A	900,017			900,017	900,017	
Pass Through State Department:									
WIC Administration and Nutrition (Note 2)	10.557	*	141274	443,393			317,151	317,151	
WIC Administration and Nutrition (Note 2)	10.557	*	152700149	446,172			114,310	114,310	
WIC Food Vouchers (Note 2)	10.557	*	C7-I	629,126			629,126	629,126	
WIF Food Vouchers (Note 2)	10.557	*	C7-I	195,807			195,807	195,807	
Pass Through Southeastern Utah Association of Government	its:								
USDA Cash in Lieu	10.550		N/A	91,049			45,524	 45,524	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				\$ 2,721,229	\$	\$	2,217,600	\$ 2,217,600	\$
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE									
Direct Program:									
Victims of Crime	16.575		13-VOCA-11	\$ 35,500		\$	16,922	\$ 16,922	
Victims of Crime	16.575		14-VOCA-11	38,734			19,386	19,386	
National Children's Alliance	16.758		6-PRICE-UT-SA13	12,355			12,355	 12,355	
Total U.S. Department of Justice				\$ 86,589	\$	\$	48,663	\$ 48,663	\$
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION									
Direct Program:									
FAA - Airport Resurfacing	20.106	*		\$ 6,048,879		\$	986,549	\$ 986,549	
Pass through State Department:				,,					
Highway Safety Project	20.600		14-0208	6,000			2,803	2,803	
Highway Safety Project	20.616		14-0208	4,000			1,869	1,869	
Hazmat Emergency Preparation - HLS	20.703		12-0208	3,200			3,200	 3,200	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				\$ 6,062,079	\$	\$	994,421	\$ 994,421	\$

^{*} Major Programs

CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	PROGI OR AW	VARD	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JANUARY 1, 2014	OR F	CEIPTS REVENUE OGNIZED	RSEMENTS/ NDITURES	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT DECEMBER 31, 2014
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	ON AGENCY								
Pass through State Department:									
Environmental Services - DEQ	66.468	132516/150026		8,252		\$	9,126	\$ 9,126	
Environmental Services - DEQ	66.605	132516/150026	2	4,755			12,378	 12,378	
Total U.S. Department of Environmental Protection Age	ncy		\$ 4	3,007	<u>s</u>	\$	21,504	\$ 21,504	<u> </u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE	CES								
Pass through State Department:									
TB Elimination	93,116	141772	\$	5,583		\$	5,583	\$ 5,583	
NACCHO	93.008	14-0455		3,500			3,500	3,500	
PH Emergency Preparedness	93.069 *	140630	27	1,640			152,371	152,371	
PH Emergency Preparedness	93.069 *	150348	28	5,190			165,687	165,687	
Wisewoman	93.094	142242	2	2,554			1,135	1,135	
Immunizations	93.268	141772	6	9,297			62,297	62,297	
Tobacco Prevention & Control Program	93.283	142231	4	4,112			20,661	20,661	
Bewise	93.283	140305	3	0,174			6,600	6,600	
CDC Cancer	93.283	140305	1	1,540			5,520	5,520	
Comprehensive Tobacco	93.283	140052	4	4,112			27,239	27,239	
CHEC	93.778	150620	2	3,612			10,965	10,965	
CHEC	93.778	140610	2	3,612			11,489	11,489	
Cons. Education & Assistance	93.778	150620	3	0,498			10,334	10,334	
Cons. Education & Assistance	93.778	140610	3	0,498			12,483	12,483	
Breast & Cervical Cancer	93.919	142242	1	1,540			3,956	3,956	
Sexually Transmitted Disease	93.977	131568		3,057			3,057	3,057	
Title XIX, Early Childhood	93.778	150620	5	5,912			10,742	10,742	
Title XIX, Early Childhood	93 778	140610		5,912			6,785	6,785	
Early Childhood Targeted Case	93.778	15-0620	5	5,912			10,742	10,742	
Physical Act, Nutrition and Obesity	93.991	140053		9,000			16,648	16,648	
MCH Ttitle V Block Grant VIPP MCH	93.994	140053		7,328			11,503	11,503	
VIPP INJ	93,991	140053		4,000			3,500	3,500	
VIPP	93,994	142229		7,328			14,995	14,995	
Healthcare Association Infection	93.521	131357		1,989			11,989	11,989	
Bioterrorism - MRC and ASPR Reg Prepardness	93.889	140630		1,015			40,639	40,639	
Medical Reserve Corp	93.889	140630		0,000			5,356	5,356	
Medical Reserve Corp	93,889	150348		5,000			607	607	
Healthcare Preparedness Program	93.889	150348		5,416			39,592	39,592	
HIV Prevention, Counseling and Testing	93.940	131568		1.000			1,000	1,000	
EPICC	93.945	142229		3,083			1,000	1,258	
EPICC	93.991	142229		9,302			23,907	23,907	
Pano/Epicc	93.991	140053		9,302 6,928			5,403	5,403	
гано/Ерісс	93.945	140033		0,740			3,403	3,403	

^{*} Major Programs

CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ <u>PROGRAM TITLE</u>	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JANUARY 1, 2014	OR R	CEIPTS EVENUE OGNIZED	DISBURSEMENTS/ EXPENDITURES		CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT DECEMBER 31, 2014
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE	CES								
Pass through State Department:									
VIPP INJ	93.994	142229	\$ 9,628		\$	3,809	\$	3,809	
VIPP	93,991	140053	17,971			13,894		13,894	
VIPP Mini Grant	93.994	142229	4,000			500		500	
MCH - Title V Block Grant	93,994	140166	109,513			43,850		43,850	
MCH - Title V Block Grant	93.994	152700014	87,610			43,805		43,805	
Prenatal to 5	93.994	140166	20,000			8,000		8,000	
Prenatal to 5	93.994	152700014	16,000			8,000		8,000	
Community Transformation	93.531	142229	9,750			9,750		9,750	
VIPP INJ	93.991	140053	9,628			7,221		7,221	
Pass Through Southeastern Utah Association of Government	nts								
Support Services	93.044	N/A	41,283			21,090		21,090	
Support Services	93.044	N/A	36,018			18,381		18,381	
Title III, Nutrition	93.045	N/A	70,936			35,468		35,468	
Title III, Nutrition	93.045	N/A	74,665			37,333		37,333	
Senior Health	93.043	AOG	3,556			2,231		2,231	
Senior Health	93.043	AOG	2,205			493		493	
Social Services Block Grant - XX	93.667	AOG	9,271			5,898		5,898	
Social Services Block Grant - XX	93,667	AOG	6,958			3,479		3,479	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 1,968,636	<u>s</u>	\$	970,745	\$	970,745	\$

^{*} Major Programs

CARBON COUNTY/SFUDHD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANT OR PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JANUARY 1, 2014	RECEIPTS OR REVENUE RECOGNIZED	DISBURSEMENTS/ EXPENDITURES	CASH/ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT DECEMBER 31, 2014
CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL SERVICE							
Direct Program:							
Retired Senior Volunteer Program	94.002	440-P062/20	\$ 41,813		\$ 41,813	\$ 41,813	
Pass through Association of Governments:							
Retired Senior Volunteer Program	94.002		5,500		5,500	5,500	
Total U.S. Department of Corporation for National Se	rvice		\$ 47,313	\$	\$ 47,313	\$ 47,313	\$
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Direct Program:							
Hazardous Material - Hazmat Recovery	97.042		\$ 40,000		\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	
Citizen Corp CCP	97.067		3,000		3,000	3,000	
Home Land Security - SHSP/CCP	97 067		392,676		148,357	148,357	
Total U.S. Departmnt of Homeland Security			\$ 435,676	<u> </u>	\$ 191,357	\$ 191,357	\$
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 11,364,529	\$	\$ 4,491,603	\$ 4,491,603	\$

^{*} Major Programs

CARBON COUNTY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of program activity of the County's federal award programs and does not necessarily present transactions that would be included in financial statements of the County presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as contemplated by generally accepted accounting principles.

2. FOOD INSTRUMENTS

Amounts shown on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as WIC food vouchers are not direct cash expenditures of Carbon County. The Southeastern Utah Health District operates the Women, Infant and Children program. As part of this program the Health District distributes food instruments provided by the State of Utah that can be redeemed at local stores for food items. The dollar amounts, reported on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are the fair market value of the food instruments.

3. MEDICAID CASE MANAGEMENT

Medicaid Case Management is reimbursed on a fee for service basis. Because of this type of payment, the revenue exceeds the expenses for this program. In order not to have an accrued revenue amount for these programs, additional expenses have been recorded.

CARBON COUNTY/SEUDHD SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Finding 2014-1 Reconciliation of Significant Accounts

Corrected in the current year. Corrected

Finding 2014-2 Expenditures in Excess of Budget

Corrected in the current year. Corrected

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
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Price, Utah 84501
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MEMBERS

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

UTAH ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CRAIG G. SMUIN, C.P.A. R. KIRT RICH, C.P.A. GREG MARSING, C.P.A. DOUGLAS RASMUSSEN, C.P.A.

> Board of County Commissioners - Carbon County/ Southeastern Utah District Health Department Price, Utah 84501

Ladies/Gentlemen:

The following comments and recommendations are a result of our review of the accounting procedures and internal controls in connection with our examination of the financial statements of Carbon County for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Since our review was made primarily to determine the scope of our auditing procedures and was not intended as a comprehensive study or evaluation of the systems and procedures, this memorandum should not be considered all inclusive.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss any items mentioned in this memorandum or any other accounting, or procedural questions.

CARBON COUNTY

2014-1 JAIL RECORDING – INMATE TRUST ACCOUNT AND COMMISSARY FUNDS

The jail is receiving and collecting funds for the inmates and is required to have internal controls that will safeguard these funds and keep adequate documentation to support the transactions performed. Excess funds are to be sent to the County on a regular basis. From our examination, the excess in the inmate account (commissary) is not being remitted regularly to the County.

We recommend the County review the processes at the Jail facility and implement internal controls that have been established at the County. We recommend a check list of processes that should be performed on a monthly basis by the jail, be generated and implemented by the Clerk/Auditor and approved by the County Commissioners.

Client Response

The County has had a change in staff managing the Sheriff's office and Jail which will facilitate the implementation of improved controls over the Inmate Trust and Commissary account.

CARBON COUNTY (continued)

2014-2 RECONCILIATION OF PAYROLL LIABILITIES TO PROPER FUNDS

The County should reconcile the payroll liabilities on a regular basis and ensure that the expenditures are recorded in the proper funds. During the audit, we proposed adjustments to several payroll liability accounts that were accumulating costs (the 03 account), but were not adjusted and moved to proper expense accounts in the different funds. Timely reviews and necessary adjustments will ensure the expenses are properly reported and financial statements will reflect more accurate balances.

We recommend the County review their processes for reviewing and reconciling the payroll liability accounts at the end of each month. Necessary adjustments need to be made timely to ensure accurate financial information is presented to the governing board.

Clients Response

The County will complete the conversion of payroll from their older platform, which will eliminate the need for manual corrections to the payroll liability accounts and improve timeliness of reconciliations..

2014-3 TIMELY RECONCILIATION OF CASH ACCOUNTS

The County has implemented procedures during the year that has improved the processes of recording due bills. Although the procedures have significantly improved the process, there was still transactions that needed to be recorded at year end to reflect proper balances. Bank account transactions have been recorded and most have been captured in the financial statements, but a full reconciliation of all bank accounts and the general ledger has not occurred each month.

We recommend the County review their cash reconciliation processes and implement procedures that will ensure a monthly review of all bank accounts and the subsequent matching to balances in the general ledger.

Clients Response

The County will continue to refine and improve timeliness of cash reconciliations.

2014-4 UTAH PUBLIC FINANCE WEBSITE

Utah Code section 63A-3-402 requires Counties to provide public financial information through the Utah Public Finance Website or their own website and provide a link to their website through the Utah Public Finance Website. The County has not posted 2014 financial information, including employee compensations summary, detail revenues and detail expenses.

We recommend the County prepare their financial information in a manner that will upload to the Utah Public Finance Website and perform the process within the time frame stipulated in the code section.

Clients Response

The County will post it's financial information to the Utah Public Finance Website once the information has been audited and the public has third party assurance that the information is free of material misstatements.

No Management letter for Southeastern Utah District Health Department

SUMMARY

We feel the accounting procedures and internal control items mentioned above are some areas where Carbon County and Southeastern Utah District Health Department can make changes so as to further improve their internal control structures to safeguard the assets, check the accuracy and reliability of accounting data and promote operating efficiency.

Sincerely,

SMUIN, RICH & MARSING

Suria, Post & Maring

Price, Utah

July 10, 2015